THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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THE EFFECT STATED.

WHAT IS THOUGHT OF THE SPEAKER'S WORK.

A Feeling That It Means the Abandonment of the East and an Effort to Elect a President by Votes Gained from the West—A Free Trade Campaign—Other Topics.

Special to The Constitution.

WASHINGTON, December 24.—Georgia was well cared for in the arrangement of the house committees. Mr. Hammond will be the leading man on the judiciary, though second to Tucker in the order it pleased Mr. Carlisle to make. Clements's handiwork in the committees of the last congress was rewarded by several important posts which placed him among the most active managers of legislation. Nobody will have a better chance than Turner at the head of the elections committee. Mr. Hardeman starts in with a committee. Buchanan's sound sense has given him several important places, while all the new men from Georgia are advantageously distributed. All talk here is of the ways and means committee. Its action must give this congress whatever character it has, and lay the lines for next year's great battle. Carlisle's best friends cannot deny that he has constituted this committee at variance with the conservative policy mapped in his inaugural speech. Look at the democrats on it. Blount is the most conservative man on the list, with the honor of the third place. One step more goes to Boss Morrison, whose hand really formed the committee. Frank Hurd glories in following the black flag against all tariff. Everybody knows Joe Blackburn. He will boast his unselfishness in going beyond free trade ideas. Herbert, next to Blount, is the most cautious man in the lot. The republicans claim the minority does not not fairly represent their ideas on the tariff. Kelley, known as the doctrinaire, is not the man the great manufacturing interests would choose as their champion. His influence is barely discounted by his extreme views. Russell wants free raw material to help his factories. Kasson leaped out of the party traces several times last season, during the tariff discussion. Hiscock, McKinley and Kelley are the only square protectionists on the committee. Criticism is justly made on Carlisle for putting McKinley on the committee at all. He comes here with a bogus title to a seat, and has no claim to such prominence from his [illegible]. The excuse is that the choice was between him and Keifer. The next most objectional point is the choice of Frank Hurd, who openly defied the Ohio platform, while Carlisle was making his speakership canvass on it and eulogizing its wisdom. The Ohio democrats favoring sensible conservatism are sore over Hurd's appointment. They would not put him among the campaign orators last fall, and say the state is gone when he looms as leader. The general sentiment as to the committee was expressed by Kelley today, who said he admired Carlisle's pluck, but [illegible]. It simply means the abandonment of New York and New Jersey, and the effort to get enough votes in the west to elect a president with a solid south. Morrison says it can be done but will go democratic next year. This is bosh.

F. H. R.

CONGRESSIONAL OPINION.

The Committees Supposed to be in the Direction of Free Trade—Springer's Disappointment.

WASHINGTON, December 24.—There is about the usual diversity in the views expressed by congressmen to-night with regard to the composition of the house committees, as announced by the speaker to-day. The general opinion, however, seems to be that the assignments to places have, as a rule, been made with fairness and justice, and with a view to efficient work. The general feeling, therefore, is one of satisfaction. Representative Willis, of Kentucky, whose relations with Carlisle are known to be intimate, says that in making up the committees the speaker paid most regard to the character and the experience of the men to be placed, and that there was no intention or desire to punish anybody for the part taken by him in the speakership contest. As a proof of the latter assertion Willis refers to the fact that Randall and a number of his prominent supporters have been given important chairmanships, and that all the members of the New York delegation occupy committee places of responsibility. The members of the ways and means committee generally declined today to express any opinion as to the policy which that committee would adopt or the work it would undertake to do. Morrison, its chairman, said in reply to questions upon this point that the make-up of the committee indicated what the policy would be. But he declined to go into details or to express himself more definitely on the subject. A prominent conservative democratic representative from New England said in reply to questions that he preferred to wait a little before talking much about the organization of the ways and means committee. He would say, however, that the composition of the committee was not in accordance with conservative ideas on the tariff question. Most of its members were not men of moderate views, and selection of such men was, he thought, at variance with the sentiments expressed by Carlisle in his speech accepting the office of speaker. Another eastern representative said that in his opinion the committee would be found strongly in favor of ultimate free trade, a majority of its members being in accord with its chairman, Morrison, on that question. How far it would be likely to go in carrying out its views was a question upon which speculation at present was useless. He thought that in view of the approaching presidential election the policy would forbid radical measures. A majority of the democratic members of the house seem to be contented with the places assigned them, but a few, among them, Springer, of Illinois, express land dissatisfaction. The latter, it is said, expected to be chairman of the committee on elections, the position which he occupied in the forty-sixth congress, but he was not even made a member of that committee, or given any other position which he regarded in keeping with his experience and long service as a member of the house. The reason it is said, why Springer was not given a place on the elections committee was that he was known to be unfriendly to Mr. Manning, of Mississippi, upon whose case that committee would have to pass judgment and make a report. Springer himself attributes his exclusion, as he regards it, from all important committees, to the hostility of Morrison.

THE O'DONNELL CASE.

The Documents Between the State Department and the London Legation Placed Before Congress.

WASHINGTON, December 24.—The president to-day transmitted to the house of representatives the report of the secretary of state, with voluminous correspondence, in response to the resolution the 14th instant, calling for the communications and papers on file in the state department relating to the trial, conviction and execution of the late Patrick O'Donnell. The correspondence covers a period from September 24 to December 15, 1883. Under the first mentioned date, Mr. Hoppin informs Secretary Frelinghuysen of the arrest of Patrick O'Donnell, and of his anxiety to have a solicitor appointed to undertake his defense. He further informs the secretary that in response to a communication from the deputy-governor of Millbank prison, he had stated that there was some doubt as to O'Donnell's identity. He had added that, supposing the prisoner's citizenship to be established, he did not believe it to be the duty of the United States government, under ordinary circumstances, to provide professional legal assistance for one of its citizens accused of crime in Great Britain, even if he were destitute of means, and there seemed to be nothing in this case to make it an exception. He had, therefore, declined to instruct some one to defend him, except under directions from the department of state. Mr. Hopping encloses in this communication a letter of the governor in charge of Millbank prison, and his reply thereto. Under date of October fifth, 1883 Secretary Frelinghuysen writes to Mr. Lowell, directing him to ascertain whether O'Donnell was a citizen of the United States, and if so to do [illegible] was necessary to secure his proper [illegible]. Enclosed in this communication is a [illegible] from Hon. John F. Finnerty, of Illinois, transmitting the resolutions adopted at a meeting in Chicago, urging upon the secretary of state the necessity for immediate action by the United States to vindicate the right of O'Donnell to a fair trial. The reply of Mr. Frelinghuysen to Mr. Finnerty, is also enclosed, and in it the secretary says: "It is not doubted that the accused will receive a fair trial according to the usual forms of law, which in England are substantially those in force in this country, and that any proper aid to that end, which it is within their power to furnish, will be given by the representatives of the United States in London. Such aid would be given as a matter of course, without specific instructions from this department, to any American citizen accused of crime in any foreign country where this government is represented." Under date of October 9th, 1883, Secretary Frelinghuysen encloses to Mr. Hoppin the request of Hon. John A. Logan and others that Wm. F. Hynes and Wm. W. O'Brien be authorized to appear in court in behalf of O'Donnell. He also incloses a reply thereto, stating that he understands that General Pryor and ex-Judge Fullerton, of New York, are to take part in the defense. Mr. Lowell being absent from London, Mr. Hoppin replies to the last communication, stating that he has come to the conclusion that the certificate of naturalization produced by O'Donnell was either granted to some other person bearing the not unusual name of Patriek O'Donnell, or that it was fraudulently obtained by the prisoner. It is possible, he says, that the state department may decide that the simple fact of the prisoner's possessing a certificate of naturalization in his own name is a sufficient proof of his citizenship, without regard to attendant facts. It seemed to him that O'Donnell's defense had been properly secured, and that it was not necessary for him to take any further steps in that direction. It was hardly necessary for him to show the immense inconvenience, if not the absolute impracticability, of providing, as a matter of course, professional assistance for destitute American citizens accused of crime in all parts of the united kingdom. Such action would throw upon the legation judicial duties which would materially interfere with its legitimate work, and would entail great expense upon the government. It does not seem to me that any serious argument is needed on this point, but I may refer to Mr. Adams, No. 1490 of the 7th of December, 1867 to Mr. Seward, in which special application to the department was judged to be necessary for permission to engage counsel to defend one S. Burke, whose claims to the protection were much clearer and stronger than of O'Donnell. Under date of October 23d, Mr. Hoppin informs Mr. Frelinghuysen, that he has made further inquiries concerning O'Donnell's alleged citizenship, and that while it is impossible for him to give an authoritative opinion upon the question, he can say that he was impressed with the apparent truth of O'Donnell's statement.

O'DONNELL'S CITIZENSHIP SETTLED.

The question of O'Donnell's citizenship is summed up in the following communication from the secretary of state to the president: "In response to your direction I have the honor to inform you that an investigation was made of the right of Patrick O'Donnell to claim citizenship in the United States, the result of which I have the honor to communicate to you herewith. The statements made in behalf of O'Donnell's right to claim American citizenship are conflicting. It is asserted that he is a citizen: First, by the naturalization of his father, Michael, while he the son Patrick was yet a minor; second, by reason of service in the United States army during the war, and third, by naturalization, as one who resided in the United States for three years next, prior to his coming of age, and continuously thereafter up to the term of his making application for citizenship. The claim to citizenship through his father's act rests on his own statement. No proof of the fact is found or furnished, and it is not confirmed by other members of the family that the father ever was naturalized. Had he been Patrick O'Donnell need not have appied for naturalization. As to the second point O'Donnell himself says that an injury to his arm prevented his enlistment in the army, but that he was employed as a teamster in 1864 on the United States government supply train in Colorado. It has not been thought necessary to verify this statement, for if true the fact would not give him a right to naturalization as one who had served in the army, and moreover the certificate is not granted on the ground of his having been a soldier. In support of the third allegation, he produces a certificate of his naturalization on November 6, 1876, by the probate court of Lawrence county, Ohio. Patrick O'Donnell has a certificate of naturalization. He may have obtained it by mistake of the court, or by his own mistake, or there may be a mistake in the statements he now makes, and yet be an absence of fraud, and as the certificate is prima facie evidence of citizenship, and as I do not see evidence that O'Donnell practiced fraud upon the court, the United States legation at London was invited to consider O'Donnell's citizenship established. Under date of December 11th, Mr. Frelinghuysen telegraphed Mr. Lowell of the action of the house of representatives as contained in the resolution of December 10th, repeated his instructions.

THE FUTILITY OF THE EFFORT.

On December 15th, Lowell telegraphed to Frelinghuysen acklowledging the receipt, on the 12th, of his telegram of the 11th, and stating that he immediately sent its substance to Lord Granville, who, on the 13th, acknowledged its reception and stated that it had been refered to the proper authorities; that on the date of his telegram, the 15th, Mr. Lowell received the final decision in the following words: "Sir: With reference to my letter of the 13th instant, I have now the honor to state to you, that the counsel of O'Donnell, having submitted such representations as he thought advisible on behalf of the prisoner, these representations and all other circumstances of the case have been carefully examined and considered in the manner usual in the case of capital convictions, and her majesty's government find no grounds upon which they would be justified in advising the crown to interfere with the sentence of the law or its executions." This was signed by Lord Granville.

CARLISLE'S COMMITTEES.

THE MEN WHO ARE TO CONTROL NATIONAL LEGISLATION.

An Active List of Committees—The Ways and Means Members of Revision Antecedents—The Chairmanships Given to Georgia—Adjournment for the Holidays—Notes.

WASHINGTON, December 24.—In session today, a petition was presented to the senate by Mr. Cockrell, of Missouri, from the merchants and manufacturers and business men of St. Louis, opposing a repeal of what is known as the vaporizing law of 1879, which permits vinegar makers to produce low wines for the purpose of making vinegar without payment of United States tax. After the transaction of some other morning business, the senate, at half past twelve, went into executive session, and shortly afterwards adjourned to Monday, [illegible] next at noon. When the house [illegible] there was but a small attendance of members. The speaker laid before the house a message from the president transmitting, in compliance with the house resolution of the 19th instant, the report of the secretary of state and the communication, documents and papers in his possession, relating to the trial, conviction and execution of the late Patrick O'Donnell. Laid on the table for future action. The speaker then announced the standing and select committees of the house.

THE COMMITTEES.

ELECTIONS—TURNER OF GEORGIA, Chairman.
Davis of Missouri, Converse of Ohio,
Cook of Iowa, Bennet of North Carolina
Lowery of Indiana, Elliott of Pennsylvania,
Robertson of Kentucky, J J Adams of New York,
Ranney of Massachusetts, Pettibone of Tennessee,
Miller of Pennsylvania, Valentine of Nebraska,
Hepburn of Iowa, Hart of Ohio,

WAYS AND MEANS—MORRISON OF ILLINOIS, Chairman.
Mills of Texas, Blount of Georgia,
Blackburn of Kentucky, Hewitt of New York,
Herbert of Alabama, Hurd of Ohio.
Jones of Arkansas, Kelley of Pennsylvania
Kasson of Iowa, McKinley of Ohio.
Hiscock of New York, Russell of Massachusetts,

APPROPRIATIONS—RANDALL OF PENNSYLVANIA, Chairman.
Forney of Alabama, Holman of Indiana,
Ellis of Louisiana, Townsend of Illinois,
Hancock of Texas, Follett of Ohio,
Hutchins of New York, Keifer of Ohio,
Burns of Missouri, Ryan of Kansas,
Cannon of Illinois, Horr of Michigan,
Calkins of Indiana, Washburn of Minnesota.

JUDICIARY—TUCKER OF VIRGINIA, Chairman.
Hammond of Georgia, Culberson of Texas,
Moulton of Illinois, Broadhead of Missouri,
Dorsheimer of N. Y., Collins of Massachusetts,
Seney of Ohio, Reed of Maine,
E B Taylor of Ohio, McCord of Iowa,
Browne of Indiana, Poland of Vermont.

BANKING AND CURRENCY—BUCKNER OF MISSOURI, Chairman.
Potter of New York, [illegible] of Louisiana,
Mills of Texas, Candler of Georgia,
Wilkins of Ohio, Yahle, of Michigan,
Dingley, of Maine, Brumm of Pennsylvania,
Adams of Illinois, Henderson of Iowa,
Hooper of Virginia.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES—BLAND OF MISSOURI, Chairman.
Hardy of New York, Nicnols, of Georgia,
Pusey of Iowa. Lanham of Texas,
Eully of California, Belford of Colorado,
[illegible] of Michigan, Chace of Rhode Island,
Everham of Penna, Luna of New Mexico,

COMMERCE—REAGAN OF TEXAS, Chairman.
Claridy of Missouri, Turner of Kentucky,
Dunn of Arkansas, Seymour of Connecticut,
Glascock of California Woodward of Wisconsin,
Boyle of Pennsylvania, Barksdale of Mississippi,
Oreil of Pennsylvania, Davis of Illinois,
Wadsworth of New York, Long of Massachusetts,
Stewart of Vermont, Peters of Kansas.

RIVERS AND HARBORS—WILLIS OF KENTUCKY, Chairman.
Blanchard of Louisiana, Jones of Alabama,
Gibson of West Virginia, Rankin of Wisconsin,
Breckenridge of Arkansas, Murphy of Iowa,
Sumner of California, Houseman of Michigan,
Henderson of Illinois, Bayne of Pennsylvania,
Robinson of Ohio, Chase of Rhode Island,
Stone of Maine, Burleigh of New York.

AGRICULTURAL—HUTCHINS OF MISSOURI, Chairman.
Aiken of South Carolina, Dibrell of Tennessee,
Williams of Alabama, Beach of New York,
Greene of North Car'lina, Winans of Michigan,
Weller of Iowa, Patten of Pennsylvania,
Cullen of Illinois, Wilson of Iowa,
White of Minnesota, Ochiltree of Texas,
Harvey of New Jersey, Stephenson of Wisconsin,
Raymond of Dakota.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS—CURTIN OF PENNSYLVANIA, Chairman.
Belmont of New York, Decatur of Wisconsin,
Clements of Georgia, Cox of North Carolina,
G D Wise of Virginia, Stewart of Texas,
Lamb of Indiana, Rye of Massachusetts,
Waite of Connecticut, Ketcham of New York,
Phelps of New Jersey, Hitt of Illinois.

MILITARY AFFAIRS—ROSECRANS, OF CALIFORNIA, Chairman.
Slocum of New York, Dibrell of Tennessee,
Morgan of Missouri, Walford of Kentucky,
Nichols of Georgia, Murray of Ohio,
Duncan of Pennsylvania, Steele of Indiana,
Bayne of Pennsylvania, Lyman of Massachusetts,
Laird of Nebraska, Cutchen of Michigan,
Maginnis of Montana.

NAVAL AFFAIRS—COX OF NEW YORK, Chairman.
Morse of Massachusetts, Talbott of Maryland,
Buchanan of Georgia, Eaton of Connecticut,
Ballentyne of Tennessee, McAdoo of New Jersey,
Harmen of Pennsylvania, Thomas of Illinois,
Goff of W. Virginia, Bontelle, of Maine.

PUBLIC LANDS—COBB, OF INDIANA, Chairman.
Scales of North Carolina, Oats of Alabama,
Shaw of Illinois, Lewis of Louisiana,
Herley of Colorado, Van Eaton of Mississippi,
Belford of Colorado, Strait of Minnesota,
Anderson of Kansas. Payson of Illinois,
Brents of Washington Territory.

INDIAN AFFAIRS—WELLBORN OF TEXAS, Chairman.
Graves of Missouri, Stevens of New York,
Peel of Arkansas, Pierce of Tennessee,
Finnerty of Illinois. Skinner of N. Carolina,
Smith of Pennsylvania, George of Oregon,
Perkins of Kansas, Nelson of Minnesota,
Murray of Arizona.

POSTOFFICE AND POST ROADS—MONEY OF MISSISSIPPI, Chairman.
Reese of Georgia, Ward of Indiana,
Cosgrove of Missouri, Riggs of Illinois,
Rogers of Arkansas, Taylor of Tennessee,
Jones of Texas, Paige of Ohio,
Bingham of Pennsylvania, Peelle of Indiana,
Skinner of New York, White of Kentucky,
Wakefield of Minnesota, McCormick of Ohio.

RAILWAYS AND CANALS — DAVIDSON OF FLORIDA, Chairman.
Hoblitzell of Maryland, Murphy of Iowa,
Paige of Ohio, Caldwell of Tennesse,
Turner of Kentucky, Wemple of New York,
Culbertson of Kentucky, James of New York,
Atkinson of Pennsylvania, Hatch of Michigan.

TERRITORIES—EVINS, OF SOUTH CAROLINA, Chairman.
Pryor of Alabama, Arnold of New York,
Hardeman of Georgia, Fanhan of Texas,
Alexander of Missouri, Carleton of Michigan,
Foran of Ohio, J D Taylor of Ohio,
Kellogg of Louisiana, Johnson of New York,
Strubble of Iowa, Lawrence of Pennsylvania
Post of Wyoming Territory.

MANUFACTURES—BAGLEY, OF NEW JERSEY, Chairman.
J D Wise of Virginia, Mitchell of Connecticut,
Caldwell of Tennessee, Crisp of Georgia,
Lewis of Louisiana, Brewer of New Jersey,
Ellwood of Illinois, Mackey of South Carolina,
Campbell of Pennsylvania.

MINES AND MINING—WARNER OF TENNESSEE, Chairman.
Cassiday of Nevada, Alexander of Missouri,
Skinner of N. Carolina, Miller of Texas,
Wood of Indiana, Stevens of New York,
Breitung of Michigan, Culbertson of Kentucky,
O'Hara of N. Carolina Singiser of Idaho.

LEVEES AND IMPROVEMENTS OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER—KING OF LOUISIANA Chairman.
Dunn of Arkansas, O'Neill of Illinois,
Post of Pennsylvania, Campbell of New York,
Jones of Wisconsin, Henley of California,
Thomas of Illinois, J S Wise of Virginia,
Howey of N. Jersey, Whiting of Massachusetts.

MILITIA—MULLER OF NEW YORK Chairman.
Covington of Maryland, McAdoo of New Jersey,
Peel of Arkansas, Boyle of Pennsylvania,
Ballentyne of Tenn., Strait of Minnesota,
Money of Ohio, Valentine of Nebraska,
Cutcheon of Michigan.

CLAIMS—McMILLAN OF PENNSYLVANIA, Chairman.
David of North Carolina, Tillman of S. C.
Warner of Ohio, Vanalstyne of New York,
Dockery of Missouri, Wood of Indiana,
Lord of Delaware, Snyder of New Mexico,
Ray of New Hampshire, Price of Wisconsin,
Ochiltree of Texas, Elwood of Illinois,
Brown of Pennsylvania, Ray of New York.

WAR CLAIMS—GEDDES OF OHIO, Chairman.
Jones of Wisconsin, Stone of Pennsylvania,
Tulley of California, Rogers of New York,
Weller of Iowa, Terrell of New Jersey,
Kellogg of Louisiana, Everhart of Pennsylvania,
Rowell of Illinois, Bowen of Virginia.

REVISION OF LAWS—OATES OF ALABAMA, Chairman.
McMillan of Tennessee, Hill of Ohio,
Clay of Kentucky, Ward of Indiana,
Hemphill of S. C., Brown of Pennsylvania,
Bayne of New York, Spooner of Rhode Island,
McComas of Maryland.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS—STOCKLAGER OF INDIANA, Chairman.
Young of Tennessee, Dibble of South Carolina.
Reese of Georgia, Hopkins of Pennsylvania,
Pusey of Iowa, Wemple of New York,
Worthington of Illinois, Brainard of Penn.,
H[illegible]on of Maryland, Kean of New Jersey,
Br[illegible]ng of Michigan, Mulliken of Maine.

PACIFIC RAILROADS—CASSIDAY OF NEVADA, Chairman.
Throckmorton of Texas, Cabell of Virginia,
Thompson of Kentucky Jordan of Ohio,
Crisp of Georgia, Post of Pennsylvania,
Wilson of Iowa, Millard of New York,
Dunham of Illinois, Hanback of Kansas.

PATENTS—VANCE OF NORTH CAROLINA, Chairman.
Singleton of Michigan, Mitchell of Connecticut,
Greenleaf of New York, Halzell of Kentucky,
Dargan of South Carolina, Winans of Wisconsin,
Hepburn of Iowa.

EDUCATION—AIKIN OF SOUTH CAROLINA, Chairman.
Converse of Ohio, Willis of Kentucky,
Budd of Colorado, Arnott of New York,
Duncan of Pennsylvania, Winans of Wisconsin,
Taylor of Ohio, Milliken of Maine,
Hatch of Michigan, Morrill of Kansas.

INVALID PENSIONS—METSON, OF INDIANA, Chairman.
LeFevre of Ohio, Fryan of Missouri,
Winans of Michigan, Budd of California,
Sumner of Wisconsin, Patton of Pennsylvania,
Lovering of Massachusetts Bagley of New York,
Ray of New Hampshire, Cullen of South Carolina,
Houck of Tennessee, J. S. Wise of Virginia,
Holmes of Iowa, Worrill of Kansas.

PENSIONS—HEWITT, OF ALABAMA, Chairman.
Tillman of S. C., Robinson of New York,
LeFevre of Ohio, Stockslager of Indiana,
Jones of Texas, Wolford of Kentucky,
Steele of Indiana, Laird of Nevada,
Strubble of Iowa, York of North Carolina.

PUBLIC HEALTH—BEACH OF NEW YORK, Chairman.
Graves of Missouri, Riggs of Illinois,
Candler of Georgia. Feidler of New Jersey,
Doves of Massachusetts, Evans of Pennsylvania,
Libbey of Virginia, Pettibone of Tennessee.

ENROLLED BILLS—NEECE OF ILLINOIS, Chairman.
Warner of Tennessee, Snyder of W. Virginia,
Yaple of Michigan, Peters of Kansas,
Holmes of Iowa,

LABOR—HOPKINS OF PENNSYLVANIA, Chairman.
O'Neill of Missouri, Foran of Ohio,
Lovering of Massachusetts, Mackey of S. Carolina,
James of New York, James of New York,
Haynes of New Hampshire.

PRIVATE LAND—MULDRO OF MASSACHUSETTS, Chairman.
Mutchler of Penn., Williams of Alabama,
[illegible]zell of Kentucky, Cosgrove of Missouri,
[illegible]redge of Michigan, Lowry of Indiana,
[illegible]son of Illinois, Parker of New York,
Mayo of Virginia, Weaver of Nebraska.

The following apointments were made for the select committees:

REFORM IN CIVIL SERVICE—MUTCHLER OF PENNSYLVANIA, Chairman.
Cox of New York, Clement of Georgia,
Hoblitzell of Maryland, Finnerty of Illinois,
Barksdale of Mississippi, Seymour of Connecticut,
Robertson of Kentucky, Bingham of Penn.,
Pelps of New Jersey, Milliard of New York,
Lyman of Massachuseets, Hill of Illinois.

ALCOHOLIC LIQUORS TRAFFIC—HILL OF OHIO Chairman.
Bland of Missouri, Kleiner of Indiana,
Carleton of Michigan, Evans of South Carolina,
Davis of Illinois, Guenther of Wisconsin,
Gaff of W. Virginia, Campbell of Penn.,

AMERICAN SHIP-BUILDING AND SHIP-OWNING—SLOCUM OF NEW YORK Chairman.
Denster of Wisconsin, Dibble of South Carolina,
Throckmorton of Texas, Hunt of Louisiana,
Findley of Maryland, Love of Delaware,
Dinley of Maine, O'Neill of Pennsylvania,
George of Oregon, Long of Massachusetts,

ON THE LAW RESPECTING THE ELECTION OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT—EATON OF CONNECTICUT. Chairman.
Springer of Illinois, Clay of Kentucky,
Jordan of Ohio, Pryor of Alabama,
Bennett of N. C., Kleiner of Indiana,
Findley of Maryland, Parker of New York,
White of Kentucky, Peters of Kansas,
Hart of Ohio, Wait of Conneticut.

ON THE PAYMENT OF PENSIONS, BOUNTIES AND BACK PAY.—WARNER OF OHIO, Chairman.
Connolly of Pa., Pearce of Tennessee,
Rogers of Arkansas, Greenleaf of New York,
Brewer of New York, York of North Carolina,
Whiting of Mass., Anderson of Kansas.

JOINT SELECT, PRINTING.—SCALES OF NORTH CAROLINA, Chairman.
Rogers of New York, Smith of Pennsylvauia,

LIBRARY—SINGLETON OF MISSISSIPPI, Chairman.
Woodward of Miss., Nutting of New York.

Mr. Barbour, of Virginia, is chairman of the committee on the District of Columbia. The following are the chairmen of the committee on expenditures in the departments: Messrs. Hardeman, Georgia, state department; Davis, of Missouri, of the treasury; Thompson, of Kentucky, of war; Morse, of Massacusetts, of the navy; Springer, of Illinois, the department of justice; Morgan, of Missouri, the post office; Young, of Tennessee, the interior; Belmont, of New York, public buildings. At the conclusion of the reading of the committee appointments the house at 12:45, on motion of Mr. Morrison, of Illinois, adjourned until Monday, January 7th, 1884.

Mr. Morrison, on the other hand, declares that he had nothing whatever to do with the assignment of the place to Springer. It is understood that Cox, of New York, is another of the dissatisfied ones, and that he had telegraphed his refusal to accept the chairmanship of the committee on naval affairs, to which he was assigned.

CHINESE CLAIM FOR CITIZENSHIP.

Judge Truax Decides that a Chinaman Cannot Become a Citizen.

NEW YORK, December 24.—Jose Passz, a Chinaman recently appeared in the superior court seeking to become an American citizen. He had already secured his first papers. Judge Truax refused to naturalize him until he had examined the law. After a careful review of the matter Judge Truax gave his decision to-day, saying the applicant obtained his first papers after the passage of the act of congress, February 8th, 1875, which amended section 2169 of the revised statutes, by inserting the words, "being a free white person," etc. It has been held that a native of China, of the Mongolian race, is not a white person. The Chinese immigration act of May, 1882, declares that no state court or court of the United States shall admit the Chinese to citizenship. He therefore denies the application for his admission to citizen ship.

A Dispatch From Hayti.

NEW YORK, December 24.—Steven Preston, Haytian minister to the United States, has received the following cablegram; "Port au Prince, December 19, via Jamaca 22.—Preston Haytian, minister New York, Miragone confirms Bozelu's death and asks to capitulate. [Signed.] Haytian Gov't.

A National Salute.

NEW YORK, December 24.—A national salute was fired to-day from Fort Columbus, Governor's island, celebrating the one hundredth anniversary of the day on which Washington resigned his commision as commander in chief of the army.

Bank Failures.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, December 22.—A special to the Times-Star from Alliance, Ohio, says: Lambern & Gray, bankers have failed. It is feared that other large interests will be embarrassed.

THE IRATE SULTAN.

HIS WRATH BREAKS FORTH MOST FURIOUSLY.

One of the Lights of the Harem Elopes with a Belgian Diplomat and Gives the Sultan's Heart a Fearful Twist—Insult to a French Lady—The French in Tonquin, Etc.

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 24.—The wildest excitement prevails in Constantinople tonight, and palace and diplomatic circles have sustained a shock unequaled since the tragic death of Sultan Abdul Aziz. The present monarch, who has been pictured as an uncommonly mild-mannered Turk, is beside himself with rage, and Stamboul trembles at the echoes of his anger. The cause of all this is simply a pretty widow. One year ago she was the young bride of Kiarzim Bey, who had been the first secretary of the palace, but was then out of office. He lived in a palace opposite Scutari, surrounded by every luxury, including a harem, of which the fair heroine of the present escapade, was the acknowledged queen. Kiarim died some months ago and his widow has since made the most of the comparative freedom which Mussulman practice has lately accorded to her condition.

During the summer she was frequently found at Buyukdere-Bebek, "the sweet waters," and the other romantic resorts in the vicinity of the capital, and was pronounced by many foreigners the loveliest woman in Europe, having worshippers by the score.

One, a handsome young attache of the Belgian embassy, who is said to bear the title of an ancient baron in Belgium, pressed his suit with determination and success, and soon won the widow's heart. But race and religion were apparently insuperable obstacles to their marriage.

THE FRANK AND THE MOSLEM ELOPE

The baron's ardor and woman's wit suggested an elopement, and Stamboul is now horrified by the unprecedented scandal of a wealthy and lovely "daughter of the true faith" levanting with a "dog of an infidel."

The lady fled with her lover to Paris, where she abjured the Moslem faith, embraced Catholicism and was duly married to her baron.

Abdul Hamid, however, could not be brought to believe that she had escaped from Constantinople, and police and palace guards have scoured the city in search of the fugitives.

OUTRAGE ON A FRENCH PHYSICIAN.

During the hunt the policemen arrested the handsome young wife of Dr. Henry, a French physician, and the palace authorities insisted that she was the culpril for whom they were looking. Dr. Henry was in terrible distress and appealed to the French ambassador, but it was not until strong diplomatic pressure had been brought to bear upon the sultan that the unfortunate lady was released. The commander of the faithful has now issued strict edicts that the law as laid down in the Koran regarding the seclusion and veiling of women shall be rigously enforced, and that all violations thereof shall be punished with the barbarous penalties enforced in the days of the prophet.

Moslem husbands all know that they may be made shorter by a head if they fail to enforce the sultan's decrees as well as that they cannot enforce them without a harem rebellion, compared with which a peaceful death might be a luxury.

FRENCH AFFAIRS.

TOULON, December 24.—The French transport Vinlong, with General Millot and staff on board, sailed to-day for Tonquin. She will take some troops aboard at Algiers. The transport European will sail for Tonquin tomorrow with reinforcements.

The government of French Cochin China reports that the council of the regency at Hue notified him that Hiephema abdicated the throne of annam, and a new king, fifteen years old, was crowned December 2d, under the name of Kienphua. The annamite minister of finance, who is hostile to the French, then became head of the council. The crisis lasted several hours, during which the gates of the citadel were closed and Hue was placed in a state of siege. When the gates were reopened the death of Hiephema was announced. The country was agitated and armed bands occupied the suburbs of Hue and threatened the French legation. M. Champeaux, French resident at Hue, has since reported a better situation of affairs. He advises that strong pressure be exercised on the council at Hue and he refuses to open relations with Kienphua until the latter is recognized by France.

Prince Napoleon has withdrawn from the candidacy for member of the chamber of deputies for Barbezieux.

The National denies the rumors of mediation between France and China, and says the prince is resolved to carry it out alone, as the honor of France may decide. The task has been undertaken in Tonquin, and will only consider task finished when Anam understands that it is impossible to evade the fulfillment of her treaty obligations. The Marquis Tseng, Chinese ambassador, left Paris today for London.

M. DeLesseps, in delivering a lecture yesterday, at Abbeville, department of the Somme, repeatedly declared that as long as he and his sons lived the Suez canal would remain under French control.

THE IRISH EXILES IN CANADA.

TORONTO, December 24.—The Irish citizens here held a meeting yesterday for the purpose of bringing before their countrymen and the public generally the present distressed condition of pauper immigrants in this city. Substantial aid was subscribed to alleviate their immeciate wants, and an influential committee was appointed to canvass for funds.

LONDON, December 24.—Mr. Tuke, chairman of the Tuke emigration committee, in a letter to the Times, quotes copious extracts from letters expressing the gratitude of the emigrants who have been assisted in their passage to America by the Tuke fund. Many instances are cited in which the emigrants are returning their passage money. Of 5,400 persons assisted to emigrate in 1883 by the Tuke committee one-third went to Canada and two-thirds to the United States. Tuke says from the emigrants themselves, from their employers, from inspectors and from American bishops and priests, we have accumulated evidence that they had enjoyed great happiness in helping to swell the ranks of the prosperous free and intelligent millions of the Irish race in America. The communication was written by Mr. Tuke in reply to recent adverse criticisms upon the work of the Tuke emigration committee.

THE CZAR'S SHOULDER.

ST. PETERSBURG, December 24.—The Official Bulletin announces that the accident to the czar, by being thrown from his sledge, occured on the 10th inst.; that the blow received in the fall injured the ligaments of his right shoulder. The czar suffers severely from pain, and passed a restless night. His shoulder is still inflamed but the pain is diminished. The physicians declare that absolute repose is necessary. It will be some time before the czar's health is completely restored.

BURNED TO DEATH.

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 24.—The Jewish school and synagogue in Gabota, a suburb of this city, were destroyed by fire this morning. Fifteen students were burned to death.

LONDON, December 24.—The Cairo correspondent of the Observer says the British government has explicitly informed the Egyptian government that it will not attempt to reconquer Soudan, nor will it permit Egypt to make the attempt. England, however, is willing that another power should do so at Egypt's request, providing the khedive incurs no expense in the undertaking. England is willing to send a fleet to Alexandria to assist in the defense of the strictly Egyptian territory, if the same is threatened by El Mahdi. The correspondent of Reuter's telegram company, at Cairo, denies that England is willing to despatch a fleet to Alexandria, or permit the sending of an expedition to Soudan by another power.

THE CREW PICKED UP.

CORK, December 24.—The bark Helen Finlayson, from New York November 20th, has arrived here. She rescued at sea from the raft Captain Bain and five men of the British ship Regina, which sailed from Philadelphia November 6, for London, and went to pieces in a gale December 4. The rescued men had been upon the raft five days, during which time they had neither food or water. Part of the crew that left the Regina in a boat has not been heard from.

THE PORTUGUESE EARTHQUAKE.

LISBON, December 24.—The first earthquake shock on Saturday occurredd at 1:30 a.m., but was not generally noticed. Stronger shock occurred at 3:30 a.m., and lasted twelve seconds, being accompanied by heavy rumblings, which awoke the entire population of the city, and caused a panic in the narrow streets. Some old buildings and a number of chimneys were damaged. At Setubal, eighteen miles southwest of Lisbon, the shock was so severe that many of the inhabitants rushed to the seashore.

A CHINESE WAR VESSEL.

KIEL Prussia, December 24.—The Chinese steel corvette, Ninthen Jewel, of the South, has been launched here. She carries ten Armstrong guns and a torpedo boat.

LOTTA FAILS OF SUCCESS IN LONDON.

LONDON, December 24.—Lotta appeared at the Opera Comique to-night in "Musette." Although the house was crowded, and the actress had many friends in the audience, the play was not to the public taste, and Lotta achieved only a partial success. An unruly gallery interfered greatly with the progress of the play, but Lotta pluckily played through to the end, and was frequently applauded for her vivacity of spirit.

HELD AS DESERTERS.

OTTAWA, Ont., December 24.—The government is considering the cases of Henry Watson, the Nova Scotian, and Franklin Snitzer, of Ontario, under arrest in Minnesota for desertion from the United States army. These men were, it is alleged, seized by the United States authorities when in Canadian territory, in the northwest, and conveyed from Canada to the United States by force.

AN IRISH COLONY FOR BUENOS AYRES.

BUENOS AYRES, via Galveston December 22.—Mr. Callan, an Irish member of British parliament, has arrived in this city. It is believed that the object of his visit is to negotiate for the introduction of Irish colonization into this country.

WAR ON THE SCLAVS.

The White People of the Coke Country Denounce the Immorality of the Hungarian Laborers.

PITTSBURG, December 24.—A dispatch from Scottdale, Pennsylvania, says a war against the Hungarians has been inaugurated, and last night the following circular was posted throughout the Coke country: "To the citizens of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania: One of the most degrading impositions upon the people of this commonwealth is the wholesale importation of Slavonians, rroneously known as Hungarians, into the Connellsville Coke regions, a pernicious custom which must end immediately and the serfs returned for the following reasons: These beings are crowding out our own miners and laborers, who are established, tried and good citizens, from their employment and their homes. They will not become naturalized citizens, but in a time will return to Hungary with all the cash they can save, thereby draining the district of many thousand dollars annually. They are extremely filthy in their habits, living on what American people could not eat. Their morals are the lowest of any Caucasian, being the lowest of any class of laborers that ever inhabited this country, living in a state of promiscuity, regardless of marital relations. They are unscrupulous in all their transactions. Their intelligence is the lowest in the scale of any class of people in this country to-day. Only about five per cent can read and write, being far below the average Chinaman. Much time and labor have been lost by all classes trying to elevate this people against their will, but all without avail. Their habits grow worse the longer they stay, until they can no longer be endured. Forbearance has ceased to be a virtue. People who are degrading American labor are an injury to our commerce, and a blot on the commonwealth, and will not be endured. American labor, as well as American manufactures, must be protected."

CRIME AND CASUALTY.

Two Men Terribly Mangled in an Explosion—A Child Burned to Death.

BRADFORD, December 24.—George D Westervelt, and W. W. McNorton, the former a prominent oil operator, were killed to-day by a boiler explosion at a mill near Allentown, New York. Westervelt's head was torn off, and his body was terribly mangled. McNorton was pierced through the chest by an iron pipe. An oil can exploded to-day in the house of Ames Wall, at Big Shanty, setting fire to the building. Mrs. Wall's six year old child was burned to death.

CINCINNATI, December 24.—A special to the Times-Star from Fort Wayne, Indiana, says the rear coach of the Grand Rapids and Indiana north bound passenger train was struck by a switch engine this morning. Eight persons were seriously hurt, Mrs. Judge Ellison among them. The accident was caused by the carelessness of the engineer of the switch engine.

MRS. O'DONNELL'S DREAM.

She Gets Off the Steamer Expecting to Hear News of Her Husband's Respite.

NEW YORK, December 24.—Among the passengers of the City of Berlin, which arrived to-day, was Mrs. O'Donnell, widow of the man who was hung for shooting Carey. After O'Donnell had been sentenced, his wife had an opportunity of seeing her doomed husband, and then embarked on the steamer for this country. On voyage Mrs. O'Donnell had a dream that her husband had been respited, and that she would again be able to see him alive. She was so much overjoyed by her dream that she told all her friends, and expressed a feeling of great happiness, which was, however, rudely dispelled on the vessel reaching the port, when she learned from the papers that he had been hanged.

The Snow is Falling.

BOSTON, December 24.—Extreme cold weather prevailed last night and this morning throughout New England. The thermometer ranging from 12 to 30 degrees below zero. It is now moderating and snow is falling.

Decorating the Prince.

LONDON, December 24.—A Rome dispatch to the Exchange telegraph company states that the pope intends to confer upon the crown prince of Germany the order of Christ of the first-class.

Redeeming the Nickel.

CITY OF MEXICO, December 24.—The president has ordered the establishment of offices through the republic for the redemption of the nickel in silver. Merchants receive the nickel freely.

GEORGIA GOSSIP.

SHORT TALKS WITH THE SCRIBES OF THE COUNTY PRESS.

Improvements in Albany—A Stabbing Affray in Walker County—Shot in the Foot—A Coronation Ball in Ty Ty—A Newspaper Suspended—Prospecting for Gold—Other News.

Warrenton now blows her own horn, having a first-class newspaper and a brass band.

There was a tournament festival and coronation ball at the church in Ty Ty last night, where music and dancing whiled the hours away.

Albany is now to have another brick fire proof warehouse. The material is on the ground.

Walker County Messenger: Last Saturday night, about three miles south of here, John Williams stabbed his brother William in such a frightful way it is thought the wounds will prove fatal. There were seventeen cuts on his body, made by a knife blade four inches long—some of the cuts being as deep as the length of the blade. After doing the cutting John made his escape. They were tipsy at the time of the affray.

Judge Locke, of the federal court sitting in Savannah, has rendered an important decision in the case of R. W. L. Raisin & Co., vs M. G. Stathan.

This was a suit brought by a fertilizer company to recover the value of a note given for guano supplied to a farmer. The defendant filed a special plea, alleging that the analysis of the guano had not been printed on the sacks on the tags attached thereto. The evidence introduced by the defendant went to show that after the guano was received by the planter there were no tags on the sacks and no evidence that an analysis had been printed on the sacks as required by law, but it appeared that the planter had signed the note after the guano had been used. The evidence introduced by the plaintiffs showed that they had always used due diligence in having their guano properly tagged and branded in ink reasonably idellible, with the analysis. On the trial before Judge Locke on November, 17, 1883, the judge charged the jury that if they believed from the evidence that the guano had not been properly branded with the analysis or tags, as required by law, at the time of its sale by the plaintiff to the defendant, they should find for the defendant, otherwise for the plaintiff. The jury rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiff. Judge Locke, on delivering his opinion yesterday overruling the motion for a new trial, stated that inasmuch as the question of fact had been submitted to an impartial jury and decided in favor of the plaintiffs, he did not see proper to set aside their verdict, as he thought it a reasonable presumption, from the facts in the case, that the guano had been properly branded at the time it was put upon the market by the plaintiffs, and that they were not required to follow each sack of guano to the fields of their customers to see that the tags had not been lost or the brands faded.

Albany is discussing the propriety of having a city weigher.

The Thomaston Times says, apparently with an air of pity: "Miss Ida Dix, of Thomaston, who married a man by the name of Eaves some time ago, is now residing in New York city with her husband, who turned out to be a government detective."

The Oconee Vidette, of Milledgeville, has suspended.

Berrien county News: Mr. W. H. Oliver was seriously shot in the foot a few days ago by the accidental discharge of a pistol in his pocket. The ball had not been extracted at last accounts.

Warrenton Clipper: On last Sunday morning Mr John Perdue, living about five miles in the country came to town and swore out a warrant against Jonas Hammet, colored, for assault and battery with intent to murder. Sheriff Shurley, accompanied by Marshal Raley, proceeded to the negro's house to arrest him. When they arrived they found the doors of the house closed. They had reason to believe that Hammet was in the house, and to cut off all means of escape Mr. Shurley took his position at the front door while Mr. Raley stood at a door on the rear side, Mr. Shurley then commanded Hammet to come out, but instead of obeying him he attempted to escape through the back door. Mr. Raley, who was stationed at this door, presented his pistol at Hammet and commanded him to halt. Hammet hesitated a moment and then leaped out in the yard and ran as fast as he could for about twenty yards, when he was fired upon by Mr. Raley. He stopped almost immediately after he was fired at, and on examination it was found that a ball had entered the small of his back and passed out on the opposite side. The prisoner was brought to town and placed under the care of a physician, and is now considered out of danger.

Savannah News: The office of the Southern Express company at Wadley, Ga., has been discontinued, owing to the robbery of the safe of Dr. H. S. Battie, the agent, of a money package containing $1,300. The money was received by the agent's clerk, who put it in the safe. An entrance was effected during the night by prying open a window. The clerk is not certain whether the safe was locked or not, but he thinks it was. Detectives have been at work on the case, but so far no one has been arrested.

Messrs A. Minis & Sons, of Savannah, cleared the British steamship Caduceus for Liverpool with 5,403 bales of upland cotton weighing 2,552,233 pounds, valued at 257,230.77, and 135 bales sea islands weighing 48,121 pounds, valued at $17,800; total valuation of cargo $275,030.77.

The street tax in Ty Ty is twelve dollars per annum. The streets must be very numerous or the people very scarce.

Banks county Georgian: We believe our public school teachers ought to be paid according to their qualifications. A farmer will pay a good hand more than a sorry one, a strong hand more than a weakly one; a good mechanic receives better wages than an apprentice, and a good teacher ought to be paid more than the colored dude, who scarcely knows the boundaries of the state in which he lives, moves and slings the ballot.

General Gordon, according to the Warrenton Clipper, is worth a million dollars.

Valdosta Times: The Times does not delight in certain phases of newspaper work of the day, but it can hardly escape reporting, in a general way, some recent occurrences in our town, leaving some of the more disgusting particulars to be circulated through other channels. At the early hour of four o'clock on Tuesday mornig last, a noisy group, consisting of three white men and one mulattress, more or less under the influence of liquor, were standing on the east sidewalk of Patterson street, just where it is intersected by the ally running between the store houses of Messss. Taylor & Mallette Brothers, and Messrs. J. B Martin & Brother. Angry words passed between two of the men, and threats being made, the woman, Kate Thompson, interposed in some way. Unexpectedly to the others concerned, it seems, Thatcher R. Smith, one of the quarrelling party drew a pistol and fired, shooting Kate in the right breast. She fell upon the sidewalk and there lay until she was picked up, in a helpless condition, an our afterwards. Acting night policeman Collins Barnett was sick) appeared upon the scene and sought to arrest Smith, but the policeman was defied—Smith being backed by a friend—so the policeman reports. At any rate Smith got off without arrest, but was seen about town that day. Smith's friends claim that the shooting was an accident. Smith had been compromised with this woman for several years, and the suspicion, if not the positive evidence of the existence of her other paramours, likely aroused the green-eyed monster in him. The woman was mortally shot, and may be dead ere this goes before the public. In this short story there is much food for reflection. The lesson to young men is apparent—needs no enlarging upon. But there are other thoughts that insinuate themselves in upon us. Can such highhanded offenses go on in our very midst without the restraining hand of the law coming in to sustain good order and good morals? Can such blood-letting carnivals defile our streets unrestrained? No arrest, no investigation, no effort, nothing being done; there is great fault somewhere. The community must place it where it belongs, if indeed it can. Since the above was written Kate Thompson has died. She departed hence on Wednesday afternoon. Smith has not been arrested and has likely fled the country. The coroner's jury found a verdict of wilful murder.

Warrenton Clipper: Jeff Towns, the colored mail rider on the star route between Warrenton and Gibson, was arrested on Thursday by Marshal Raley on three warrants issued by the town council. The warrants charged Towns with violating the ordinance prohibiting the delivery of intoxicating liquors within the corporate limits of the town. As it was necessary for Towns to return to Gibson with the mail, he was allowed to give bond for reappearance on the following day, when he was fined five dollars and cost on each of the warrants. The commissioners have been aware for some time that Towns was wilfully violating the town ordinance by delivering whisky within the limits of the town, and they are determined to break it up. Warrenton is a prohibition town, and her reputation as such shall be preserved. Several years ago the people, seeing the demoralizing and degrading effects of the whisky traffic, arose in their might and drove it from their midst. Now, if we are to have what might appropriately be called a traveling barroom on our streets almost every day the question is a pertinent one, why not let whisky be sold by dealers in the town and let the tax derived from its sale go into the town treasury?

Toccoa News: Mr. J. C. Howell's barrom just outside the corporate limits was burglarized last Sunday. A party passing the road saw a white man and boy get out of the window which had been forced open and notified Mr. Howell.

Experts have been prospecting Sawnee mountain for gold.

A case was tried recently in Jefferson county, Georgia, against a gentleman who invested his ward's money in confederate bonds. They sued him for it and the jury found for the wards to the amount of what the confederate bonds were worth at the time the investment was made.

Washington Gazette: The rumors as to who the man was who shot Mr. Lewis while he was crossing Little river one night last week have all come to nothing. The evidence that was thought to bear on the case has been investigated as far as possible all parties interested, and been found groundless. The matter is still a mystery and as far from being solved as ever. We hope the authorities will be untiring in their efforts to find out the would-be assassin, and if possible bring him to justiec.

GEORGIA IN NEW ORLEANS.

Suggestions as to What Part Georgia Should Play in the World's Industrial Fair.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION—I believe your valuable columns are always open to anything that will be of benefit to our state and the sunny south. Our World's Industrial Cotton Centennial exposition that is to be held at New Orleans in 1884-5, will be the grandest exhibition, in all probability, ever held in the United States. As you are doubtless aware, it is to be held jointly under the auspices of city of New Orleans. At the Cotton planters' convention recently held in Vicksburg, Miss., a vice-president was elected for each of the ten cotton the government of the United States, the Cotton planters' association of America and the states, and charged with the special duty of keeping the importance of this great World's exposition always before the people.

His excellency Governor McDaniel will no doubt soon appoint a commissioner and one alternate commissioner from this state in accordance with the act of congress chartering the "World's Industrial and Cotton Centennial" Exposition company. In the meantime the vice-president of the ten cotton states are doing what they can to urge our people to prepare now for the grand exhibition. Georgia must not be behind. Indeed, she cannot afford to be eclipsed by any one of our sister states. Georgia stands first and foremost among the southern states to-day so let her part in the exposition be in accordance with her standing. Please, Messrs. Editors, urge our farmers to begin now by planting everything our soil and climate will produce, and have the best samples ready to be sent to the exposition next fall. The state will will no doubt appropriate a proper sum of money to enable the commissioner to gether up such an exhibit as shall be in keeping with the honor and character of the state. We observe that South Carolina has already made an appropriation for the purpose. The ten cotton states are expected to get up the entire agricultural part of the exhibit, so you see the importance of putting every shoulder to the wheel and to start in time. Colonel S. R. Cockrill, senior vice president of Arkansas, suggests that the exhibition include twenty-five of the handsomest ladies from each cotton state, his argument being this: People north and in Europe think we live in a very sickly country. There is malaria in all cotton countries, but we have but little of any other disease and this exhibit of ladies from all our cotton states would disprove the idea that we have a sickly country and show how our people look. They are a part of the products of the country. Twenty-five select ladies from each cotton state making 250, would be an uncommon sight, and it would be very difficult for any country to surpass them in appearance. I second the suggestion of Colonel Cockrill. What do you say to it, Messrs. Editors? A large space will be assigned each of the ten cotton states in the exposition building, so please urge all our planters, and industrial enterprises to use every effort to make Georgia's department stand out in becoming style on that occasion.

Yours truly,
MARK W. JOHNSON,
Vice president Georgia.

Tracked by Detectives.

From the Savannah, Ga., News.

The dispatch in yesterday's News announcing the flight from Charlotte, North Carolina, on Thursday of H. S. Grayson, agent at that place for Chess, Carley & Co., of Louisville, and formerly a clerk in the Central railroad bank of this city, was read with surprise by many citizens of Savannah. Grayson left the employ of the banking company in September, and shortly after on the 22d of that month, left the city. He stated at that time that the reason for giving up his place was that he was unable to give certain bonds required by the company. From the dispatch it appears that he was tracked by the detectives with a requisition from Governor McDaniel calling for his arrest on the charge of having forged certificates of indebtedness on the Central Railroad and Banking company to the extent of about $2,000 and having become aware that detectives were after him he left Charlotte and succeeded in eluding their vigilance. Inquiry by a News reporter at the office of the banking company fails to discover any information in reference to the matter, further than a confirmation of the fact that Grayson did forge certificates of indebtedness, but only to the extent of $1,200, so far as is known at present. This was done on the 31st of August. The matter was placed in the hands of detectives, who are now working the case. Grayson was a well behaved, clever young man, and was much respected by his friends, who knew nothing of his irregularities until reading the dispatch yesterday.

Martin Gourds and Yankees.

From the Camilla, Ga., Clarion.

The bee martin is highly valued by farmers as a mortal enemy to hawks. Woe to the blue darters and huge hen-killers when attacked by those plucky policemen of the poultry yard. Whenever they are wanted all the farmer has to do is to elevate a little box with holes in the sides, on a high pole, and soon the martins will come and fill it. A cheap substitute for the box is a number of gourds with holes in them. Raise your box or gourds, and the martins will come. Now we notice that in our sunny south yankees are like martins. Wherever a good comfortable hotel is built there in winter they soon gather. In Florida or south Georgia if the right kind of a hotel is built it is soon filled to overflowing. People laughed at Tom Mitchell when he built his fine hotel in Thomasville. "Who will occupy it?" In a few years he had to enlarge it, and now Thomasville is going to have two such, besides a number of small ones. These northern people bring money. Many of them invest in real estate after they find out the country. Camilla needs a few of these yankee martin boxes. Let us have a large comfortable and attractive hotel before next winter. The artesian well and a good hotel we must have.

Spice of the Press.

From the Albany, Ga., News.

Chickens are so plentiful it would be a good time to have a "big meetin'."

From the Brunswick, Ga., Herald.

Look out for accidents from the toy pistol about this time.

From the Berrien, Ga., News.

The boy with a false face and tin horn is now on the rampage.

From the Quitman, Ga., Free Press.

The average Quitmanite is now full of prohibition, artesian wells and railroads. All these things are good in their places, but we don't intend to lose our religion over any of them.

From the Albany, Ga., News.

The temperances counties are doing the "jug act" largely at this season of the year.

Thanks for Good Things.

From the Bainbridge, Ga., Democrat.

Mr. Jno. E. Dickenson has our unqualified thanks for a nice lot of spare ribs and back bones—the first of the season for us. Thanks again.

From the Early County, Ga., News.

Mr. W. A. McDowell, our efficient street committeeman, was wearing a broad smile on Sunday morning last. We found that a fine baby boy had made its appearance at his house, and that was the cause of his serenity.

From the Chipley, Ga., Leader.

If you do not pay the editor, be sure to put up a stocking for him, and remember he has in the past given three men a black eye about telling him about good eggnog the day after it was made. A word to the wise is sufficient.

From the Carroll county, Ga. Times.

Rev. W. W. Roop desires to return thanks to some of the members of the Baptist church at Whitesburg for a large bucket of very fine sausage. Such presents from the members of a congregation to their pastor, next to punctual attendance on his ministrations, carry with them the most gratifying assurance of the appreciation in which he is held.

From the Sumter, Ga., Republican.

Within the past few days, the senior has been made to feel grateful for substantial kindness tendered to his family by special friends in the persons of Mrs. S. Montgomery and Mrs. A. C. Bell, to whom we doff our tile and remark, "yours, truly." It is useless to say that the writer and his family are in the midst of a "hog killing picnic," furnished us by those kind ladies, and less useless to say we are enjoying it. The local has been feasting for some days on the lot of good things, consisting of backbones, spareribs, sausage, etc, sent in by Mrs. Captain A. C. Bell. It is very pleasant, in these days when high priced salt deprives the poor editor of such luxuries, to be remembered by kind friends. May the happiness of the donor always equal her liberality.

GEORGIA BY WIRE.

THE NEWS OF THE STATE BRIEFLY CHRONICLED.

A Suicide at Bowman—A Brutal Murder in Echols County—Run Over by a Freight Train—Death of Colonel F. E. Burke, of Americus—The Weather Throughout the State.

Specials to The Constitution.

TRENTON, December 24.—Near here extensive beds of ochre, of different shades, have been discovered and preparations are being made to erect a large manufactory. A company has purchased the lands to put plenty of money into it, and will work for all it is worth.

Sharon, Georgia.

SHARON, December 24.—Mr. Oliver Flynt, living near this place, dropped dead in the road while on his way here. Mr. Flynt was well to the time of his death and was coming to town to attend to business. This makes the fourth sudden death in this vicinity in a short while.

Thomaston, Georgia.

THOMASTON, December 24.—Rev. R. E. Murrow news of whose serious illness was wired THE CONSTITUTION Saturday, died yesterday morning at two o'clock and was buried in the evening in the Thomaston cemetery. The funeral was preached at the Baptist church by the Rev Mr. Willingham of Barnesville, from the 15th chapter and the 54th verse, first Corinthians. "Death is swallowed up in victory."

Sandersville, Georgia.

SANDERSVILLE, December 24.—There is much "marrying and giving in marriage" in our county now. The young men think they can improve on the commandment "love thy neighbor, etc," by adding "his daughter also."

Judging from the present outlook, a very small minority of our population will look upon the wine when it is red this Christmas, and the few who do we hope will not "tarry long."

Athens, Georgia.

ATHENS, December 24.—The editor of the Banner-Watchman is receiving quite a number of pipes for Christmas presents. He is a smoker of the first water.

The Jewish synagogue will be dedicated on Friday.

The factories all shut down this week.

Some of the country churches supply spittoons for the ladies side. They use snuff.

A yankee book agent is dining with the negroes.

The infant son of Dr. W. A. Carlton is dead.

Palmetto, Georgia.

PALMETTO, December 24.—W. A. H. Thomas, (usually called Al Thomas,) was so badly mangled by a freight train on Saturday night that it would have been difficult to identify, had his name not been tattoed on his arm. Mr. Thomas was about sixty years old and leaves a wife and several small children by his second wife. He has a large family of grown children and grand children. Mr. Thomas was known by most people in this section, having lived hound here most of his life.

Decatur, Georgia.

DECATUR, December 24.—The Tennisonian Society of the girl's high school gave a select entertainment at the academy Friday night. The trustee, patrons and pupils of the school only were invited. The prize in calisthenics was awarded to Annie Billups and Birdie Steward. The pupils of Miss Dollie Anderson's school enjoyed a candy pulling at their school room Saturday. It was an exceedingly pleasant affair.

The young folks had a select hop at the William Hugh Hunter hotel last night, which was much enjoyed by all present.

Americus Georgia.

AMERICUS, December 24.—Colonel F. E. Burke, one of the most prominent gentlemen in the social and commercial circles of our city, died Saturday night. About three weeks ago Colonel Burke had an operation performed in New York upon a cancer and tumor. Erysipelas supervened, which was the immediate cause of his death. He leaves a wife and four children. He was insured for $27,000. The death of Colonel Burke is a serious loss—not only to Americus, but all southwestern Georgia—as he was the central figure in the projected Savannah and Pacific Short Line railroad, and was also the president of the Southern Land and Immigration company, a corporation but recently formed. He was about 45 years of age, and a consistent member of the Baptist church.

Augusta, Georgia.

AUGUSTA, December 24—Christmas festivities are in full blast. An ordinance prohibiting fireworks on the streets was suspended, and merchants were kept busy supplying the demands of boys. Extra precautions against fire have been taken. The weather is very warm.

Last night a young man, a stranger in Augusta, deliberately walked into the canal and was drowned. He was seen by some women who gave the alarm, but before he could be taken out he was dead. No one could identify the body. The name, Henry A. Stone, was written on a scrap of paper in one pocket. Whether he committed suicide or walked into the canal while drunk is not known.

Mrs. John Caskery died last night, aged over eighty years.

Buena Vista, Georgia.

BUENA VISTA, December 24.—The rain has come at last and farmers are beginning to plant grain. Hon. J. H. Lowe, of Stewart county, has moved to Buena Vista and will engage in the grocery business.

A railroad meeting was held here yesterday. Several of Schley county's prominent men were present. The object of the meeting was to take steps to push forward the work.

Local option prevails in our county, but supplies of the ardent are being brought in for the Christmas frolic.

Mr. Joe Dunham, of Atlanta, who has been visiting his brother, Mr. J. H. Dunham, of this place, with his adopted daughter, Ella, will return home in a few days. He came to Buena Vista for his health, but has not been benefited.

Bowman, Georgia.

BOWMAN, December 24.—The suicide on Friday morning, at five o'clock, of Possey May, was a determined effort. He was forty years of age. He committed the act by cutting his throat with a case knife. The family had risen and were sitting around the fire place when Possey, who had been drinking for several days came into the room acting very strangely. He seemed to be frightened and kept exclaiming "some one is trying to shoot me through the cracks of the house." He would dodge from one place in the room to another, seemingly in mortal terror of his supposed foe. Soon after he became more quiet and asked his father for his knife. The latter told him he had no business with a knife and would not let him have it. He then went to the sideboard and took out a caseknife, and ran it twice across his throat, inflicting a wound from which he died in a few minutes. His body was buried yesterday.

Valdosta, Georgia.

VALDOSTA, December 24.—News has just reached here of a most brutal murder committed in Echols county Thursday night. Mr. Frank Coleson was the unfortunate victim. He was in Valdosda all day on Thursday, and reached his home a little after dark. About one o'clock in the night Mr. Coleson was awaked by his wife, who reminded him that he had neglected to wind up the clock before retiring, as was his custom. He got up and went to the mantle where the clock stood, and while in the act of winding it, received his death wound. He was shot by some unknown person from the outside. The ball took effect just below the nipple, and caused instantaneous death. The perpetrator of this most bloody deed is unknown, there being no suspicion of who the guilty party is. The friends of the murdered man are giving the matter a thorough investigation.

Mr. W. B. Powell, the efficient and popular telegraph operator at this place was married on last Thursday morning to Miss M. B. Bernard, a charming young lady of Tallahassee, Florida. The happy couple reached Valdosta last night, and are stopping at the Howell house.

Rev. B. S. Sentell, the recent pastor of the Methodist church at this place, was united in marriage last night to Miss Bella Bessent, at the residence of the bride's mother in this city.

Rome, Georgia.

ROME, December 24.—Mr. Lynch, the guard, who shot the colored convict Saturday afternoon, today sued out a writ of habeas corpus, which was tried by Ordinary H. J. Johnson, and after hearing the evidence, Lynch was released on a one hundred dollar bond.

The unfortunate affair for which Lynch was held occurred on Saturday evening at the county convict camp about three miles from Rome. The chaingang has been at work for some time on the public roads. A superintendent and several guards supervise the work. It seems that about five o'clock Saturday Mr. John Lynch, one of the guards, ordered George McCrary, a colored convict, to cease work on the rock crusher where he was then working. Instead of complying George turned around to some of his fellow convicts, and exclaiming "Good-by," started on a run toward a steep bluff. His manacles were loose and he ran rapidly. On reaching the bluff Mr. Lynch called on him to halt which he repeated four or five times. The negro, however, continued his flight, and Mr. Lynch fired a load of buckshot at him. Three balls struck the negro in the face and penetrated through the brain to the base of the skull. Two took effect in the side and back. The wounds were fatal, and McCrary died in a short time. The manner in which the balls took effect would lead to the theory that when the firing took place the negro had turned partially around to look back.

Yesterday a coroner's jury was summoned and an inquest held. It was stated by some of the witnesses that McCrary could not have climbed the steep bluff without being captured; especially with the aid of the hounds which are kept at the camp for that purpose. Other witnesses, however, took a different view, and thought the negro could have escaped. It appeared that he had loosened his manacles several days ago, and was probably awaiting his opportunity. All of the witnesses were chaingang hands. It is thought by some that there was a general plot among the convicts to make an escape. After hearing the evidence, the jury returned a verdict that the deceased had come to his death as above detailed, and found Mr. Lynch guilty of manslaughter. In accordance with this verdict, Mr. Lynch was lodged in jail. George McCrary, the deceased negro, was convicted at the September term of Floyd superior court, of cruelty to animals, and was sentenced to twelve months in the chaingang. He was serving out this sentence at the time of his death. Mr. Lynch is a young man of good character and has many friends, who regret the unfortunate occurrence. He was appointed a guard last November. This is the second tragedy that has occurred in the chaingang this year. The other took place last March, when one of the convicts, Tobe Ware, was killed by a fellow convict, Enoch Freeman, who is now under sentence of death.

To-night Captain Dwinell tendered the employes of the Courier office a bountiful supper. After the repast, J. D. Ponder, local editor, in a neat speech, presented Captain Dwinell with an elegant ink stand in behalf of the employes.

The police and justice courts were rather lively to-day. Drunk, disorderly and pugilistic, were the main sources of complaint.

J. H. Dowdle was to-day appointed bailiff of the Rome district.

Mr. C. F. Predmore, Prescott, Ont., Canada, writes that he used St. Jacobs Oil, the magical pain-destroyer, upon a valuable horse that had wrenched his shoulder. In a short time he was completely cured, making his mile inside of 2.27.

There are 5,000 ballet girls in London. The number of old duffers who occupy front seats is not mentioned.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate.
Beware of Imitations.

Imitations and counterfeits have again appeared. Be sure that the word "HORSFORD'S" is on the wrapper. None genuine without it.

There are over 200,000 horses and 100,000 vehicles of all kinds licensed in New York city.

Burnett's Toilet Articles.

The leading toilet articles of Joseph Burnett & Co., of Boston, comprise Burnett's cologne and flormel for the handkerchief; cocoaine for the hair; kalliston for the skin; and oriental tooth wash. These have become very popular and are used by the principal artists of the drama and opera. Patti and Neilson both testify over their autographs that they have adopted the use of these elegant preparations; and they especially recommend the cocoaine and cologne. Burnett & Co., are also the makers of the purest and most delicious flavoring extracts for the cuisine.

Minnesota's butter product for 1883 will nearly reach 18,000,000, worth $5,300,000.

There is a final resurrection for all, but an earlier one awaits the mortal who dies rich, great or fat.

Coughs and Hoarseness.—The irritation which induces coughing immediately relieved by use of "Brown's Bronchial Troches." Sold only in boxes.

A new and popular play in Paris, being translated and condensed, means "The Kingdoms Must Go."

Eminent Medical Testimony.

19 EAST 32D STREET,
NEW YORK, March 15th, 1883.

I have used ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS, in my practice with remarkable success, and found them peculiarly efficacious when applied to the back for Weak Spine and Nervous Exhaustion; they afford almost instant relief in Coughs, Colds and Liver Complaint. I cordially recommend them as the best and safest Plaster ever made, and would caution the public against the numerous other so-called Porous Plasters that are sought to be palmed off on a credulous public; they are worthless and oftentimes dangerous.

ROBERT S. NEWTON, M. D., L. R. C. S.

Late Chef de Clinique Hospital for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, Medical Officer to the London Hospital, Clinical Assistant Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, Assistant to the Hospital for Diseases of the Skin, London. Consulting Physician and Surgeon.

When you want the most carefully prepared and best Plaster made, ask your Druggist for ALLCOCK'S Porous Plaster.

The detectives in New Jersey and Connecticut are distinguishing themselves by discovering nothing.

For seven years Allen's Brain Food has stood the strongest tests as to its merits in curing nervousness, nervous debility and restoring lost powers to the weakened generative system, and, in no instance, has it ever failed; test it. $1: 6 for $5. At druggists, or by mail from J. H. Allen, 315 First Avenue, New York City.

It is said that ex-Senator Conkling has an income now of $100,000 a year by his law practice.

Turkish authorities are making a raid on high heels and thin veils. Of course, this is a "she raid."

Piles.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, uneasiness of the stomach, etc. A moisture, like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, particularly at night after getting warm in bed, is a very common attendant. Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the Tumors, allaying the intense itching, and effecting a permanent cure where all other remedies have failed. Do not delay until the drain on the system produces permanent disability, but try it and be cured. Price, 50 cents. Sold by Moran & Co., No. 11 Peachtree street, opposite National Hotel, Sharp Bros. and Dr. A. J. Pinson.

The private claims filed in the senate are large enough to blot the surplus in the treasury.

A NEW MEDICINE.
A Sure Cure Found at Last for Consumption.

Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup. The Great Lung Healer. A single dose relieves the most obstinate Cough or Cold a 50 cent bottle will cure it. It acts quickly, cures permanently, and if used as directed is perfectly harmless to the most delicate child. Sold by Moran & Co. and A. J. Pinson.

There is a Jewish penman in Vienna who writes one 400 Hebrew letters on one grain of wheat.

Don't Die in the House.

'Rough on Rats." Clears out rats, mice, roaches, bed bugs, flies, ants, moles, chipmunks, gophers, 15c.

Very few women are employed upon London newspapers, either as writers or compositors.

Lundborg's Perfume, Edonia.
Lundborg's Perfume, Marechal Niel Rose
Lundborg's Perfume, Alpine Voilet.
Lundborg's Perfume, Lily of the Valley

"In 1888 Kansas City will be in a position to put in a bid for the national conventions," hopefully remarks a local paper.

Dr. Fuller's Pocket Injection with syringe combined, cures stinging irritation, inflammation and urinary complaints. $1. Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, and all druggists.

Dr. Fuller's Youthful Vigor Pills cure nervous debility, impotence and nocturnal emissions. $2. By mail. Depot 429 Canal street, New York.

The Mormon church divides its territory into "stakes," and the Mormon women are kept tied to these stakes.

DANDRUFF
Is Removed by the Use of Cocoaine,
And it stimulates and promotes the growth of the hair.
Burnett's Flavoring Extracts are the best.

A TRIUMPH OF SKILL.

Dr. Price's SPECIAL



FLAVORING EXTRACTS

Prepared from Select Fruits that yield the finest Flavors. Have been used for years. Become The Standard Flavoring Extracts. None of Greater Strength. None of such Perfect Purity. Always certain to impart to Cakes, Puddings, Sauces, the natural Flavor of the Fruit.

MANUFACTURED BY
STEELE & PRICE,
Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.,
Makers of Lupulin Yeast Gems, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, and Dr. Price's Unique Perfumes.
WE MAKE NO SECOND GRADE GOODS.

ST. JACOBS OIL



THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.
CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,
Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache,
Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites,
AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle. Directions in 11 Languages.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: **Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION,** and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine **TUTT'S PILLS** have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "**scavengers of the system,**" producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. **TUTT'S PILLS** cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect

ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

HE FEELS LIKE A NEW MAN.

"I have had Dyspepsia, with Constipation, two years, and have tried ten different kinds of pills, and **TUTT'S** are the first that have done me any good. They have cleaned me out nicely. My appetite is splendid, food digests readily, and I now have natural passages. I feel like a new man." W. D. EDWARDS, Palmyra, O.

Sold everywhere, **25c.** Office, 44 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of **$1.**

Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.

TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE.

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HYGIENIC INSTITUTION

of its kind South.

U. O. ROBERTSON, M. D.
MRS. U. O. ROBERTSON, M. D. } Physicians and Proprietors

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING OF THE GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK.

THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Gate City National bank, of Atlanta, will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, the 8th day January, 1884, for the purpose of electing directors and the transaction of other business. Edward S. McCandless, Cashier.

THE ATLANTA
PUBLIC PRODUCE, COTTON and STOCK EXCHANGE.
Incorporated under the Laws of the State

J. F. CUMMINGS, - - President.
NO. 37 BROAD STREET.

CONTINUE BUSINESS AT OUR OLD STAND, are thankful for past favors and shall endeavor to merit a continuation of orders from our customers and the public generally. Any information we may have freely given.
J. F. CUMMINGS, President

FOR FENCE OR STOCK LAW.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY,
ORDINARY'S OFFICE, December 8th, 1883.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, UNDER an act of the General Assembly of said State, approved September 19th, 1881, a petition has been filed in this office by as many as fifteen freeholders, and more, of the 722d District, G. M., known as Buckhead District, in said county, for the benefit of sections 1449, 1450, 1451, 1452, 1453 and 1454 of the Revised Code of Georgia, known as the "Stock Law," in said District, and that after this notice has been published for twenty days, an election will be ordered in said District, in which the question "For Fence" or "Stock Law" will be submitted to the lawful voters therein. **Fifteen days' notice will be given of said election.** W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

FAY & EICHBERG ARCHITECTS
10 S. BROAD STREET.
ATLANTA, GA.

R. M. CLAYTON,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office No. 11 East Alabama Street.
Surveys and plats of real estate, measurements of excavation, calculations of water power, plans and specifications for the construction of county roads, bridges, etc., etc.
References: Col. L. P. Grant, Maj. Campbell Wallace, Capt. I. Y. Sage, Col. John. T. Grant, Richard Peters, Esq., Wilkins, Post & Co.

EDMUND G. LIND,
ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT,
63 Whitehall Street, over Schumann's Drug Store.

G. P. HUMPHRIES. G. L. NORMAN.
HUMPHRIES & NORMAN,
ARCHITECTS,
17½ Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga.

LAW CARDS.

W. O. TUGGLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Will resume the practice at LaGrange, Ga., after January, 1884.

J. L. LAWTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
NO. 24 CAPITOL BUILDING, Atlanta, Ga.
Correspondence solicited.

JAMES W. HARRIS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Toccoa, Georgia.
Office room No. 5 Newman building. Will practice in all courts, state and federal.

N. J. HAMMOND. J. G. ZACHRY. T. A. HAMMOND.
HAMMOND, ZACHRY & HAMMOND,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
21½ E. Alabama st., Atlanta, Georgia.
Practice in all the courts.

LEVI E. WEYMOUTH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
And Notary Public for DeKalb County. Office with Judge J. A. Anderson, 16½ Whitehall Street.

W. Y. ATKINSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Newnan, Ga.

R. P. Lattner. J. T. Holleman.
LATTNER & HOLLEMAN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Gainesville, Georgia.
Office room No. 1 Dunlap building. A general law practice in the State and Federal Courts.

JOHN D. CUNNINGHAM,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, ATLANTA, GA.
Office No. 5 and 6 Atlanta National Bank Building 15 Alabama street.
George C. Spann, Esqr., Attorney at Law, will, in my absence, attend to any professional business.

J. A. ANDERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Has removed his office to 16½ Whitehall street, where he will be pleased to have his friends favor him with business calls.

R. P. TRIPPE. WM. T. TRIPPE.
R. P. TRIPPE & SON,
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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
(WITH JACKSON & KING.)
36½ Alabama street, Room No. 1
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Will practice in all the courts. Collections at all points throughout the state.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Will appear in causes in the State and U. S. Courts, except where United States government is a party.
Office—Rooms United States Attorney, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

H. W. J. HAM,
Attorney at Law and Real Estate Agent and Dealer, Gainesville, Ga. tf.

A. R. Wright, Max Meyerhardt, Seaborn Wright,
WRIGHT, MEYERHARDT, & WRIGHT,
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DRS. J. P. & W. B. HOLMES,
DENTISTS, Macon, Georgia.
Publishers of Dental Luminary, the Macon dental depot. Dealers in all kinds dental goods.

PAINS AND ACHES.
ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN.
BE PROVIDED.
JAY PAINENE,
CURES THEM.

COLIC, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, PAINS, sour stomach, kidney troubles, backache, headache, toothache, colic in animals.
Ask Druggists. 25c. Bottle.
C. JO SMITH & CO., Atlanta.

MEAN'S HIGH SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
76 North Forsyth street, Atlanta, Georgia.
INSTRUCTION THOROUGH AND PRACTICAL
For circulars address T. Æ. MEANS.

NOTICE!

WE HAVE THIS DAY APPOINTED J. C. Bridger, No. 22 S. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga., our agent for the sale in that city of our steam and gas coals, mined at Coalburg, Ala. Orders for coal will be received at his office and promptly filled. We solicit a continuance of patronage by those who have used our coal and a trial by those who have not.

COALBURG COAL AND COKE CO.
By A. B. JOHNSTON,
General Agent.
Birmingham, Ala., December 8, 1883.

12 YEARS.
W. T. WILSON,
Wholesale Jobber of
SEWING MACHINE SUPPLIES,
ADJUSTING TOOLS, OILS, NEEDLES,
PARTS AND ATTACHMENTS
For all makes of Machines.
STEAM FITTINGS, HAND ATTACHMENTS,
WATER MOTORS.
--FINE REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.--
Send for Trade Catalogue. Handles the New Domestic, Davis, St. John, Leader, Hartford and Imported Singer.
Moved—Now 53 Broad Street.

GEORGIA
LAND AND MINERAL CO.
Organized Nov. 8th, 1883.
OFFICERS.
EX GOV. JAS. M. SMITH, Prest. | R. H. RICHARDS, Treas.
GEN. JAS. LONGSTREET, V. P. | J. A. ANSLEY, Sec. and General Manager.

Office No. 28 Wall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

NEGOTIATES LOANS ON REAL ESTATE bonds and stocks, buy and sell timber lands, mineral lands, water powers, farms and city property.

Parties desiring to sell or buy the above named property will find it to their interest to correspond with or call upon J. A. ANSLEY, Sec'y.
Georgia Land and Mineral Co.

N. B.—The company are now offering four to five million acres of best long leaf yellow pine timber in compact bodies accessible to railroad and river, also Mica mines, gold, iron and copper properties. Marble, slate and ochre beds, splendid water powers on line of railroad, and other valuable property

THE RAILROADS.

THE HEADLIGHTS RUNNING INTO ATLANTA.

The Brunswick and Western—Opening of the New Niagara Bridge—The Virginia Midland—The Chicago and Norfolk—The Cincinnati Southern Gauge—Railroad Notes.

THE Macon and Florida Air-Line will cross the Brunswick and Western at Tifton.

THE track is now laid on the Jacksonville, Tampa and Key West railroad two and a half miles east of Plant City.

THE business of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad at Brunswick aggregates $25,000 per month.

TRAVEL was tremendously heavy yesterday, but the passengers were mainly people on their way home to spend the holidays.

THE future movements of Colonel G. J. Foreacre, after leaving the Georgia Pacific, are still a matter of speculation among railroad men.

IT is not yet known who will succeed Captain I. Y. Sage as superintendent of the Atlanta and Charlotte division of the Richmond and Danville.

THE war upon the railroad commission in South Carolina encourages some of our railroad men to express a desire to see the Georgia commission show off some of its powers.

ALBANY NEWS: The meeting of the Brunswick and Western railroad stockholders was not held at the time appointed, and is now advertised for January 8th. President Wolffe has been "coming" ever since last Christmas, but seems to be having a hard time getting back down this way.

Opening of the New Niagara Bridge

SUSPENSION BRIDGE, N. Y., December 20.—The formal opening of the cantilever bridge to-day was a perfect success. The testing of its strength was by running on twenty locomotives and twenty-four cars loaded with gravel, which extended from end to end of the bridge on both tracks, but there was no apparent deflection. Levels were taken at intervals by a commission selected from 300 engineers. Ten thousand people witnessed the opening. A banquet followed.

Chicago and Norfolk.

From The Chicago Times.

Last spring a special party, composed of Danish and English capitalists, representing $150,000,000, arrived at Baltimore, and after completing arrangements set out for Norfolk and points along Chesapeake bay, with a view of determining the advisability of building an air line between Chicago and the east. The idea was to erect large grain elevators at Newport News, or a point opposite Hampton Roads; but the Chesapeake and Ohio and the Norfolk and Western people prevented the contemplated move, they having large elevators at those seaports. At last it was determined to locate at Norfolk and build an air-line between that city and Chicago, with branches to Washington and Richmond. Among the surveys made, the one selected is almost an air-line between the termini. The route leaving Chicago takes a southeasterly course, passing through Fort Wayne, Ind, Columbus, O., Parkersburg, West Va., Staunton and Petersburg, Va., and thence to Norfolk. The branch lines to Richmond and Washington will leave the main line at Petersburg, and another branch to Washington will be built from Parkersburg. The profile of the road is now being made in Philadelphia, preparatory to letting the work. It is the intention of the company to make Norfolk an export point, and large grain elevators will be located there and the harbor greatly improved. The object of the harbor improvements is to divert grain and other export trade from New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore. The route will be the shortest between Chicago and the Atlantic. It is intended to have completed preliminaries by next April, so that the contracts can be let by that time.

The Virginia Midland.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., December 19.—The annual meeting of the Virginia Midland railway was held here to-day. President Barbour's report shows the gross earnings for the year to have been $1,664,304; operating expenses $956,184. There was an increase in the gross earnings from freight, passenger and express traffic of $200,967; a decrease in the receipts from mail of $23.9.9, and a decrease from miscellaneous sources of $1,764. The business for the year ended September 30, 1883, was sufficient for the payment of the operating expenses, the interest on the funded debt of the company, (first to sixth series bonds inclusive,) the rentals of the Charlottesville and Rapidan and Franklin and Pittsylvania roads, the payment of the January (1883) interest on the income bonds, which was paid in April; to devote $119,908 to necessary const uction and equipment, and to leave a balance of $101,743, which will enable the company, on the 1st day of January next, to pay the interest on its income bonds due July 1, 1883. One hundred and twenty-eight miles of new steel rails have been laid. A new iron bridge, 700 feet long, for the James river, has been constructed, but will not be erected until spring. New depots and bridges have been built. The interchange of business with the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad has much improved. The business with the Richmond and Danville railroad continues much in the same condition as last year. The Virginia Midland company has purchased for $20,000 one-half of the steam tug and barge which connects this road with the Baltimore and Ohio railroad at Shepherd's. The need of an elevator at Alexandria is mentioned, and its erection is deemed worthy of encouragement by the company. There has been a great development in the local business, due largely to the increased prosperity of the country adjacent to the road. With a view to stimulate local business the directors recommend the construction of short lateral feeders to Upper Tye river valley, of Nelson, and to Madison and Rappahannock counties. County subscriptions for these can be obtained. They would make an opening for lumber and mineral business. Mr. John S. Barbour was re-elected president, and George S. Scott, George F. Baker, Calvin S. Price, W. P. Clyde, John McAnerney, George Parsons, A. D. Shepard and J. A. Garland, of New York; A. J. Capron, of Baltimore, and P. A. Coghill, C. M. Blackford, W. H. Payne, J. T. Lovell, A. S. Buford, James Bryan and C. G. Holland, of Virginia, directors. Messrs. Robert T Baldwin, Skipwith Wilmer and William Keyser, of Baltimore, who were members of the old board, are not on the new one.

The Cincinnati Southern Gauge.

From the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

Regarding the position taken by some people that the change of gauge of the Cincinnati Southern railroad would be of disadvantage to the prospects of Cincinnati, the general opinion of railroad men is that the change from 5 feet to 4 feet 8½ inches—the standard of the railroads in the north—would be advantageous to all interests—the lessees, the railroad and the city. It is only a question of time, some say, as all lines south are contemplating a change, and making their plans accordingly. A number of prominent lines in the south have changed their gauge recently to four feet, eight and a half inches, notably the great Jackson route from Cairo to New Orleans, the Mobile and Ohio. Recently constructed southern roads, the Southern Pacific, Mexican Central, Texas Pacific, and others—have adopted the four-feet eight and a half inch gauge. The bulky character of most carload freight will not admit of rehandling without considerable extra cost, so hoist cars are mostly used now, and a system of hoisting done, but the business is cramped, from the fact that southern lines have so few hoist cars.

The necessities of trade now require "through cars, quick time," and this difference of gauge is the last drawback to a smaller cost and more expeditious handling of the freight. The larger percentage of business from the Southern to lines out of Cincinnati, comes off the line of that road north of Chattanooga. If the gauge was changed, and the hoist placed at that point, the Southern road could draw on the surplus supply of rolling stock (non-hoist cars) of the northern lines, which would help them in their present emergency for cars and save delay and time in handling at Cincinnati.

The equipments of most southern roads are being built with a view to a change of gauge, and railroad men who have predicted that a uniform gauge for all roads in the country would be adopted in five years, now claim that it will be brought about in two years.

While a change of the southern from a 5-foot to a 4 foot and 8½ inch gauge would greatly benefit the lessees (it is claimed that it costs less to maintain and operate a lesser gauge road), it is a question whether the property would be as valuable as a property if the chaging was made. It could be answered, if the change would increase the business of the road, expedite the movements of freight and bring additional trade to Cincinnati, it would no doubt be a benefit to the property. If such a move is considered a wise one by other southern lines which have made the change, why not to the Southern? Placing the large hoist at Chattanooga, and making the line to that point the standard northern gauge, would influence the different systems centering there to make the change at an earlier date.

The Alabama and Great Southern and New Orleans and Northeastern would change at once, and no doubt also the East Tennessee, Atlanta and other roads would soon come into line.

The equipment of most southern roads is very poor, while the lines themselves have greatly improved in the last few years. In fact, a sort of boom is on with most southern roads, and they need the help of foreign cars at present, until, at least, they are in a position to purchase better rolling stock. During the watermelon rush last summer, when southern lines were bringing to Cincinnati from fifty to one hundred cars of melons per day for this city and points beyond, some of the cars from southern roads, "way down south," were a curiosity. They were of the most dilapidated kind. The closest inspection was required before they were allowed to come this far north, and delay was caused here by northern roads refusing them.

A uniform gauge throughout the country is a consummation devoutly to be wished by all rail-road men, and while it may require the sanction of legislatures, a good deal of red tape, buncombe, and delay, it will be brought about at no very distant day, as it is in keeping with progress and a legitimate demand of business.

"Mrs. Partington, what do you use for a very bad cold?" asked Mrs. Dull. "Handkerchiefs, ma'am" answered the aged dame, looking over her spectacles. Handkerchiefs are a desideratum in the event of a cold, but a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is a necessity, because it not only relieves, but cures the worst cold or cough.

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Trains leave as follows:

TIME TABLE NO. 16.
TAKING EFFECT SUNDAY, NOV. 25, 1883.

EASTWARD.	No. 51.	No. 53.	No. 5.
Leave Montgomery	7 20 a m	9 40 p m	1 15 p m
Arrive Chehaw	8 35 a m	10 58 p m	4 30 p m
" Opelika	9 34 a m	11 55 p m	7 15 p m
" West Point	10 19 a m	12 41 a m	....
" Atlanta	1 10 p m	3 50 a m	....

WESTWARD.	No. 50.	No. 52.	No. 6.
Leave Atlanta	2 00 p m	12 45 p m	....
Arrive West Point	4 54 p m	4 02 a m	....
" Opelika	5 40 p m	4 47 a m	5 50 a m
" Chehaw	6 37 p m	5 42 a m	7 55 a m
" Montgomery	8 00 p m	7 00 a m	11 30 a m

NORTH. No. 53.	No. 51.		SOUTH. No. 52.	No. 50.
10 21 am	9 20 pm	Washington	10 40 pm	8 35 am
12 05 pm	11 25 pm	Baltimore	9 00 pm	6 55 am
2 37 pm	3 00 am	Philadelphia	5 55 pm	12 30 am
5 25 pm	6 25 am	New York	3 40 pm	9 00 pm

Pullman sleepers on trains 50 and 51 between Washington and New Orleans via Kennesaw Route without change.

Pullman sleepers on Nos. 52 and 53 between Washington and New Orleans via Richmond and Danville Route without change.

See Local Time Table for change between Montgomery and Atlanta.

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1 Prize,	5,000	200 Prizes	50 each	10,000
2 Prizes, $2,500 each	5,000	500 Prizes	20 each	10,000
5 Prizes, 1,000 each	5,000	1000 Prizes	10 each	10,000
9 Prizes, 300 each,	Approximation Prizes,			$2,700
9 Prizes, 200 each,	"	"		1,800
9 Prizes, 100 each,	"	"		900
1,857 Prizes,				$110,400

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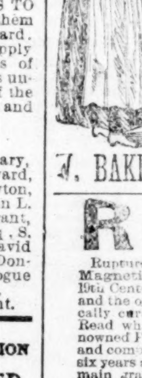
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MARSHAL'S SALES, JANUARY, 1884—CITY marshal's sales for street assessment and paving and curbing. Will be sold before the court house door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in January, 1884, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, levied on by the city marshal to satisfy fi fas issued by order of the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta, Georgia, for street assessment and paving and curbing:

Also at the some time and place the following described property to wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta fronting 35 3-10 feet on Peters street between Hayne and Mangum streets and running back 104 feet; levied on as the property of J L Anthony to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Anthony, and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Peters street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place the following described property to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta fronting 66 feet on Peachtree street, said lot known as No. 432 on said street according to the street numbers; levied on as the property of B W Wrenn, agent, to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Wrenn, agent, and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Peachtree street with macadam and curbing the sidewalk in front of said property.

Also at the same time and place the following described property to wit: a certain lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 34⅔ feet on Marietta street, between Bartow and Spring streets, and running back 82½ feet; levied on as the property of J. K. B. Carlton, trustee, to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Carlton, trustee, and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Marietta street with granite blocks.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 101 feet on Marietta street, between Spring and Bartow streets, and running back 220 feet; levied on as the property of E W Holland, to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Holland and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Marietta street with granite blocks.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 65 feet on Marietta street between Bartow and Spring streets, and running back 82½ feet; levied on as the property of Mrs Dr Dean to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Dean and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Marietta street with granite blocks.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta fronting 30⅛ feet on Peters street between Hayne and Mangum streets and running back 64 feet; levied on as the property of A E Cohen to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Cohen and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Peters street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta fronting 253 feet on Peters street between Castleberry and Fair streets; levied on as the property of M T Castleberry to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Castleberry and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Peters street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 107 feet on Marietta street, between Cone and Fairlie streets, and running back 115 feet, said lot known as No. 67 on said street, according to the street numbers; levied on as the property of J. A. Hayden to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Hayden and said property for the proportion of cost of paying the roadway or street proper of Marietta street with granite blocks.

Also at the same time and place the following described property to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 110 feet on McDonough street, between Clark and Fulton streets, and running back 212 feet, said lot known as No. 141 on said street, according to the street numbers, levied on as the property of Mrs. P. G. Hudson to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Hudson and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of McDonough street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 28¾ feet on Marietta street, between Broad and Forsyth streets, and running back 66 feet, said lot known as No. 23 on said street, according to the street numbers; levied on as the property of W. H. Hulsey to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Hulsey and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Marietta street with granite blocks.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 100 feet on Marietta street, between Cain and Bartow streets, and running back 198 feet, said lot known as No. 147 on said street, according to the street and numbers; levied on as the property of O C Hill, trustee, to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Hill, trustee, and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Marietta street with granite blocks.

Also at the same time and place the following described property to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta fronting 50 feet on McDonough street, between Clarke and Fulton streets and running back 212 feet, said lot known as No 145 on said street according to the street numbers; levied on as the property of Mrs Smiley to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Smiley and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of McDonough street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, towit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 51½ feet on Washington street, between Fair and Jones streets, and running back 145 feet; said lot known as No. 103 on said street, according to the street numbers. Levied on as the property of S. B. Spencer, agent, to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Spencer, agent, and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Washington street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place the following described property to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 49 feet on Marietta street, between Bartow and Spring streets, and running back 215 feet, said lot known as No 111 on said street, according to the street numbers; levied as on as the property of A Murphy to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Murphy and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Marietta street with granite blocks.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta fronting 42 feet on Peters street, between Fair and Hayne streets, and running back 100 feet; levied on as the property of Mrs J E White to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said White, and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Peters street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta fronting 53⅓ feet on McDonough street, between Fair and Jones streets and running back 200 feet, said lot known as No 61 on said street according to the street numbers levied on as the property of Dr. T. R. Whitley to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Whitley and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of McDonough street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta fronting 29 feet on Peters street, between Mangum and Hayne streets, and running back 1.1 feet, said lot known as No 123 on said street according to the street numbers; levied on as the property of Mrs Mary R Thornton to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Thornton and said property for the proportion of paving the roadway or street proper of Peters street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 92 feet on Peters street, between Leonard and Humphries streets, and running back 98 feet; levied on the property of T. W. Bidgood to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Bidgood and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Peters street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 108 feet on Peters street, between Humphries and Beermann streets, and running back 190 feet; levied on as the property of H Huff to satisy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Huff and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Peters street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 25 feet on Peters street, between Walker and Fair streets, and running back 83 feet; levied on as the property of Mrs. T. C. Hitchens to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Hitchens and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Peters street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 54 feet on Peters street, between Humphries and Beerman streets, and running back 228 feet; levied on as the property of Mrs. W. D. Mitchell and Gwin to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mitchell and Gwin, and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Peters street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place the following described property to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta fronting 160 8-10 feet on Peters street, between McDaniel and Humphries streets and running back 80 feet; levied on as the property of Mrs W D Mitchell, to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mitchell and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Peters staeet with macadam.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 50 feet on Peters street, between Brick and Trenholm streets, and running back 120 feet; levied on as the property of Mrs. W D Mitchell, to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mitchell and said proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Peters street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place the following described property to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 190 feet on Peters street between McDaniel and Brick streets and running back 230 feet; levied on as the property of Mrs W D Mitchell to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mitchell and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Peters street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 97 feet on Peters street, between Joyner and McDaniel streets, and running back 79 feet; levied on as the property of Mrs W D Mitchell, to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mitchell and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Peters street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place the following described property towit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 206 feet on Peters street between Beermann and McDaniel streets, and running back 112 feet. Levied on as the property of Mrs. W. D. Mitchell to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Mitchell, and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Peters street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 70 feet on Peters street, between Leonard and Humphries streets, and running back 97 feet. Levied on as the property of W. M. Middlebrooks to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Middlebrooks, and said property for the proportion of cost of paying the roadway or street proper of Peters street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 186 8-10 feet on Peters street, between Leonard street and corporate limits, and running back 187½ feet; levied on as the property of W M Middlebrooks to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Middlebrooks and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Peters street with macadam.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta fronting 54 feet on Peters street, between Humphries and Beermann street, and running back 228 feet; levied on as the property of J. J. Stewart to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Stewart and said property for the proportion of cost of paving the roadway or street proper of Peters street with macadam.

J. W. LOYD, City Marshal.



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The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State.

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1	do	do	25,000
1	do	do	10,000
2	PRIZES OF	$6000	12,000
5	do	2000	10,000
10	do	1000	10,000
20	do	500	10,000
100	do	200	20,000
300	do	100	30,000
500	do	50	25,000
1,000	do	25	25,000
	APPROXIMATION PRIZES.		
9	Approximation Prizes of	$750	6,750
9	do do	500	4,500
9	do do	250	2,250
1,967	Prizes, amounting to		$265,500

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We have had a great improvement in the health of our children by the use of Swift's Specific. We had among the children some who had scrofula—notably one case in which it was

UNMISTAKABLY HEREDITARY.

We got some of Swift's Specific and gave it to this case, and in a short time it was cured sound and well. It was as bad a case, I think, as I ever saw, and had been under excellent physicians with no permanent benefit. We have been giving it to all the children as a health tonic. We have four children and one seamstress who, for years, have suffered intensely every spring with erysipelas, and though they had been taking Swift's Specific only in small doses as a health tonic, they all, without exception, passed through this spring without a touch of the complaint.

A young lady of the institution, who has been with us for years, has been troubled with a most aggravated rash ever since she was a child. She tried all the known remedies that are prescribed for it with no benefit; but she has been cured by taking Swift's Specific, and has had no return of the trouble.

It is such an excellent tonic, and keeps the blood so pure, that the system is less liable to contract disease. All of the teachers and children who are old enough to know agree with me in believing it is the greatest medicine known. My faith in it is unbounded, and I and my assistants take great pleasure in recommending it to every one. I can at all times be found at the Home, and will take pleasure in seeing or corresponding with any who is interested in the remedy.

REV. L. B. PAINE, ORPHANS' HOME, Macon, Ga.

Our treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to applicants. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

JAS. P. HARRISON & CO.,

LITHOGRAPHERS,

PRINTERS, BOOKBINDERS, ETC

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SUPREME COURT REPORTS,

New Code of Georgia, an elegant Book of 1,169 Pages.

Georgia's Public Servants.
Ellman's Law Forms.
History of Georgia Baptists.
The Christian Index (Weekly.)
The Southern Cultivator (Monthly.)

Orders by mail for any of the above will have prompt attention.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—A CITY SALESMAN, WITH EXperience and acquaintance. Also a young man for store and office work. Good compensation for satisfactory service. Name references, and address in own handwriting, Wholesale Grocer, Constitution office.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS JOB PRINTER. Must be sober, industrious and capable of doing all classes of job work. Address, C. H. Caldwell, Birmingham, Ala. 2t

WANTED—SHORT-HAND WRITER, BEST of references required, must have some knowledge of railroad business and write a good long hand. Address P. O. box 98, Atlanta, Ga.

HELP WANTED—Females.

LADIES OR YOUNG MEN IN CITY OR COUNtry to take nice, light and pleasant work at their own homes, $2 to $5 a day easily and quietly made; work sent by mail; no canvassing; no stamp for reply. Please address Reliable Manufacturing Co., Philadelphia, Pa. Drawer TT.

WANTED—A WHITE WOMAN TO COOK AND assist in household work; good reference required; a permanent home given to right party. Address L. W. Sims, Washington, Ga.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Males.

WANTED BY A GENTLEMAN, A NATIVE OF Maryland, a position as bookkeeper or salesman in some good house. Best of references given. Address "Bookkeeper," care Constitution office.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED BY AN ENERGETIC business man as salesman in a commission or grocery house, shoe or furniture store, in store or on streets or as overseer of laborers, or as porter or drayman; anything that is honest. Will give reference to satisfy anyone. Address Desperation, Constitution office. 2t

FOR SALE—Real Estate.

BEST IMPROVED FARM IN DEKALB COUNty for sale, 250 acres; splendid 9 room residence good as new, recently well painted, 3 good new tenant houses, also a store house, good fence brick chimneys, first class out houses, and tip top stables, cribs, barns, etc., very best water, large orchard of every description of fruit; fine young vineyard; good new strong fences and gates, everything in apple pie order, 11 miles from Atlanta, 6 from Decatur; 2½ from Clarkston, 5 from Stone Mountain, 4 from Doraville and 6 from Norcross—beautiful place, fine grove, good people and the improvements cost more than is asked for the whole place. Call for low price and easy terms. A. J. West & Co., 28 Peachtree street.

GREAT BARGAIN IN A HOME—A FIRST class place of 202½ acres fine 8 room brick residence, good out houses, fruits, high level and beautiful, nice depot in front of the house—only 10 miles from Atlanta on the Air Line—accommodation train night and morning—the "Air Line railroad runs through the place." It is worth $5,000, but must be sold and if taken this week $3,000 will buy it. Remember only five days to go on. A. J. West & Co., Real Estate Agents.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—ALL PARTIES HAVING CLAIMS against the estate of Allen Frazier, colored, deceased, will present them at once properly proven to W. T. Turnbull, attorney at law, 17½ Peachtree street. 9t h 16th 25th

DR. J.P. HUNTLEY, DENTIST, 6½ WHEAT street. suwe

NOTICE—HAVING SOLD MY INTEREST IN the auction business to J. H. Gavan, I am no longer connected with him. E. H. Olcott.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SALE CHEAP—LEASE OF A HOTEL, house well furnished and centrally located, doing a good business. Reason for selling ill health. Apply to W. F. Smith, & Co., Birmingham, Alabama.

FOR SALE—WELL ESTABLISHED BARROOM, doing good business; will sell cheap, and give good reasons for selling. James Creed, 412 Marietta.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

RARE CHANCE—FOR RENT—THE WELL known Boarding House known as the Howell House, handsomely furnished throughout, from the 1st January, for the unexpired lease, either with or without furniture. Mrs. A. L. Starr.

FOR RENT OR LEASE—THE THIRD FLOOR of the Angier building, now occupied by Professor Moore. Apply to Constitution. tf

FOR RENT—A NEAT SIX ROOM COTTAGE ON Whitehall street; good water and large lot. M. Haralson, 13 North Pryor street. tf

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—A FARM OF 115 ACRES THREE miles from the carshed, Atlanta, on the McDonough road. On the place is a comfortable five room dwelling, with out building and stables. A well of the best of water and several springs and branches afford abundant water. There are nearly 2,000 choice fruit trees consisting of apples, peaches, pears, and 400 wild goose plums, also an acre in scuppernong grapes. Good land for cultivation. Altogether a most desirable place for fruit culture, dairy or truck farming for any one with means enough to run it properly, and no one else need apply. Apply to 52 McDonough street, Atlanta. su tu wky3t

FOR RENT—A LARGE WELL LIGHTED front office, at 53½ Alabama street. Apply at room 1.

FOR RENT—HANDSOMEST SUITE OF OFFICE rooms in the city, second floor front, 28 East Alabama st. Apply to C. A. Collier.

FOR RENT—HANDSOMEST STORE IN LA Grange, on public square. Rent $35 per month. Apply to B. H. Bigham, LaGrange, Ga. su tu th tf

OFFICES FOR RENT—THE MOST DESIRABLE offices in the city; will be ready by the 1st of January; apply to L. J. Hill at Gate City National bank. tf

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—FIFTY THOUSAND BUSHELS red rust-proof Oats. Address Abbott Arnold, Houston, Texas. tf

WANTED—Agents.

WANTED—BOOK AGENTS OF EXPERIENCE in Atlanta and vicinity to open an office and employ Agents on the fastest selling work on the market to-day. Extraordinary inducements. W. H. Starkey, publisher, 831 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO START A new business at their homes; no peddling. 10 to 50 cents an hour made. Send 10 cts for 12 samples and instructions. C. E. Bowen, Brockton, Mass. Box 32 D.

LADIES' COLUMN

OSTRICH FEATHERS CLEANED, DYED AND curled in the improved manner by I. Phillips, 13 North Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. th su tu

LOST.

STOLEN FROM THE UNDERSIGNED NEAR Bellton, two fine mules one dark iron grey horse mule, and a sorrell mare mule five years old. Peter Faulkner.

ATLANTA, GA., DECEMCER 24TH—1 MOUSE colored mule got out of my lot Friday night about 12 o'clock, his mouth is cut on each side. I will pay $3 to the one that brings him to the stationhouse. Andy Haize.

MUSIC.

MUSIC—STRING AND BRASS FURNISHED for all occasions. Violin, Cornet, Guitar and Piano taught. A. F. Wurm, 4 Foster. tf

WANTED—Boarders.

BOARDERS WANTED—FIRST-CLASS BOARD, finely furnished rooms, gas, hot and cold baths, running water in all rooms; no children. Also, table boarders wanted. 150 and 152 Whitehall street. tu th sa su tu

WANTED—A FEW DAY BOARDERS. ALSO furnished rooms to rent with or without board, rooms and board first class, 70½ Whitehall street. sun tues thurs

WANTED—A FEW MORE GOOD BOARDERS at 124½ Whitehall street, with a good table and good beds.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—BY APPLYING AT 130 MARIETTA street you can sell your dead cows and have your dead horses removed free of cost. tf

FOR SALE—Building Material.

THE PLACE TO GET YOUR LUMBER, SHINgles, Laths and Lime is from W. J. Willingham, 64 Elliott st. 1m

Milburn Wagon Company.

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES—A LARGE ASsortment of the best can always be found at Southern Branch Milburn Wagon Company, library building.

WAGONS, WAGONS—SIX HUNDRED "OLD reliable" Milburn wagons now in stock, at Southern Branch Milburn Wagon Company, 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street, Atlanta, Ga.

WE HAVE NOW IN STOCK—
Extension Top Cabriolets.
Half Top Victorias.
Surries on Timkin spring, with canopy and extension top.
Brewster Spring Buggies.
Storm Spring Buggy.
Side Spring Buggies.
Timpkin Spring Buggies.
Eliptic Spring Buggies.
Platform Spring Phaetons.
Half Platform Spring Phaetons.
Three-spring Spring Phaetons.
Two-spring Spring Phaetons.
Spring Wagons, three springs.
Spring Wagons, full platform springs.
Spring Wagons, half platform springs.
Grocers' Wagons.
Drummers Wagons, and an endless variety of farm wagons. Milburn Wagon Co. 39, 41 and 43 Decatur street.

THE CONSTITUTION.

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ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day, except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at $1 per month, $2.50 for three months, or $10 a year.

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ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in the paper, and will be furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE containing important news solicited from all parts of the country.

ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to

THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Georgia.

ATLANTA, GA., DECEMBER 25 1883.

INDICATIONS for South Atlantic states: Party cloudy weather, local rains, variable winds, lower temperature, higher barometer.

MARY ANDERSON, it is said, has promised her hand to the duke of Portland, and the wedding is only a short time off. Blue grass butter is a good article upon which to raise live duchesses.

IN the numerous collisions by rail it is probable that preliminary Christmas egg-nog plays a part. An engineer who handles his bottle deftly will be apt to hold the throttle with uncertainty.

THE United States, among other things for which they have to be thankful, can now add to the list the refusal of Swinburne to make a tour of the country. It is enough that some of his effusions should be found broadcast without the infliction of the inevitable lecture.

A CURIOUS war of races has broken out in the coke districts of Pennsylvania, whence the citizens have declared that the Hungarians must go. A terrible bill of indictment is made against the hapless foreigners, who are thus put under the displeasure of the Pennsylvania kuklux.

CONGRESSMAN FINERTY, who breathed such vengeance against England in his recent utterances, has been made the subject of a cruel joke by Speaker Carlisle, who placed him upon the Indian affairs committee instead of the foreign relations. Sorrowfully the wild congressman from Chicago will have to turn his face toward the west, and leave eastern business to other hands.

THERE is an alarming prevalence of diphtheria in eastern Canada. The death-rate in Brunswick is greater than in any other province. One family near the town of Sussex has lost four children; two other families three each. Medical attendants are unable to prevent the disease from spreading, and in two instances they have themselves been stricken down by the malady. The disease prevails among the inland towns as well as on the seacoast.

REPORTS from the sugar parishes of Louisiana announce that the cane crop of 1883 is much larger than expected, owing to the ripeness of the cane. The crop of molasses will be short; the warm weather has tended to make it ferment, decreasing its value. Great yields are reported on some plantations, the most notable being that of Belle Alliance, on which 2,500,000 pounds of sugar were made and 700 hogsheads of open-kettle sugar. Other plantations report a production of sugar and molasses exceeding any crop since 1860.

OUR INSANE POPULATION.

The figures of the census of 1880 supply data by which the proportion of insane to each class of population may be ascertained, and the attentive study of this report, and of the statistics furnished from time to time by the state superintendents of insane asylums will largely explain the causes and sources of the increase of insanity in this country.

It appears from past reports that from 1850 to 1860, the foreign born population increased about 100 per cent., and the foreign born insane 181 per cent. From 1860 to 1870 our foreign born population increased only 30 per cent. During this period the insane of this class increased nearly 100 per cent. From 1870 to 1880 the foreign born increase was less than 20 per cent., but the increase of the insane was 150 per cent. An eminent specialist in reviewing these statistics calls attention to the fact that although the proportion of native insane to native population remained about the same in '50, '60 and '70, the proportion of foreign insane in the foreign element increased from 1 in 1,095 in 1850 to 1 in 497 in 1870; and in 1880 to 1 in 250, while the native insane amount to 1 in 662 of native population. In other words, one eighth of the aggregate population furnishes nearly one-third of the aggregate insane.

The northern states, including the district and the territories, contain about 60 per cent of the entire population, and furnish 70 per cent of the insane. The comparison of the proportion of insane in the northern foreign population with that of the colored population in the south is very striking. These elements are nearly equal in number, but the former exceeds the latter in the production of insanity by the proportion of nearly five to one.

In an able essay by Dr. Foster Pratt, read before the last meeting of the American public health association, this increase of our insane population was attributed to three causes, the intense life of our native population, immigration, and intermarriage of native whites with defective classes of the foreign element. Among the remedies proposed, the following are entitled to more or less consideration: The moderation of our activity and less intense application; laws authorizing consuls at ports of departure to examine the proposed immigrant, and refuse him a certificate of permission to depart for the United States, when the person is found to belong to one of the "defective classes." The remedies thus briefly summarized will appear altogether to mild when we consider the nature and extent of the evil sought to be checked, but the subject bristles with difficulties. Undoubtedly a slower, more methodical and temperate mode of existence would be a preventive of insanity, and the prohibition of the immigration of the insane of other lands would be a long stride in the right direction, but the first of these suggestions can not be carried into effect by legislation. Nothing but the rapid spread of intelligence and a great moral reform will vitalize it. In the meantime there is nothing to do but to "learn to labor and to wait."

CHRISTMAS TIME.

With the fire-crackers whizzing and sizzing and bursting on the corners and in the by-ways, and great bowls of egg-nogg sitting cold and free on the lunch-counters, it is needless, as well as untimely, to deplore the fact that the popular conception of Christmas has given the sacred anniversary a boisterous and a spectacular turn. The bricks of small boys that toot their tin-horns wildly in the ears of staid and elderly pedestrians and play their pranks fearlessly in every direction would take it greatly to heart if any attempt should be made to curtail their privileges. Some of us were small boys ourselves once upon a time, and it is an easy matter to remember how bitterly we would have resented any effort to bring peace and good order to preside at the celebration of the Christmas holidays. What seems decorous to old or middle age, the youthful mind is disposed to look on as priggish and unwholesome, and for our parts we are not disposed to deplore such manifestations of hilarity as may be supposed to border on rudeness.

We remember the fate that befell the city authorities of Savannah once upon a time, when Colonel John Screven was mayor. It was decided that no bonfires should be kindled in the squares, and that no fireworks should be let off in the streets. Even the poor little pagan fire-cracker was interdicted. The day before Christmas came, and all was quiet. The police were on the alert, but there was no popping and sizzing, no burning of powder. In spite of this the big boys and little boys seemed to be very happy. They went about in great droves, and winked knowingly at each other. These winks would be followed by great explosions of laughter. Evidently something was brewing—fun was afoot. Towards evening the juvenile population began to assemble under the spreading trees in Broughton street. Forming a sort of harum-scarum procession, it took up the line of march to the mayor's house, and pretty soon that devoted dwelling was surrounded by a beseiging army of boys of all ages, sizes and conditions, and every soldier in this army, from the leaders down to the smallest private, was armed with a tin horn At a signal they began to blow, and the noise they made was terrific enough to fetch down walls seventy-and-seven times as thick as those of Jericho. They stood still and tooted, they marched around the house and tooted, and then they marched over the town and tooted until the distracted inhabitants would have been willing to swap the horns for a modest conflagration.

Boys will be boys, and in order to be real boys, they must have fun. Meantime, while they are having their fun, their elders can have a little fun better suited to their age and condition. For instance, they can look to it that Santa Claus doesn't show any partiality in his visitations. Sundry little stockings in this enterprising and Christian city hung limp and empty against the chimney sides this morning. Sundry little stomachs are as empty as the stockings. Hundreds of little children are wondering why Christmas should come to the homes of the rich and not to the homes of the poor. These little ones have been overlooked by those who are raking together contributions to be sent to foreign lands, and they have been neglected by Santa Claus. Let the charity that should fill all hearts this morning turn gently to these unfortunates.

The most prosperous Christians are sometimes the most forgetful. Let them bear in mind to-day that the flame-wrapped star which rose and shone above Bethlehem stood over against a stable wherein the Son of Man lay who was born unto poverty, not only that the world might live, but that the poor might not be ashamed.

This is our little sermon. With it as a benediction, THE CONSTITUTION sends a Merry Christmas greeting to each and all.

THE HOUSE COMMITTEES.

Mr. Carlisle took three weeks to a day to make up his committees; but as he had a house of three hundred and twenty-five members to deal with, and as four new chairmanships and sixty new committee places were created last Thursday, he has done well to get the list ready before the holiday recess. As soon as the list was read yesterday, the house was adjourned to January 7, when the work of the session will be taken up in earnest.

The composition of the ways and means committee has been foreshadowed by the correspondents at the capital at least two weeks. The committee consists of eight democrats, and five republicans.

The majority members are Messrs. Morrison of Illinois, Mr. Mills of Texas, Mr. Blount of Georgia, Mr. Blackburn of Kentucky, Mr. Hewitt of New York, Mr. Herbert of Alabama, Mr. Hurd of Ohio, and Mr. Jones of Arkansas. Messrs. Kelley, Kasson, McKinley and Russell were members of the committee in the last congress. Mr. Hiscock of New York, is the fifth republican member. It is said that Messrs. Hiscock and Kasson have leanings towards revenue reform. Kelley and McKinley are well-known protectionists, and Russell is a wood-pulp manufacturer. The minority will have very little power, however, and it is to the majority of this important committee that we must look for any indication of the revenue measures that will be brought before the house.

Mr. Morrison, the chairman, is a pronounced revenue reformer, who would be a free-trader if the public debt was not the burden that it is. He will of course have charge of any tariff bill that may be presented by the committee, but as he is not a ready speaker in a tangled debate he will need help on the floor. He will find such help it is thought in Mr. Blount and Mr. Hewit, and at times in Mr. Hurd. The extremest men of the committee are undoubtedly Messrs. Hurd, Mills and Blackburn; the most conservative are Messrs. Blount, Hewitt, and Herbert. Mr. Jones, of Arkansas, is not as well known as his associates, but he is said to be a man of more than average capacity. It is generally thought that Mr. Morrison will, when the responsibility of leadership is fully upon him, persue a conservative course that will win support in all parts of the country. All eight of the democratic members of the committee are in favor of an immediate revision of the tariff.

Georgia is pretty well represented in the other important committees. Mr. Turner is chairman of the elections committee; Mr. Hammond stands at the back of the chairman of the judiciary committee; Mr. Candler is a member of the committee on banking and currency; Mr. Clements is the fourth member of the committee on foreign affairs; Mr. Nicholls is a member of the committee on weights and measures; and is the sixth member of the committee on military affairs; Mr. Buchanan is fourth on naval affairs, of which Mr. Cox, of New York, is chairman; Mr. Reese is second on post-offices and postroads; Mr. Hardeman is fourth on territories; Mr. Crisp is fifth on manufactures; Mr. Buchanan is second on the revision of the laws; Mr. Reese is fourth on public buildings and grounds; Mr. Crisp is sixth on the Pacific roads; Mr. Candler is fourth on the public health. On the select committees Mr. Clements was awarded the third place on reform in the civil service; Mr. Hardeman is made chairman of the committee on expenditures in the state department.

COMPARATIVELY few people understand the uses of asbestos. The Greeks and Romans made napkins and towels of it, as well as wrappings for the dead, when bodies were cremated. For centuries, however, the art of spinning or weaving the material was lost, and it is only recently that it has again been discovered. Asbestos can be made into cloth, thread, paper for writing and printing, and for sheathing buildings, and pasteboard. It has been made into garments for professional firemen, millboard sheathing, packing for engines, lamp-wicks, gloves for the use of workmen handling hot substances, fireproof roofing, paint, cement and curtains for theatres. For building purposes asbestos may be utilized in various ways, and there is nothing equal to it as a preventive of the spread of flame. Asbestos is composed of silciate of magnesia, silciate of lime and protoxide of iron and magnese. It is a variety of hornblende, greasy to the touch, and having sometimes long fibres, resembling in their better qualities, fine silk. The material when taken from the mines is in every shape, from bundles of loose fibres to hard blocks which may be broken into a fibrous state. It is produced by some unknown process of decomposition and effectually resists the action of fire and of acids. Great Britain, Hungary, Italy, Corsica, Canada and the United States all produce this material. In this country it is cheifly found in Georgia, North Carolina, Maryland, Virginia, Vermont and New York. The Canadian fibre has supplanted the Italian in popularity, but several of the southern states now produce its rival. In Georgia asbestos is found in large deposits, and the fibre can be easily woven into threads. The Georgia article is of very superior quality. Recent inquiries in New York have developed the fact that the demand for asbestos is practically unlimited, and the prices paid for the material range from fifteen dollars to one hundred dollars per ton. There are asbestos mines of great value within the corporate limits of Atlanta.

MR. EDWIN A. ABBEY, who stands at the head of the book illustrators of his time, is illustrating the poetical works of Oliver Goldsmith. It is needless to say that the result will be a new interpretation of the poet.

YOUR Uncle Santa Claus would make a popular candidate for the presideney if the children were allowed to vote.

THE late Professor Evangelinus Apostolides Sophocles, of Harvard, had many pleasant acquaintances, but no intimate friends. He lived the life of a recluse in one of the college dormitories, spending little money upon himself, but giving freely to others. He gave his native Grecian village a system of water works, footing the bill himself, but objected to having the fact made public. The students considered the old professor rather eccentric, and his assertion that the Bible, Don Quixote and the Arabian Nights were the three best books, and comprised the entire philosophy of life, has often been quoted against him. The professor had an oriental look, and resembled an Arab sheik. He spoke English without the slightest foreign accent, and showed that he was quite as well acquainted with modern life as he was with the men and things of the ancient world. He could never be made to understand that the modern methods of transmitting money were safe, and it was his custom every few years when he desired to present his brother in Greece with some of his savings, to take a trip over the water himself in order to see that the money was safely delivered. On one occasion the ladies of Cambridge just before one of these journeys presented him with a number of handkerchiefs. Professor Sophocles created a slight sensation by remarking that there were altogether too many, has he already had two, one for use on his voyage, and one to be used after his arrival. This remarkable character will long be remembered by the Harvard students and Cambridge people. There was nothing modern in his appearance and mode of living. His neighbors were half inclined to look upon him as some old Athenian philesopher, warmed into life, and permitted for a time to sojourn among them.

AFTER all the expositions are over, word will go round that Atlanta is the one city on the continent that knows how to manage a great industrial show. Nevertheless, to all the other towns we wish a merry Christmas.

THE CONSTITUTION will enjoy its Christmas holiday by appearing as usual full of the latest and most valuable news.

CORAL grows at the bottom of the sea branch downward in single sprays and also in miles of rudy forest. It is one of the links between animal and vegetable life, the star-like flowers clustering on the branches are really animalcules, the petals being arms that catch food for the little coral. Red coral was formerly highly prized for ornaments and in China a button of scarlet coral adorns the crown of a mandarin's cap of state, and for that reason is more valuable in China than any gem. In another countries the pink variety is now preferred. The ancients said that coral sprang up from the sea bed wherever blood dripped from Medusa's head as Perseus bore it across the waves, and therefore it was a talisman of supreme power to all who lived in sound of the sea. Powdered coral was administered for serious diseases and amulets made of it insured the lives of sailors. Children wore charms of coral twigs against the Evil Eye and the superstition still exists in the fashion of beads for babies.

SOME of the southern postmasters have subscribed for three copies of First Assistant President Hatton's Washington newspaper. These estimable men know how to enjoy a merry Christmas.

MR. ARTHUR is not having a very merry Christmas. Men who are candidates are always restless in the mind.

IT is not generally known that amber is found in this country. It is found in considerable deposits at Gay Head, Martha's Vineyard and at Camden, New Jersey. In the latter place some years ago several barrels were taken from the green sand, but burned by mistake or through the ignorance of the finders. The best class of amber goes to Constantinople to be worked into mouthpieces; the lower grade is made into beads. New York dealers pay $1.50 a pound for very small pieces, and from $50 to $100 a pound when the pieces are very large. Amber has many colors, but green is the most valued by smokers. Yellow brings the best price. Large pieces are rare and costly. In the British museum there is a piece weighing eighteen pounds, for which $1,000 was paid, and $5,000 was refused for a thirteen pound lump found in Prussia. The mines along the Baltic coast yield yearly about 300,000 pounds, and the mining industry has been vigorously pushed for many centuries.

WE turn a moment from the plum pudding to announce that Bill Chandler's cheek is as long and as hard as a razor hone. That is to say, if a razor hone is exceptionally long and hard.

THE tendency to dampness in the weather is as characteristic of Christmas as it is of circus day.

FROM all accounts the cheap restaurants in Russian towns must afford the vilest cookery to be found anywhere in the world. The poorer and middle classes who patronize these places make matters worse by eating irregularly. In Russia people are ignorant of the value of a good breakfast, and a native's first meal is simply a glass or two of weak tea, with a small unbuttered roll, or a slice of black bread. Dinner is substantial enough, but the bad cooking spoils everything. In some sections of the country meats, vegetables and fruit are very cheap, but the lack of proper transportation facilities renders prices inordinately high when they are conveyed to market.

MATTHEW ARNOLD will spend his Christmas in writing an essay on the typical American blackguard, who is known in Washington as little Billy Chandler.

"I HAVE just come to make a pop call," as the firecracker said to the country dog.

VERY few dolls are made in America; the finest ones of wax are imported from Germany and the best of china and bisque come from France. They range in price from tiny wooden babies for one cent up to any amount one cares to spend for a waxen beauty in satin and jewels. Fashions in dolls change as do all earthly things. Short frizzed hair was popular last year for all kinds of dolls, but long curls and Langtry bangs are the style this winter.

WE learn that a great many western poets employ the caligraph. This is why the standard of poesy is so high in that section.

"THIS is toot thin," as the small boy remarked to the tin horn.

POLITICAL NOTES.

IT is said that Mr. Parnell has recently paid off mortgages amounting to $67,500.

SENATOR PENDLETON is not expected to return to Washington until after the Ohio senatorial struggle is over.

EX-CONGRESSMAN BURROWS, of Michigan, declined the appointment of United States judge in Dakota, preferring to make his home in the east.

KEIFER and Dalzell are John Sherman's most enthusiastic supporters for the presidency. They will both be in the Ohio delegation to Chicago.

THERE is some talk about a national convention of colored men fn 1884 to discuss the political situation. Cincinnati will make an effort to get it.

GOVERNOR-ELECT HOADLY says he is gaining strength daily. He is rapidly disposing of his private business, so that on inauguration day he can begin work for the state without hindrance.

THE Missouri republican state convention has been called to meet in Sedalia on Wednesday, April 9, to elect delegates to the national convention and to nominate candidates for presidential electors.

AMONG the curious claims for pensions is one received by a southern congressman from a colored constituent. He was shot in the neighborhood of a corn-field, where he had been foraging, by a union soldier, who aimed at a hog that he wanted for a change from army diet. The congressman is uncertain whether the pension should be granted to the wounded man or to the hog.

THERE is a "warm coolness" between Senators Pendleton and Vest. Their terms expire on the same day, but Senator Vest, who expects to be re-elected, has filed an application for Senator Pendleton's seat whenever it shall be vacated. Senator Pendleton cannot retort in kind, because Senator Vest's seat is one of the most undesirable in the chamber. He can do nothing but get mad, and that he has done to the best of his ability.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

ON November 25 Miss Mary Anderson completed her eighth year of theatrical life. When she leaves London she will pay a visit to Rome.

MRS. LANGTRY will appear at the Globe theater, Boston, next month, both in old roles and new plays. She also fulfills an engagement at the Fifth avenue, in New York in January, and brings out a new play.

EBENEZER SWEET of Screven, Georgia, has just married Jane Lemon. The little Lemonades will be he heard from later. Hartford Post. And, no doubt, those little Lemonades will be greatly improved by a stick.—Philadelphia Call.

THE New York Herald says: "Several years ago, in a Madison-avenue horse-car, William Cullen Bryant and Bayard Taylor were comparing notes about poet Whittier, who, they believed, could not live long. They are dead, and Whittier celebrated his 76th birth-day on Monday."

A LADY was reproaching Mr. William Warren at a recent reception for going into society so little. "You ought to let us lionize you a little," she said. "I never heard of but one man," replied the veteran actor, "who was not spoiled by being lionized." "And who was he?" "Daniel."

DUMAS fils takes from his father capacity for rapid literary production. He lives in Paris in a detached house of his own, beautifully finished with salable bric-a-brac. He is now engaged in a campaign against those sumptuous stage toilets which impel actresses to lead vicious lives.

THE whole of the first edition of the "Memoirs of Princess Alice" was sold in four days. A second edition was published at Darmstadt on Saturday. The work was compiled for private circulation, but after the queen had read the proof sheets she consented to its publication.

JUDGE THOMAS SETTLE, of the United States district court of Florida, is in poor health. A few years ago he was a splendid specimen of robust, vigorous manhood. He is a native of North Carolina, was for years a supreme court judge in that state and ran for governor on the republican ticket. He presided over the national convention in Philadelphia in 1872.

AN incident worthy of note in connection with the recent installation of the Right Rev. William Henry Elder as archbishop of Cincinnati was the reunion of himself and six brothers, who had not before all met together for half a century. The oldest of these brothers is Mr. Joseph E. Elder, of Chicago, and the others, besides the archbishop, are Francis W., of Baltimore; Basil T., of Manhattan, Kansas; John C., of Baton Rouge, Louisiana, and Thomas S., and Charles D., of New Orleans. One sister is living, and resides, at the age of eighty-two, at Emmittsburg, Maryland. She has been a sister of charity for more than sixty-two years. Her age and infirmities did not permit her to attend the reunion.

BISHOP WARREN, of the Methodist church, and former pastor of the Arch street M. E. church, Philadelphia, is to be married next Thursday, December 27, to Mrs. Iliff, of Denver, Col. The lady is the widow of the richest cattle king in Colorado, and her wealth is variously estimated from $4,000,000 to $6,000,000. Bishop Warren, who has been a widower for nearly twenty years, met Mrs. Iliff during his episcopal visits in the northwest and subsequently in Europe. She is described as a beautiful woman of 35, who is as good as she is rich, and has a large amount of common sense also. She has continued to carry on her husband's large cattle business, and the question with Methodists is, whether they are to lose a bishop and gain a wealthy ranchman. Bishop Simpson will officiate at the wedding.

MALIGNING THEIR OWN COUNTRY.

From the New York World.

An obscure member of the Georgia legislature expresses the opinion that the best thing the government can do with the treasury surplus is to give it to the southern states as an indemnity for their slaves or some such folly. The paper in which his statement appears takes no precaution to disavow the views he puts forth. Yet some of the republican organs parade the Georgia assemblyman's balderdash as the honest sentiment of the south and as a proof that southern states are "hoarding their lists of slaves against the inauguration of a democratic president in 1885."

What idiots the republican organs must suppose their readers to be. THE CONSTITUTION says: "Neither the United States nor any state shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void."

Yet our republican contemporaries, to alarm their intelligent readers, draw a fearful picture of this blatherskite Georgian, armed with a paper collar, spurs and a bowie knife, demanding payment for the southern slaves as soon as the democratic president is inaugurated!

It would be well if there were only a ridiculous side to this exhibition of partisan knavery. But unfortunately the republican papers and politicians are constantly in search of opportunities to misrepresent and vilify the people of the south.

If the republican lies were true, the American system would be a failure. There are 38 states in the union, which together form the United States government. Sixteen of these states, according to the republican falsehoods, are under the control of ruffians and murderers, who rule by the authority of shot-gun and the bowie-knife, who deprive citizens of their constitutional rights by fraud and violence, and who defy the law and subvert the principles of free government.

Is it just, is it patriotic, to thus misrepresent a large section of our common country? Is it the part of American citizens to hold up before the eyes of the world nearly one-half the states of the union as the abode of lawlessness and crime? Does it strengthen our government at home and add to its credit abroad to represent that sixteen states out of our thirty-eight are only waiting an opportunity to overthrow the constitution and inaugurate revolution? Does not the attempt to thus malign the south for political purposes prove that the republican politicians are ready to rekindle the fires of sectionalism.

How much better would it be for the republican organs to search for the good in the southern states instead of the bad? To attempt to win the southern vote by fair treatment, by wholesome advice, by manifesting an appreciation of the many noble qualities of the southern people? To admit that by their peaceful and patriotic conduct since the war the southerners have in a measure atoned for the rebellion into which they were led by a fatal institution recognized by our government and engrafted on the constitution in the days of Washington?

If the political solidity of the south is to be broken, how much better, how much nobler, how much more honorable would it be to break it up by such treatment as this than by intrigues with political tramps like Mahone and Riddleberger and by the purchase of scalawags with the federal patronage!

This is a government of equal rights. The southern states are as well entitled to adhere to one political party as the eastern states are to adhere to another. But because New England is "solidly" republican would the democrats be justified in constantly misrepresenting and slandering that section, and in seizing upon every excuse for declaring it the hot-bed of immorality, ruffianism, swindling, oppression, and all the worst crimes in the calendar?

While the republican politicians distort every occurrence at the south into a sectional crime; while they continue to lie about the southern people; while they seek to excite race troubles and insist upon treating the southerners as if they were not American citizens, clothed with all the rights that a northern citizen enjoys, they can never expect to win electoral votes from the southern states, however hard they may try to steal them.

Matters Constitutional.

From the Hartwell Sun.

THE CONSTITUTION has done and is doing a great work. It is the Archimedean lever that has brought the empire state of the south above a level of her sister states. It is emphatically the leading daily of the leading southern state. Next year is to be a busy time in the state and national politics, and every one who has the advantage of a daily mail should take the daily, and those who have not should by all means take the weekly. There exists a mistaken idea of economy among some of our people. The first thing they cut off when they begin to retrench is their newspaper. This is a great mistake. The farmer would not neglect to provide himself with plows to cultivate his lands, in order to reduce expenses; nor should he cut off his newspapers, for they are the plowshares that cultivate and render fertile the minds of the family. Take your leading state paper and your county paper, and cut off something you can better afford to do without.

From the Calhoun Times.

It is by far the best daily for this section, and it is almost indispensable to many of our citizens.

From the Berrien County News.

It is one of the best papers published in the south, and is one of the indispensable institutions of Georgia.

From the Covington Enterprise.

When completed THE CONSTITUTION building in Atlanta will be a beauty to behold.

State Sentiment.

From the Savannah News.

Savannahward Sergeant Bates is slowly but surely tramping his way. He lectured in Chattanooga Monday night on "Citizenship and the Union."

His fourteen year old son is carrying the flag and the sergeant is burdened with the brag. There is some slight hope left that he will be feted and foundered in Atlanta, and his fell purpose of connecting this city with Chicago, in his last feat of patriotic pedestrianism, defeated.

From the Middle Georgia Times.

Dr. H. H. Carlton's plea for paying for slave property freed by the result of the late war, is all bosh and will never even be considered by the intelligent people of the south. The negroes are free and the government will not and ought not to pay for them, and no sane man expects it.

From the Augusta Chronicle.

Senator Bayard thinks that Mr. Blount, of Georgia, would be a good man for the second place on the ticket. Such a course would be embarrassing to the branch of the Sparta Ishmaelite, published in Macon. Sometimes crow comes high, but we must have it.

From the Rome Courier.

The Atlanta correspondent of the Savannah News writes that "it is confidently rumored that the supreme court (Judge John [illegible] Stewart sitting for Chief Justice Jackson) will probably decide in favor of the convict lessees, and take away the convicts from the North Georgia and Marietta railroad company. Should this rumor prove true, there will be a lively time in politics next year in this state, as north Georgia feels that she is entitled to some little aid in her efforts—show though they may have been—to develop that section of the state.

A $4,000 BOND.

Judge Hammond Decides that Cal Varnadoe May Have His Freedom.

Cal Varnedoe was yesterday taken before Judge Hammond, of the Fulton superior court, upon a writ of habeas corpus. General Gartrell, Colonel Spencer and Hon. James A. Anderson appeared for the prisoner, while Solicitor-General Hill alone represented the state.

The case was begun about noon, and consumed several hours of the day. The evidence adduced was exactly the same as that deposed at the coroner's inquest immediately after Whitehead's death, except that an additional witness was produced by the state, but by him no additional facts were established. The attorneys for the prisoner argued that the case was a bailable one, while Solicitor General Hill strenuously denied their claim. The speeches were able and complete, and when the case was submitted to Judge Hammond he decided that there was no cause shown why Varnadoe should not be admitted to bail. The bond was fixed at $4,000. The defendant will not attempt to mature his bond until after the holidays. The state's case was not fully made out yesterday.

Work and Wages.

MOUNT CARMEL, Pennsylvania, December 24.—Work was suspended at No. 1 Franklin colliery, near Treavorton to-day for three months, throwing 500 men and boys out of work. The Philadelphia and Reading coal and iron company operated the colliery, and will enlarge the breaker and develop the underground workings during the suspension.

The Thomas iron company, at Hokendauqua, has given notice of a general reduction of 10 per cent in all wages, to take effect Janury 1st. This company recently reduced its working force at least one-third. The Crane iron company, at Catasauques, has given notice of another reduction of 10 per cent to take effect January 1st. This makes a reduction of 20 per cent by this company, which, on Saturday, further cut down expenses by discharging some hands. Nearly every furnace in the valley has reduced wages. The Glendon iron company is an exception, though it has cut down its production.

Reducing Wages.

MORRISTOWN, PENN., December 24.—James Hooven & Sons, and J. H. Boone & Co., iron manufacturers of this place, have posted notices in their mills announcing that on and after January 1st, 1884, the price of puddling will be reduced from $4 to $3.75 per ton. That wages of all other employes will be reduced in proportion.

MEXICO AND MEXICANS.

A GEORGIAN ABROAD AMONG THE GREASERS.

A Visit to Paso Del Norte—A History of Over Three Hundred Years—Bull Fighting as an Amusement—An Ancient Cathedral—Blistered by a Norther—Prairie Dogs, Etc.

Special to The Constitution.

PASO, DEL NORTE, MEXICO December 24.—This old town, founded over three hundred years ago, is situated on the south side of the Rio Grande, opposite to, and connected by street railroad with the new and flourishing American city of El Paso. A cathedral built two hundred and eighty years since is one of its great curiosities, but to me its greatest curiosity is the bull fight. Being the week of some patron Saint, things are lively here, being mixed up; church in the morning, and for a change, in the afternoon, monte, cock fights and bull baiting. At night a robbery or burglary or two; but, then, this is Mexico and a great big religious week, so it is excusable.

This place as it name indicates is "the pass of the north," being a gap in this mountain range, a spur of the Sierra through which the "Rio Grande del Norte" runs. This river is about sixty yards wide now, and at its highest, about 150 yards wide, very muddy and apparently sluggish, though its water when filtered is excellent for drinking purposes.

The houses here are nearly all built of adobes in Mexican fashion, that is one story with a dirt and thatch roof and of a large house, with a court yard in the centre. Such houses are cool in summer and warm in winter, the walls being about fourteen inches thick. The adobe is pronounced "Doby." It is made of dirt, straw and gravel, dried in the sun, being about 12x18 inches, and about 4 inches thick. When laid in the wall their cost is about $15 per thousand. In a climate where there is little or no rain, as this was years ago, the adobe house is the most comfortable one built, especially if plastered outside and inside. In such the centipedes, other insects and snakes cannot find lodgment, which is an item here. The Mexicans claim that the seasons have been changed by the influx of Americans, and that the rains are now longer, heavier and oftener than in the days when an American was a rarity. The building of railroads, or some other cause has, it appears, civilized the weather; but to this date has failed to Americanize the Mexican. The improvidence of the negro race is equaled by the Mexican, who will spend his daily pittance as quickly as it comes to his hand. He is therefore a good citizen for the merchant, who panders to his taste for gaud and glitter, and sells him at high prices.

There has been a norther for the past three days, and the Mexican, wrapped in his many-colored or solid red blanket, showing only his nose, with a broad brimmed white felt hat or sombrero heavily banded, slouched over his black eyes, is the rule and not the exception. The Mexican's antipathy to speaking English is equaled only by his dislike to "Los Gringos," as he calls the Americans. This refers only to the lower classes. The educated class speak good English and are very genteel.

I strolled into the quaint old adobe Catholic church, with its thatched roof, situated on the plaza, this afternoon and wondered at its age and good condition. Coming out I noticed that my steps were directly on a bricked up grave, which I had mistaken for a pavement. The graves are right in front of the church or cathedral rather. Out on the plaza booths were erected and every kind of gambling with cards and dice and wheels was carried on. The betters were Mexicans, old and young, male and female. In Mexico, it seems to me, that everybody gambles. To the right of this gaming plaza was the bull pen and the cock pit. A Mexican dollar was demanded for reserved seats. Stopping a moment to visit a chicken difficulty I passed on to the corral and was directed to an elevated range of seats where a large crowd of Mexicans and Americans, many of them females, were seated. The band struck up, the Mexican soldiers lounged around, the doors to the corral were opened and a vaquero mounted on a poor mule came made his appearance pulling a lariat but no infuriated bull was forthcoming. Soon another lean pony and dirty vaquero putting another rope were visible, and then by dint of haul ing, a small bull was dragged into the arena. My recollections of what Spanish history had said of bull fights vanished, and I was "sold." Aftr throwing the poor scared bull his horns were sawed off near the points, and he was on his feet pawing the air. The vaquero was not noticed. To the sound of a trumpet four gaudily dressed Mexican toreadors on foot, with faded pink cambric coverlets, appeared and tried to devi a bull into a fight. The first animal did charge the toreadors, who easily eluded him, but the bull had not lost the horse nor the horse lost the bull, so the horse and the bull eluded each other and the vaquero could not use his spear. The toreadors then stuck little spikes sharped like fishhooks into the bull, but still he and the horse avoided each other. Three other bulls would not, as they were successively let into the corrall, even fight the rags. It was as complete a farce as I ever saw and the cold I caught there has sickened me of bull fights. Several pretty Mexican ladies were present.

Grapes, fruit and vegetables with a little small grain is raised, by means of accequias, or ditches, which flood the land. Away from water courses, this section of Mexico seems worthless. The fences of this long straggling town of ten miles are all of adobes. Cottonwood trees grow from the cuttings along the ditches. The streets are narrow and the place, I presume, looked the same two hundred years ago. Progress and the average Mexican are sworn enemies. Improvements are all made by Americans and other foreigners. The present rulers of Mexico seem to be the only crowd that has ever tried to improve the country.

The Mexican government pays a large subsidy to the parties building railroads into that country, and extends every facility it can, as the rulers realize the fact that railroads must be built or their country remain behind the age. The Mexican Central railroad is fast being completed between this point and the city of Mexico, a distance of over twelve hundred miles, and next May will see the steel rails laid its entire length.

To-morrow a party composed of Colonel D. B. Robinson general manager of the road; Mr. Herron, secretary of Wells & Fargo Express; and several other gentlemen leave for the city of Mexico by way of the Central railroad or "Ferro Carril Central Mexicano," as known here. There is a gap of 180 miles between the two divisions that will be traveled in ambulances. Four night's camping out in the mountains will be sufficient. Each man will be well armed and carry his outfit of bedding. A splendid time is anticipated.

The building of the northern division under Colonel Robinson's superintendency is without parallel for rapidity. There were 351 miles of track laid in 219 days. In August sixty-eight miles and in July fifty-eight miles were laid. On August 30th he laid three miles, and four and a quarter miles the next day. The first ten days of this month added twenty-two miles; this too on a grade of fifty-two feet to the mile. The summit of the mountains was crossed about 588 miles south of here. This record for a man only about thirty-six years old has promoted Colonel Robinson from the superintendency to the entire managemedt of the Mexican Central, which road in its unfinished state now earns $200,000 a month. Thirty loaded cars from the American side is the average tonnage now carried into Mexico. When completed, the trafic will, I believe, equal that of the state road.

Passenger trains will run from El Paso to the City of Mexico in May next. Then a trip to Mexico will supersede one to Cuba. The tourist, the invalid, the land grabber and the drummer will be found here in numbers. The halls of the Montezumas will ring with the laughter of that race which has no respect for antiquity, and very little for the land titles of his neighbor—the American.

CONABAR.

A Good Jump.

From the Early County, Ga., News.

Mr. Julian Davis, of Calhoun county, is the owner of a hog that recently made a jump of forty-five feet while standing flat-footed. Mr. Davis turned the hog out of the lot and the hog in his endeavors to get back in the lot attempted to jump over a well. Instead of going over he went down into the well, the distance of forty-five feet before striking water. He was rescued and is now being fattened for Mr. Davis's Christmas feast.

A MAIDEN'S CHRISTMAS.

Mary—such thy name should be:
Earthly name most heavenly!—
Far thy spirit soaring,
Hears the old sweet solemn lays
From the first of Christmas Days;
Hear the shepherd song of praise,
And joins in its adoring.

Maiden in thy sainted mood
Glad as holy, fair as good,
Merry Christmas greeting
To a heart as pure as thine
Comes with love and joy divine,
As the star of peace to shine
On the Christmas meeting.

Joyful sound and vision bright
In the homely loves unite;
Heart with heart rejoices.
Faith stands meekly beckoning;
Peace from heaven she seems to bring—
"Peace on earth" the angels sing
In the household voices.

Echoing glory sounds in them
From the Inn of Bethlehem;
Still glad tidings telling.
Ever shines the Sacred Birth
In the olden Christmas mirth:
Praise on high, good will on earth—
Joy to every dwelling!

—GODFREY TURNER.

THE STATES AROUND.

FROM VIRGINIA TO TEXAS AND KENTUCKY TO FLORIDA.

Thirteen Men Injured and One Killed by the Fall of a Shaft in the Pratt Mines in Alabama—A Journment of the South Carolina Legislature—A Heavy Snow in Virginia.

By telegraph to The Constitution.

COLUMBIA, December 24.—The legislature adjourned sine die this morning at 2 o'clock, after a session of twenty-eight days. Two hundred and eighty five acts were passed.

Paris, Arkansas.

PARIS, December 24.—While a family named Gray, consisting of a man, wife and child, and two middle aged ladies, from Illinois, were attempting to cross Petit Jean creek, near Paris, last Thursday, they were swept away by the swollen stream and all drowned.

Petersburg, Virginia.

"THE BEAUTIFUL SNOW."

PETERSBURG, Va., December 24.—Snow fell here last night and this morning to the depth of nearly four inches. The storm appears to have been quite general throughout the state, extending to the North Carolina line. It is the first snow storm of any consequence here this season.

Moncure, North Carolina.

MONCURE, North Carolina, December 24.—A triple murder was committed this morning at Chatham church, six miles from here. The victims were Mrs. Olive Gunter, 80 years old, and her daughter and grand-daughter. Each was struck several blows with an ax. No clue to the murderer and the community is greatly excited.

Charleston, South Carolina.

CHARLESTON, December 24.—A dense fog has prevailed here for several days, which has obstructed the movement of vessels by this course. The steamer City of Palatka was detained on her passage from Jacksonville, and the City of Columbia, for New York, is here awaiting the arrival of the City of Palatka.

Birmingham, Alabama.

BIRMINGHAM, December 24.—While a cage containing twenty convict laborers was descending the shaft in the Pratt mines this morning, the engine became unmanageable and the cage fell to the bottom, a distance of 204 feet, and rebounded sixty feet. Most of the men fell out. One of them, Joseph Phelan, colored, was killed. Thirteen were injured, twelve of them seriously. Two of the men were whites and the others colored.

New Orleans, Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, December 24.—Some time ago the New Orleans national bank obtained an injunction against the United States postal authorities for their interference with the correspondence addressed to the bank for the lottery company, which had been denied the use of the mails. The motion to dissolve the injunction was fixed for argument to-day before Jude Don A. Pardee of the United States court. The postoffice authorities were represented by Attorney General Brewster, Assistant Attorney General Freeman, of the postoffice department, and District Attorney Leonard, and the Bank Lottery company by Chandler, Moulton, and Semmes and Hymes. By agreement between the counsel, and at the suggestion of Attorney-General Brewster, Judge Pardee allowed the case to lie over until Wednesday.

Chattanooga, Tennessee.

ARRESTED ON REQUISITION.

CHATTANOOGA, December 24.—Bob Younger, one of the Younger brothers and a companion of Jesse James, was arrested yesterday near Warrior, Ala., on a requisition from the governor of Missouri.

Bill Younger, who was arrested at Warrior, Alabama, Saturday last, by Sheriff Foute, of Louden county, Tennessee, confessed his identity to the reporter and stated that he had been an associate of Jessie James, but denied that the James brothers were concerned in the Muscle Shoals robbery. A special dispatch from Jefferson City, referring to this arrest, says the prisoner, is not Bill Younger, but Clifton Ware, who deliberately killed Robert Cummings at Madison, Monroe county, Missouri, on the 26th day of May last. Governor Crittenden had a dispatch from Sheriff Foute announcing the arrest of Ware.

Saturday night, from some unknown cause, all the gas in the city suddenly went out. At White Elephant saloon the jets were left open till the room was filled with gas, when lighted again a terrible explosion took place. Persons gathered there mere scarcely over the fright when another explosion occurred. No one was seriously injured, though several were slightly burned.

A WOMAN BISHOP TALKS.

He Opposes Female Suffrage and Is in Favor of Compulsory Civil Marriage.

NEW YORK, December 24,—Bishop Sharp, of Salt Lake City, who is President of the Utah Central railroad, a director of the Union Pacific, and also a brother of the fugitive George Sharpe of Atlanta, was on the point of leaving for home last evening, when he was accosted by a reporter, who said to him: "Bishop, I am very sorry that you have so little time at your disposal, as I should like to obtain your views of the Mormon question."

"Well, I can give them to you," he said, "while I am strapping my valise. What do you want to know?"

"What do you think of a plan of a commission to take the place of your territorial legislature?"

"I don't think it is worth considering, for Senator Edmunds has killed it."

"Then you have read his letter to the Independent?"

"No; but I have seen an extract from it in the Evening Post."

"That I believe was the whole letter?"

"Then, if it was, all I have to say about it that it is an admirable one. I approve of it generally, and so will the majority of our people. As to what he says of the unconstitutionality of the commission measure, we never doubted that he would regard it in that light. It originated with a few discontented politicians, who, not being able to obtain the offices of the territory, were determined that the majority of the people should not possess them. The senator's proposal of making civil marriage compulsory, is an excellent one and ought to be adopted, not only in Utah, but everywhere. I intend, however, to forestall him in this, for as soon as I reach home I will endeavor to have such a bill introduced in our legislature. Now, one thing more, which, with those I have mentioned, comprises all that is important in Senator Edmunds' letter—the repeal of female suffrage. We have no objection to that. It will save our women from contact with many disreputable characters. Female suffrage was advocated by 'Gentiles' themselves, because it was thought the Mormon women would take advantage of it to gain independence from their husbands' control. But they did not feel disposed to vote themselves outcasts of society. As the Gentiles favored the measure, it is quite in order that they should get it repealed, now that it does not answer their purpose, or indeed any purpose of value. Polygamists and women excluded from the franchise, we shall still have all the voters that we need. We are capable of making our own laws, and we propose to go on in a quiet, orderly way without throwing any obstructions in the way of the federal courts, or concerning ourselves about the opinions of sensational preachers or a sensational press. I have been here on railroad business. If I had a little more time I could tell you what the railroad is doing for the prosperity of Utah."

A WESTERN AVALANCHE.

Eleven Men Caught Under a Mass of Snow and Killed and Wounded.

DENVER, Colorado, December 24.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Oury, Colorado, says news has been received in Ouray of a terrible accident at the Virginius mines, which occurred Friday. Owing to the stormy weather, which has been more severe than has been known for years, the messenger could not reach Ouray sooner, though the distance is only seven miles. The Virginius mine is owned by the Carolina mining company, of Boston. It employes thirty-five men, and is situated above the timber line at the foot of the surfias range. On Friday afternoon, a huge mass of snow started from the top of the range, swelled into an avalanche as it descended, striking the buildings and boarding house, where eleven men were, and swept it completely away, crushing and burrying the men fifteen or twenty feet under the snow among the rocks and timbers. The avalanche missed the engine house. After the noise and confusion which followed, other miners hoisted from the shaft started to search for their comrades. Five were taken alive but badly crushed, and may die. Six others were found dead.

Reports from the mountain towns state that there has been an unusual fall of snow, it being from four to six feet deep on the level. The warm weather of the past few days is the cause of the snow slides, which are a common occurrence late in the spring, but are not looked for at this season of the year, which will make the present one all the more disastrous. Other accounts of equally calamitous character may be expected, as soon as the messengers can make their way from interior sections.

SNOW, SLUSH AND SLEET.

The Bad Streak of Christmas Weather—Disastrous Snow Slides.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., December 24.—Early this morning the New York bound freight train on the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad struck, near Milford, in a large snowdrift, which extinguished the fire and caused an explosion which blew out the furnace doors. The engineer, Z. Ross, was badly scalded. The fireman, J. Lynch, was badly burned. Conductor Searles, who was assisting the fireman, was blown from the engine into the drift. He lost some teeth and received several bruises. Later reports say that the engineer and fireman were killed.

THE WEIGHT OF THE SNOW.

LANCASTER, Pa., December 24.—The Farmers' Northern market on North Queen street, this city, a large brick structure 244x87 feet, was totally demolished about three o'clock this morning by the weight of snow resting on the roof. The supports of the roof gave way and the walls fell into the adjacent streets on the neighboring buildings, in many cases utterly ruining the latter. Several narrow escapes from death occurred, but owing to the early hour at which it took place no loss of life is reported. If the accident had happened several hours later, hundreds of lives would have been lost, as many people would then have been in the building and it would have been impossible for any of the occupants to have escaped. The loss on the market house and surrounding property will be about $53,000. No insurance.

THE BRIDGE WASHED AWAY.

NEW ALBANY, Indiana, December 24.—The bridge over the Blue river, on the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago railroad, about one and a half miles south of Salem, was washed away this morning, and the southbound train ran into the washout, killing Chas. Sanford, train baggage master, of this city, and a lady, Dora Eddings, of Lafayette, and five passengers, whose names were not learned. The wounded were James Vaughan, engineer, and his fireman, and eight passengers, names not ascertained. The train consisted of one baggage car, two coaches and one sleeper, with baggage and express matter. A special train with officers of the road and assistants, left Louisville about 11:30 a. m. for the wreck. Among the killed was Jacob Hellpreich, father of the master car builder of the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago railway.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., December 24.—Two trains on the Indianapolis and St. Louis railroad were in collision on a bridge near Avon last night. Robert Madris, brakeman, was fatally injured and conductor Brown was slightly hurt. The accident caused delay of all trains.

CHICAGO, December 24.—The Louisville passenger train over the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago railroad, which left here last evening, went through a bridge near Salem, Indiana. Eight passengers were hurt but no persons killed.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn, December 24.—The freight train was wrecked at the west end of the railroad bridge here to-day. The wreck was caused by a wild engine running into the regular freight train. Three employes were seriously injured and one of them will probably die. The men were caught in the shattered caboose in such a way that they had to be chopped from the burning car. Two cars were burned, in addition to the damage done to the engine and the other cars.

Johnson—Murrell.

Mr. Steve Johnson, so well and favorably known throughout Georgia, and especially in Atlanta, was married on the 22d, instant, in Chicago, to Mrs. Ella Cummings Murrell, the accomplished daughter of Major James F. Cummings, of this city. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson reached Atlanta last night and are now at the residence of Major Cumming, 64 Cooper street, where they were tendered a reception last night. The marriage ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Kittridge at the Third Presbyterian church on Ashland avenue. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson have the best wishes of a large circle of friends.

Rudly Hacked up.

Last night there was a negro ball at the Campbell block on Butler street, and a row occurred. Mary Cooper and Savannah Davis, two girls were the leading figures. The former was given eleven distinct and ugly knife wounds by the latter. Both parties were arrested.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, stength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short-weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Wholesale by Boynton Bros, Atlanta, Ga.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, ORDINARY'S office, October 5, 1883—Martha A. Warmack, administratrix of Cynthia L. Kyle, deceased, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission.

This is therefore to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, ORDINARY'S Office, October 5, 1883.—Michael E. Maher, administrator of Maggie R. Pettis, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission.

This is therefore to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Eulliene de Arostequi vs. Minuel de Arostequi. Libel for Divorce in Fulton Superior Court. Fal Term, 1883.

IT APPEARING TO THE COURT BY THE RETURN of the sheriff in the above case that the defendant does not reside in said county, and it further being made to appear to the court that he resides out of the state:

It is ordered by the court that service be made on said defendant by the publication of this order once a month for four months in the Atlanta Constitution.

W. R. HAMMOND,
J. S. C. A. C.
EMORY SPEER,
Libellant's Att'y.

A true extract from the minutes of the Superior Court of said county, this November 14th, 1883.

C. H. STRONG,
C. S. A.

AN OPEN SECRET AMONG THE LADIES

The brilliant, fascinating tints of Complexion for which ladies strive are chiefly artificial, and all who will take the trouble may secure them. These roseate, bewitching hues follow the use of Hagan's Magnolia Balm—a delicate, harmless and always reliable article. Sold by all druggists. The Magnolia Balm conceals every blemish, removes Sallowness, Tan, Redness, Eruptions, all evidences of excitement and every imperfection.

Its effects are immediate and so natural that no human being can detect its application.

OBITUARY.

FORD—Died of consumption at Palatka, Fla., on December 20th, 1883, Dr. A. C. Ford, formerly of Atlanta.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

KENNEDY—Died, in Atlanta, December 24th, 1883, Mr. G. W. Kennedy, in his 74th year.

His friends and the friends of James and Alice Woods are invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, 167 Decatur street, at 3 o'clock p. m. to day.

☞ North Carolina papers please copy.

DOWNING HILL NURSERY

ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

NEAR GRANT'S PARK.

OFFERS FOR SALE THE PRESENT SEASON a very choice and varied collection of Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Strawberry Plants, and a fine collection of Ornamental Evergreen and Deciduous Trees and Shrubbery. Green house Bedding Plants, etc.

Catalogues free by mail. Address,
W. P. ROBINSON,
Atlanta, Ga.

STILL HOLDS THE FORT.

"Like the rolling tide of Jordan"
Every week and day and hour
It goes and pleases certain,
The Diamond Patent Flour.

The books of the Western and Atlantic Railroad show that for 18 months the receipts of

DIAMOND PATENT FLOUR

in Atlanta has been larger than all the other Patent Flours combined.

THE QUALITY OF THIS FLOUR IS AS GOOD AS CAN BE MADE, AND THE PRICE REASONABLE.

Hence it is that over 100 Grocers in Atlanta sell it and more than 20,000 citizens of Atlanta are using it.

To those who have not tried it, we say "TRY ONE SACK AND BE CONVINCED."

For sale by all first-class Grocers.

GEORGIA, JASPER COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, December 20, 1883.—Thomas J. Turk has applied for permanent letters of administration on the estate of William C. Turk, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in February next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for.

F. M. SWANSON, Ordinary.

DIAMONDS WATCHES AND FINE JEWELRY.



Sterling Silver Ware, Bronzes, Clocks, Plated Ware, Bric-a-brac and Objects of Art.

Freeman & Crankshaw,

☞ Send for Price List. **31 Whitehall Street.**

J. P. STEVENS & CO

Diamonds.

Diamonds

Diamonds.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.

34 WHITEHALL STREET.

OPERA HOUSE.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY December 28 and 29. | Grand Saturday Matinee at 2 o'clock.

The Great American Tragedienne and Emotional Artist.

ROSE EYTINGE,

SUPPORTED BY CYRIL SEARLE,

And a company of twenty select artists who will appear.

FRIDAY NIGHT and Saturday Matinee } WINTER'S TALE.

Which will be presented with new scenery, beautiful music, incidental dances, select quartette and ballet, elegant costumes, grand tableau of a ship of the olden time wrecked at sea, great trial scenes in the temple of the sun, the pastoral home of Perdita.

SATURDAY NIGHT. } OLIVER TWIST.

In the original version, as played by Miss Eytinge before the author, Charles Dickens, in London.

Usual prices. Reserved seats 25 cents extra at Phillips & Crew's.

LECTURE.

DR. J. H. VINCENT,

Of New York, at DeGive's Opera House,

MONDAY NIGHT, DECEMBER 31,

Under auspices Lecture Committee

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION

SUBJECT:

"THAT BOY'S SISTER."

Dr. Vincent is one of the most Popular and Eloquent Lecturers on the Lecture Platform.

General admission 75cts; Gallery 50cts; Reserved Seats $1.00

FOR SALE OR RENT.

LARGE SALE

--OF BEAUTIFULLY SITUATED LOTS--

AT AUCTION,

On Saturday, the 29th of December, at 10 O'clock a. m.,

--ON THE GROUND.--

THIS PROPERTY ADJOINS THE NEWLY erected reservoir belonging to the Athens city water works company, and has been greatly enhanced in value since the completion of these elegant works. Persons wishing to purchase desirable building plats will now have an opportunity seldom offered. The lots offered will be parts of lots 1, 5, 6, 7, 26, 27, 28, 29 and 30 of the old Newton homestead tract, and will contain from ½ to 6 acres in a tract. Upon lot 6 is located the old Newton residence, which is also for sale, and which is now considered to be as desirable a piece of residence property as is to be found in the city of Athens. Terms of unimproved tracts, ¼ cash, balance in one year, with interest at 8 per cent. Special terms will be made on day of sale for lot 6, with residence. For further information, apply to

J. S. WILLIFORD,
Real Estate Agent,

Or Geo. W. Foote, secretary water works company, at the Commercial hotel, Athens, Ga.

A. B. ANDREWS

Is now offering the most desirable line of

FALL & WINTER

OVERCOATS.

—THE—

NOBBIEST LINE OF SUITS,

And the largest stock of

UNDERWEAR

NECKWEAR

—AND—

CARDIGAN JACKETS

—IN THE CITY AT—

BOTTOM PRICES.

Suits and Shirts made to Order.

A. B. ANDREWS

16 WHITEHALL ST.

Executor's Sale.

WILL BE SOLD ON THE FIRST TUESDAY in February, 1884, within the legal hours of sale before the courthouse door in the county of Fulton, to the highest bidder, the following described property to-wit: the store house and lot fronting on the west side of Peachtree street in the city of Atlanta, twenty-one and one fourth feet and running back fifty feet, said property bounded on the north by Berry's lot, on the east by Peachtree street, on the south by Healey's bank building and on the west by store occupied by T. C. Mayson, grocer. Said land sold as property of J. W. Medlock, deceased, late of said county in accordance with the provisions of his last will and testament, for the purpose of distribution among the heirs at law. Terms of sale cash.

W. P. MEDLOCK, Executor.

Fleischmann & Co's Compressed Yeast

The ladies of Atlanta may now be supplied with this celebrated yeast by calling upon their grocer. This is the yeast used at the Vienna Model Bakery of the Centennial Exposition. It has taken first premium at Vienna, Amsterdam, Prague, Paris, New Orleans, St. Louis, Chicago, Cincinnati, New York, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia.

It is a purely vegetable yeast, put up in tin foil with yellow label, and delivered fresh daily to the grocer and baker trade of Atlanta. Full directions for making bread and Vienna pastry can be obtained of your grocer. Very respectfully,

FLEISCHMANN & CO.,
Manufacturers compressed yeast. Georgia agency, 110 Peachtree street, Atlanta.

JNO. E. KENNEY,
Agent-in-charge.

THE GREAT SAUCE OF THE WORLD.

LEA & PERRINS'

Imparts the most delicious taste and zest to

EXTRACT

of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras, to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is in my opinion, the most palatable, as well as the most wholesome sauce that is made."



SOUPS, GRAVIES, FISH, HOT & COLD MEATS, GAME, &c.

Lea & Perrins

Signature is on every bottle of GENUINE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Sold and used throughout the world.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

KENNESAW ROUTE

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD

The following Time Card in effect Sunday, October 28, 1883:

NORTH BOUND.

NO 3 WESTERN EXPRESS—Daily

Leave	Atlanta	7 30 am
Arrive	Marietta	8 20 am
"	Cartersville	9 25 am
"	Kingston	9 52 am
"	Dalton	11 23 am
"	Chattanooga	1 00 pm

NO 1—FAST EXPRESS—Daily.

Leave	Atlanta	2 35 pm
Arrive	Marietta	3 27 pm
"	Cartersville	4 29 pm
"	Dalton	6 22 pm
"	Chattanooga	8 00 pm

NO 11—LIMITED EXPRESS—Daily.

Leave	Atlanta	11 40 pm
Arrive	Marietta	12 39 am
"	Acworth	1 14 am
"	Cartersville	1 49 am
"	Kingston	2 16 am
Arrive	Dalton	3 44 am
"	Chattanooga	5 15 am

ROME EXPRESS—NORTH—Daily except Sundays

Leave	Atlanta	3 50 pm
Arrive	Marietta	4 48 pm
"	Kennesaw (Big Shanty)	5 08 pm
"	Cartersville	5 58 pm
Arrive	Kingston	6 33 pm
"	Rome	7 20 pm

MARIETTA EXPRESS—NORTH, Daily except Sunday.

Leave	Atlanta	5 00 pm
Arrive	Bolton	5 20 pm
"	Gilmore	5 27 pm
"	Vining's	5 31 pm
"	McIvor's	5 33 pm
"	Smyrna	5 42 pm
"	Marietta	5 55 pm

No 1 carries Pullman Cars from Atlanta to Louisville, Jacksonville to Cincinnati, New Orleans to Washington.

No 11 carries Pullman Cars from Savannah to Chicago and Atlanta to Nashville.

SOUTH BOUND.

NO 4—FAST EXPRESS.

Leave	Chattanooga	8 05 am
Arrive	Dalton	9 44 am
"	Kingston	11 16 am
"	Cartersville	11 42 am
"	Marietta	12 48 pm
Arrive	Atlanta	1 40 pm

NO 2—SOUTHERN EXPRESS.

Leaves	Chattanooga	2 55 pm
Arrive	Dalton	4 30 pm
"	Kingston	6 02 pm
"	Cartersville	6 31 pm
"	Marietta	7 47 pm
Arrive	Atlanta	8 40 pm

No. 12—LIMITED EXPRESS—Daily.

Leave	Chattanooga	10 35 pm
Arrive	Dalton	12 13 am
"	Kingston	1 41 am
"	Cartersville	2 08 am
"	Marietta	3 10 am
"	Atlanta	4 00 am

ROME EXPRESS—SOUTH—Daily Except Sunday

Leave	Rome	8 20 am
"	Kingston	9 15 am
Arrive	Cartersville	9 45 am
"	Kennesaw (Big Shanty)	10 31 am
"	Marietta	10 49 am
Arrive	Atlanta	11 45 am

MARIETTA EXPRESS—SOUTH. Daily except Sunday.

Leave	Marietta	7 55 am
Arrive	Smyrna	8 07 am
"	McIvor's	8 20 am
"	Vining's	8 23 am
"	Gilmore	8 28 am
"	Bolton	8 35 am
Arrive	Atlanta	8 55 am

No 4 carries Pullman Cars from Cincinnati to Atlanta Washington to New Orleans, Louisville to Atlanta.

No 12 carries Pullman Cars from Chicago to Savannah and Louisville to Atlanta.

S. W. WRENN, Gen Pass Agt.
R. A. ANDERSON, Superintendent.

VALUABLE LANDS FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE SOME of the most valuable lands in middle Georgia. These lands, lying in Morgan county, on the waters of Little river and Honeycut creek, contain the most valuable timbers of all descriptions, and lies in such manner as make them the very best farming lands in said county. There are six lots, as follows: Lot No. 1 contains one hundred and three acres with water. Lot No. 2 contains ninety-four acres with water. Lot No. 3 contains one hundred acres with water. Lot No. 4 contains one hundred and thirty-seven acres with water. Lot No. 5 contains one hundred and thirty-three acres with water, and lot No. 6 contains one hundred and ninety-six acres with water. These lands lie all about six miles southwest of Rutledge, and in convenient distance of the Georgia railroad. Lot No. 6 is well supplied with water power, and could be easily adapted to any kind of machinery. Persons would do well to call on or address the undersigned. Lands recently surveyed and platted. This December 10th, 1883

MRS MARTHA J. GREEN, Social Circle, Ga.
or address A. S. FLORENCE, Social Circle, Ga.

A. W. ADAIR.....AUCTIONEER.

MARIETTA STREET PROPERTY.

13 ROOMS, 2 STORY BRICK RESIDENCE.

I WILL SELL UPON THE PREMISES ON MONday, the

31st Day of December, 1883.

at 3 o'clock, p. m., that splendid central property fronting 100 feet on Marietta street, opposite the Atlanta Cotton Factory, and running thence to Walton street, divided in three lots, one lot 100x112 on Marietta street, and two lots on Walton street, each 50x90 feet. On the Marietta street lot is a large well constructed two-story brick residence containing 13 rooms, well adapted for a boarding house. There is 25 feet vacant ground on each side of house suited for stores. Marietta street is becoming one of the best business streets in the city; it has Belgian pavement, brick sidewalks, water and gas mains, street cars. The large number of manufacturing establishments now in operation, and increasing every month, indicate a future for this kind of property that is worthy of the consideration and closest scrutiny of capitalists seeking No. 1. real estate investments. Titles indisputable. Terms, one-half cash, balance 12 months, 8 per cent.

G. W. ADAIR.
Wall street, Centennial Building.

Ada C. Markle vs. A. W. Markle. Libel for Divorce in Fulton Superior Court. Fall Term, 1883.

IT APPEARING TO THE COURT BY THE RETurn of the sheriff in the above case that the defendant does not reside in said county, and it further being made to appear to the court that he resides out of this State:

It is ordered by the court that service be made on said defendant by the publication of this order once a month for four months in the "Atlanta Constitution."

W. R. HAMMOND,
J. S. C. A. C.
L. J. GLENN & SON,
Libellant's Atty's.

A true extract from the minutes of the superior court of said county. This October 16, 1883.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

Weak Nervous Men



Whose debility, exhausted powers, premature decay and failure to perform life's duties properly are caused by excesses, errors of youth, etc., will find a perfect and lasting restoration to robust health and vigorous manhood in THE MARSTON BOLUS. Neither stomach dragging nor instruments. This treatment of Nervous Debility and Physical Decay is uniformly successful because based on perfect diagnosis, new and direct methods and absolute thoroughness. Full information and Treatise free. Address Consulting Physician of

MARSTON REMEDY CO., 46 W. 14th St., New York.

SUFFERERS

from Youthful Imprudence, causing Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness. Valuable information for home cure free. Used 23 years successfully. Dr. A. O. Olin, Box 249, Chicago

Self Cure Free

Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, Weakness and Decay. A favorite prescription of a noted specialist (now retired.) Druggists can fill it. Address

DR. WARD & CO., LOUISIANA, Mo.



PARQUET FLOORS

Wm. Hannam & Co
31 E. 17th St. (Union Sq.)
NEW YORK

¾ inch tongue and grooved European styles, solid and substantial. Also, ¾ inch Fancy Wood Carpet Floors. Book of design, per mail, for 2c.

tu | December 15th, 1883. | J. M. McGUIRK, Administrator.

A. & S. ROSENFELD,
24 Whitehall, corner Alabama.

BANK

—OF THE—

STATE OF GEORGIA,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CASH CAPITAL......$100,000.00
SURPLUS FUND......50,000.00

STOCKHOLDERS (with unincumbered property worth over a million dollars) Individually liable.

JOHN H. JAMES, Banker BUYS AND sells Bonds and Stocks, and pays interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum on money.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN

BROKER & DEALER IN STOCKS & BONDS

Office 46 and 48 East Alabama Street.

Will occupy rooms 7 and 8 in Gate City National Bank building (Pryor Street entrance) soon as completed.

GEORGIA COTTON, PRODUCE

—AND—

STOCK EXCHANGE,

PAINE, ROWLAND & CO., Managers.

Brokers in Cotton, Wheat, Corn, Oats, Pork, Sides, Lard and Coffee Futures, also Stocks of all kinds, and Petroleum bought and sold on margins.

NO. 9 NORTH BROAD ST.,

ATLANTA, GA.

Refer to Gate City National Bank.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, December 24, 1883.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Ga. 8s	105	106	Atlanta 7s	110	112
Ga. 7s 1886	105	106	Atlanta 6s	100	102
Ga. 7s, gold	110	112	Augusta 7s	108	111
Ga. 7s, 1896	120	123	Augusta 6s	101	103
S. C. (Brown)	102	104	Macon 6s	105½	106
Savannah 5s	80	82	Rome, new	102	103
Atlanta 8s	114	116	Columbus 5s	82	85

RAILROAD BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Ga. R. 7s	104	106	At. & Char. inc. 6s	55	58
Ga. R. 6s	106	108	Atlantic & G. con	108	110
Cent. R. 7s	110	112	E. T., V. & G inc. 6s	28	30
C. C. & A. 1st	106	108			
At. & Char. 1st	102	104			

RAILROAD STOCKS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Georgia	147	149	Central	87	89
A. & Char.	65	68	Aug. & Sav.	115	117
Southwestern	114	116	At. & W. P.	98	100
South Car.	20	25	C. C. & A.	23	30

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK, December 24.—The stock market and advanced fractionally. Before the first call, however, the improvement was lost. There was some pressure to sell Missouri Pacific, which fell off 2¼ per cent. Between 11 and 12 o'clock Oregon and Transcontinental moved up. This affected the general list favorably, and prices rose ⅛ to ¾ per cent, Union Pacific, Northwest, St. Paul, Lackawanna, Lake Shore and Missouri Pacific being the strongest shares. After midday the Trunk lines and Gould shares became heavy and lower. New York Central declined 1⅝; Erie ⅛; Canada Southern 1¾; Lake Shore ⅞; Michigan Central ⅝; Western Union 1⅞; Kansas and Texas 1⅛; Texas Pacific 1¼; Oregon and Transcontinental 1¾; Canadian Pacific 1⅝; Lackawanna 1½; Denver 1¼; Reading 1; Union Pacific 1⅛; Manitoba 2¾. The weakness was due to bear manipulation. The market closed weak. Although a few shares showed a fractional recovery, the majority closed at the lowest prices of the day, which were ¼ to 2¾ per cent below last night's close. Sales 324,000 shares.

Evening—Exchange $4.81½. Money 1½@2½. Subtreasury balances: Coin 116,754,000; currency 6,855,000. Governments strong; 4½s 114¾; 124⅝; 3s 101 bid. State Bonds easy.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	82½	Manhattan Ele	42
do. Class A small	83	Memphis & Char'n	35
Ala. Class B 5s	100	Metropolitan Ele	90
do. Class C 4s	82½	Michigan Central	89
Georgia 6s	†103	Mobile & Ohio	10½
Georgia 7s mort'ge	†105	N C & St L	52
Georgia do gold	112	New Jersey Central	83⅝
Louisiana consols	†74	N. O. Pac. 1st mort	89
North Carolina old	30	N Y Central	112⅝
North Carolina new	†16	N Y Elevated	†105
do. funding	10	Norfolk & W'n pre	†43
do. special tax	4	Northern Pac. com	25¾
S C con brown	104½	do. preferred	55
Tennessee 6s	38	Ohio & Miss	22⅛
Tennessee new	†38	do preferred	90½
Virginia 6s	†37	Pacific Mail	41
Virginia consols	†40	Pittsb'g F W & C	133
Virginia deferred	9	Quicksilver	5½
Adams Express	129	do preferred	25
American Mer Ex	91	Reading	54⅜
Chesap'ke & Ohio	14	Rich & Alleghany	3
Chicago & Alton	132	Richmond & Dan	54
Chicago & N W	115¼	Rich & W Pt Term	28
do preferred	142¼	Rock Island	118⅛
C St L & N O	81¾	St L & San Fran	22
Consolidated Coal	22	do preferred	42
Del., Lack & West	115⅝	do first preferred	87
Den. & Rio Grande	23¾	St Paul	92
Erie	27⅝	do preferred	115⅛
East Tenn railroad	6¾	Texas Pacific	18⅝
Fort Wayne	133	Union Pacific	75⅝
Hannibal & St Joe	38½	United States Ex	56
Harlem	190	Wab St L & Pacific	18¼
Houston & Texas	50	do preferred	31
Illinois Central	131¼	Wells & Fargo	112
Lake Shore	98⅛	Western Union	74¼
L & N	43⅞		

†Bid. ‡Ex-dividend. *Offered. ‡Asked.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph.

GALVESTON, December 24—Holiday. Net receipts 6,857 bales; gross 6,857; sales none; stock 116,380; exports to Great Britain 5,779; coastwise 5,938.

NORFOLK, December 24—Holiday; net receipts 5,847 bales; gross 5,747; sales none; stock 80,384; exports to Great Britain 9,199; coastwise 1,102.

BALTIMORE, December 24—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 10¼; low middling 9 13-16; good ordinary 9¼; net receipts 320 bales; gross 838; sales 600; stock 24,584; exports coastwise 1,100.

BOSTON, December 24—Cotton, nothing doing; middling 10½; low middling 10⅛; good ordinary 9⅛; net receipts 1,261 bales; gross 4,994; sales none; stock 6,185.

WILMINGTON, December 24—Cotton firm; middling 9¾; low middling 9⅜; good ordinary 8¾; net receipts 602 bales; gross 602; sales none; stock 19,748.

PHILADELPHIA, December 24—Cotton easy; middling 10¾; low middling 10¼; good ordinary 9⅝; net receipts none; gross none; stock 8,912.

SAVANNAH, December 24—Holiday; net receipts 4,200 bales; gross 4,200; sales; stock 123,945.

NEW ORLEANS, December 24—Cotton quiet; middling 10; low middling 9⅝; good ordinary 9¼; net receipts 21,332 bales; gross 22,920; sales 6,000 stock 440,249; exports to Great Britain 16,000; to France 18,870; to continent 1,350.

MOBILE, December 24—Cotton quiet; middling 9¾; good middling 9½; good ordinary 9; net receipts 3,014 bales; gross 3,166; sales 500; stock 67,553; exports coastwise 1,238.

MEMPHIS, December 24—Cotton steady; middling 9⅞; good middling 9½; good ordinary 9⅛; net receipts 6,765 bales; gross 7,556; shipments 2,779; sales 3,800; stock 117,471; sales to spinners —.

AUGUSTA, December 24—Cotton quiet and firm middling 9¾; low middling 9½; good ordinary —; net receipts 668 bales; shipments none; sales 44.

CHARLESTON, December 24—Holiday; net receipts 2,004 bales; gross 2,004; sales none; stock 80.213; exports to Great Britain 8,179.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, December 24 1883.

Miscellaneous.

ATLANTA, December 24—Lime—Market firm but steady. In car load lots, free on cars in Atlanta, $1.00; less than car-loads $1.10; Rosendale cement $2.50 ₩ bbl or 300lbs neat; Louisville cement, car-load lots $1.75; less than car-load $1.25@$2.50; Portland cement, car-load lots, $4.75; less than car-load $5.00; Howard cement car lots $1.35; do. retail $1.75; plaster-of-paris ("calcined,") car-load lots, $2.50; in smaller quantities $2.75@$3.00; land plaster ("new fertilizer") car-load lots $2.50 ₩ bbl; less than car-load $2.75@$3.00; marble dust in lots $3.00@$4.00 ₩ bbl.

ATLANTA, December 24—Paper—Trade is active; prices steady. Manilla No. 1 10@12c ₩ lb; No. 2 7½@8c ₩ lb; No. 3 6½@7c ₩ lb, good wrapping 4@6c ₩ lb; straw 3½@3¾c ₩ lb; burlap bags, 2 bushels, 8½@9½c; second-hand 5@7½c; bran bags 11½@14½c.

ATLANTA, December 24—Leather—The market for boots, shoes and leather is quiet with prices unchanged; damaged No. 1, 25; do. No. 2, 22@24; good stamp 28; medium good stamp 27; L. W. good stamp 26; whiteoak sole 38@42; harness 25@40.

ATLANTA, December 24—Plastering Hair—Active; Georgia 20@25c ₩ bush; western 25@30c; laths, car-load, $2.50 ₩ M; less quantities $2.75 ₩ M.

Flour and Grain.

NEW YORK, December 24—Flour, southern quiet and barely steady; common to fair extra $3.65@$4.80; good to choice $4.85@$6.75. Wheat, spot ¼@½c higher, closing strong; options opened ¼@⅜c lower but later ruled stronger and recovered ¼@⅜c, closing steady and quiet; No. 2 spring nominal; ungraded red 92½@$1.15; do. white 94@$1.03; No. 2 red December nominal at $1.12⅛; January $1.12¾@$1.13; February $1.14¾@$1.15¼. Corn, spot No. 3 about 1c higher; others unchanged; options opened ⅛@¼c lower but later recovered from the decline, closing steady; ungraded 49@66; No. 2 December nominal; January 64⅞@65⅛. Oats, spot steady and quiet; options opened ⅛@¼c lower, closing firm with the decline recovered but less doing; No. 3 40. Hops quiet; choice new 12@28; crop of 1882, 22@26.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, December 24—Coffee—Steady; Rio 11@13½c; old government Java 22@28. Sugars—Steady; standard A 8½; granulated 9; white extra C 8¼; New Orleans sugars offering as follows: yellow clarified 8¼; N. O. white 8¾. Molasses—Black strap, 22@23 in bbls. Syrup—Choice 60; strictly prime 55@58; prime 50@52; commons 35@40. Teas—Black 40@60; green 40@60; nutmegs $1.15; cloves 55; allspice 18; cinnamon 25; saigon 50; African ginger 10; mace $1.25; pepper 18. Crackers—milk 7½c; Boston butter 8c; pearl oyster 7½c; X soda 5½c; XX do. 5¾c; XXX do. 6. Candy—Assorted stick 11¾c. Mackerel—No. 3 bbls $9.95; ½ bbls $5.25; do. $4.25; kits 70c; No. 2 ½ bbls, L.W., $6.00; kits 90; No. 1 ½ bbls, L.W., $6.50; kits $1.00. Soap—$2.50@$7.00 ₩ 100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 15½. Matches—100 per box $2.00; 200 $4.00. 300 $6.00. Soda in kegs, 4½c; in boxes 5¾. Rice—6@7c.

Provisions.

ATLANTA, December 24—Market firm but steady; clear rib sides 8½c. Bacon—No sugar-cured hams on the market now. Lard—Firm and advancing; tierces, refined, 10c.

Wines, Liquor, Etc.

ATLANTA, December 24—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified, $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified, $1.10@$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@$2.00; rum rectified $1.25@$1.75; New England $1.75@$2.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jaimaca $3.50@$4.50; gin, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $3.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy $1.30@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.00, owing to quality; sherry $1.50@$6.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; scuppernong $1.50@$1.25.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, December 24—We quote: Horses—Plug in fair demand at $80@$175, owing to quality; combination dull at $150@$175; saddle $125@$150. Mules—14-hands $90@$100; 14½-hands $110@$115; 15-hands $120@$125.

H. I. KIMBALL. L. B. WHEELER & CO.

ARCHITECTS

AND

ENGINEERS,

9½ PEACHTREE ST., ATLANTA, GA

38 BROAD St., NEW YORK.

A Card to the People of Georgia and the South.

HAVING DETERMINED TO OFFER TO THE public of Georgia and the south, my services in all matters pertaining to the architecture, designing and superintendence of public and private buildings and grounds, and all kinds of structures for mercantile, manufacturing and other purposes that may be entrusted to my care and direction, I have associated with we Mr. Lorenso B. Wheeler, of New York city, whose exceptional ability and taste are well understood in architectural circles,

Confident of our ability to afford the completest satisfaction in all branches of architectural work and designs for interior decoration of buildings and in the efficient superintendence of public and private enterprises, we announce our readiness to undertake, and pledge our earnest and faithful devotion to every interest given us in charge.

H. I. KIMBALL.

GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

THE FAVORITE ROUTE TO ANNISTON, OXford, Jacksonville, Talladega, Selma, Birmingham, Meridian, Vicksburg, New Orleans, and all Texas points.

The direct short line between Southwestern cities and Atlanta, and all Georgia, North and South Carolina and Virginia Points and Eastern cities.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT DEC. 9TH, 1883.

Dis. from Atlanta	WESTWARD. (Central Standard Time.)	No. 1. N. Orle'ns Express, Daily.	No. 3. Sunbeam Daily.
	Lv. Atlanta, Whitehall st'n	7.00 a m	5.00 p m
101	Austell	7.51 a m	5.55 p m
[illegible]	Oxford	11.31 a m	
103	*Oxanna	11.35 a m	
[illegible]	Ar. Birmingham	2.50 p m	
	Lv. Birmingham, A. G. S.	3.10 p m	
	Ar. Meridian	10.00 p m	
	Vicksburg, V. & M.	6.00 a m	
	Mobile, M. & O.	4.00 a m	
	New Orleans, N. O. & N. E.	6.15 a m	

*Flag Stations.

CONNECTIONS.

At Anniston with E. T., V. & G. for Jacksonville, Talladega, Childersburg, Calera and Selma.

At Birmingham with L. & N. for Blount Springs, Decatur, Pulaski, Corinth, Grand Junction, Memphis, and all Arkansas and Texas points, and with Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific Railway for Tuscaloosa, Meridian, Jackson, Vicksburg, New Orleans and all Texas points.

EASTWARD.	Atlanta Express, No. 2, Daily.	Sunbeam No. 4. Daily.
Lv. New Orleans, N O & N E	9.45 p m	
Vicksburg, V & M	8.00 p m	
Mobile, M & O	11.45 p m	
Meridian, A G S	5.55 a m	
Tuscaloosa, "	10.10 a m	
Ar. Birmingham "	12.45 p m	
Lv. Birmingham, G P Ry	12.45 p m	
Anniston	3.56 p m	
Oxanna	4.00 p m	
Oxford	4.05 p m	
Ar. Atlanta	8.30 p m	8.10 a m

Connect with diverging lines for all points in Georgia, Florida, the Carolinas, Virginia, and the North and East.

J. W. JOHNSTON, President. SOL HAAS, Traffic Manager.
G. J. FOREACRE, Superintendent. L. S. BROWN, Gen'l F. & P. A.

OFFICE: ATLANTA GA.

VIRGINIA, TENNESSEE

AND

GEORGIA AIR-LINE

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT,

ROANOKE, Va., August 25, 1883.

Advices of change of schedule by which improved connections and quickened time are accomplished between southern and eastern cities, over the Shenandoah Valley route, via Hagerstown, Harrisburg and the Pennsylvania railroad, and Hagerstown and Baltimore, via the Western Maryland railroad.

Commencing August 26th, the following double daily train service of this line will exist:

Leave Atlanta, W. & A. R. R.	7:30 a m	2:35 p m
Leave Atlanta, E. T., V. & G. R. R		1:20 p m
Leave Dalton " "	11:30 a m	6:30 p m
Arrive Cleveland " "	1:10 p m	8:50 p m
Arrive Knoxville " "	4:17 p m	11:55 p m
Leave Knoxville " "	4:27 p m	12:05 a m
Arrive Bristol " "	10:13 p m	5:20 a m
Leave Bristol, N. & W. R. R.	10:20 p m	5:32 a m
Arrive Roanoke " "	3:50 a m	11:20 a m
Leave Roanoke, S. V. R. R.	4:10 a m	11:40 a m
Arrive Suray "	9:40 a m	5:14 p m
Arrive Hagerstown "	1:30 p m	9:00 p m
Arrive Harrisburg "	4:10 p m	11:25 p m
Leave Harrisburg via Penn. R. R	4:20 p m	11:30 p m
Arrive Philadelphia via Pennsylvania R. R.	7:25 p m	2:55 a m
Arrive New York via Pennsylvania R. R.	10:15 p m	6:15 a m
Leave Hagerstown via W. M. R. R.	1:45 p m	
Arrive Baltimore via W. M. R. R	4:55 p m	
Leave Baltimore via P. W. & B. R. R.	5:40 p m	
Arrive Philadelphia via P. W. & B. R. R.	8:10 p m	
Leave Philadelphia via P. R. R.	8:20 p m	
Arrive New York via P. R. R.	10:35 p m	

The fact that this revised schedule enables a double daily north bound quick service to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, thereby equalizing itself to the advantages of either of its competitors, together with the fact that an additional service is arranged that connects via the Western Maryland railroad Baltimore, and the Popular Congressional Express Train thence to New York commends it to your most industrious consideration, and to the careful attention of the public. Apply to agents, Virginia, Tennessee and Georgia Air-Line, or connecting roads. A. POPE, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

Central and Southwestern Railroad.

SAVANNAH, November 17, 1883.

On and after SUNDAY, Nov. 18, 1883, passenger trains on the Central and Southwestern railroads and branches will run as follows:

READ DOWN. READ DOWN.

No. 5.	From Savannah.	No. 53.
10 00 a m Lv	Savannah	Lv 7 30 p m
4 45 p m Ar	Augusta	Ar 6 15 a m
6 15 p m Ar	Macon	Ar 3 00 a m
11 15 p m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 7 00 a m
3 52 am Ar	Columbus	Ar 1 50 p m
2 32 am Ar	Eufaula	Ar 4 46 p m
11 46 a m Ar	Albany	Ar 4 05 p m
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar 10 29 a m
Ar	Eatonton	Ar 12 30 p m

No 16.	From Augusta.	No. 18	No. 20.
8 30 a m Lv	Augusta	Lv 10.30 pm	Lv 6:25 p m
3 25 p m Ar	Savannah	Ar 8:00 am	Ar
6 15 p m Ar	Macon		Ar [illegible] a m
11 15 p m Ar	Atlanta		Ar 7:[illegible] a m
3 52 a m Ar	Columbus		Ar 1:[illegible] p m
2 32 am Ar	Eufaula		Ar 4:[illegible] p m
11 46 am Ar	Albany		Ar 4:05 p m
Ar	Milledgeville		Ar 10:29 a m
Ar	Eatonton		Ar 12:30 p m

No. 54.	From Macon.	No. 52.
12 55 a m Lv	Macon	Lv 8 00 a m
8 00 a m Ar	Savannah	Ar 8 25 p m
Ar	Augusta	Ar 4 45 p m
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar 10 29 a m
Ar	Eatonton	Ar 12 30 p m

No. 1.	From Macon.	No. 3.
9 35 a m Lv	Macon	Lv 7:10 p m
4 46 p m Ar	Eufaula	Ar 2:32 a m
4 05 p m Ar	Albany	Ar 11:46 p m

No. 5.	From Macon.	No. 19.
8 25 a m Lv	Macon	Lv 7 20 p m
1 50 p m Ar	Columbus	Ar 3 52 a m

No. 1.	From Macon.	No. 51.	No. 53
8 30 a m La	Macon	Lv 7 00 p m	3 15 a m
12 55 p m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 11 15 p m	7 00 a m

No. [illegible]	From Fort Valley.	No. 21
8 35 p m Lv	Fort Valley	Lv 11 05 a m
9 20 p m Ar	Perry	Ar 11 55 a m

No. [illegible]	From Atlanta.	No. 54.	No. 52.
2 20 pm Lv	Atlanta	Lv 9 00 p m	4 20 a m
6 31 pm Ar	Macon	Ar 12 40 a m	7 37 p m
2 32 a m Ar	Eufaula	Ar	4 46 p m
11 46 a m Ar	Albany	Ar	4 05 p m
3 52 a m Ar	Columbus	Ar	1 50 p m
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar	10 29 a m
Ar	Eatonton	Ar	12 30 p m
Ar	Augusta	A	4 45 p m
Ar	Savannah	Ar 8 60 p m	3 25 p m

No. 6.	From Columbus.	[No.] 20
11 37 a m Lv	Columbus	Lv 9 45 p m
5 19 p m Ar	Macon	Ar 5 40 a m
11 15 p m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 12 55 p m
2 32 a m Ar	Eufaula	Ar 4 46 p m
11 46 a m Ar	Albany	Ar 4 05 p m
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar 10 29 a m
Ar	Eatonton	Ar 12 30 p m
Ar	Augusta	Ar 4 45 p m
Ar	Savannah	Ar 3 25 p m

No 2	From Eufaula	No. 4.
12 01 p m Lv	Eufaula	Lv. 1 02 a m
4 05 p m Ar	Albany	Ar
6 35 p m Ar	Macon	Ar. 7 25 a m
3 52 am Ar	Columbus	Ar. 1 50 p m
11 15 p m Ar	Atlanta	Ar. 12:55 p m
	Milledgeville	Ar. 10 29 a m
	Eatonton	Ar. 12 30 p m
Ar	Augusta	Ar. 4 45 p m
8 00 am Ar	Savannah	Ar. 3 25 p m

No 26.	From Albany.	No. 28
12 00 noon Lv	Albany	Lv 2:25 am
4 46 p m Ar	Eufaula	Ar
6 35 pm Ar	Macon	Ar 7 25 am
3 52 a m Ar	Columbus	Ar 1 50 pm
11 15 p m Ar	Atlanta	Ar 12 55 pm
Ar	Milledgeville	Ar 10 29 am
A	Eatonton	Ar 12 30 pm
Ar	Augusta	Ar 4 45 pm
8 00 a m Ar	Savannah	Ar 3 25 pm

No. 22.	From Eatonton and Milledgeville.
2 16 p m Lv	Eatonton
3 42 p m Lv	Milledgeville
6 15 p m Ar	Macon
3 52 am Ar	Columbus
2 32 am Ar	Eufaula
11 46 am Ar	Albany
11 15 p m Ar	Atlanta
Ar	Augusta
8 00 a m Ar	Savannah

No. 24.	From Perry.	No. 22.
5:20 a m Lv	Perry	Lv 2:45 p m
6:00 a m Ar	Fort Valley	Ar 3:35 p m

Local sleeping Cars on all night trains between Savannah and Augusta, Savannah and Macon, Savannah and Atlanta, and Macon and Montgomery via Eufaula.

Pullman Hotel sleeping cars between Cincinnati and Savannah without change.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars Cincinnati to Jacksonville, and Day Coaches Atlanta to Way Cross via Macon and Albany, without change leaving Atlanta daily at 2.20 p m. and returning 12.55 p.m.

CONNECTIONS.

The Milledgeville and Eatonton train runs daily, (except Monday) between Gordon and Eatonton, and daily (except Sunday) between Eatonton and Gordon.

Train No. 20 daily (except Sunday), and trains Nos. 2, 6, 22, 26 and 54 connect daily at Millen for Augusta (except Sunday.)

Eufaula train connects at Cuthbert for Fort Gaines daily, (except Sunday.)

The Perry accommodation train between Fort Valley and Perry runs daily, (except Sunday).

The Albany and Blakely accommodation runs daily (except Sunday) between Albany and Blakely.

At Savannah, with Savannah, Florida and Western Railway, at Augusta, with all lines to North and East, at Atlanta with Air-Line and Kennesaw routes to all points North, East and West.

Tickets for all points and sleeping car berths on at Union Passenger office at the depot.

G. A. WHITEHEAD, Gen. Pass. Agt. WILLIAM RODGERS Gen. Supt., Savannah.
J. C. SHAW, Gen. Trav. Agt. T. D. KLINE, Supt, S. W. R. R., Macon, Ga

—THE—

RICHMOND & DANVILLE LINE

72 MILES SHORTER

Than any Existing Route

TO WASHINGTON AND THE EAST

350 MILES SHORTER

—THAN—

ANY ROUTE VIA CINCINNATI.

Richmond and Danville R. R. Time One Hour Faster Than Atlanta City Time.

Schedule in Effect Nov. 18th, 1883.	Mail & Express No. 53	Express No. 51.
Leave Atlanta (City Time)	7 45 a m	2 33 p m
Leave Atlanta (R & D. Time)	8 45 a m	3 33 p m
" Lula	11 25 a m	6 57 p m
" Greenville	3 38 p m	11 07 p m
" Charlotte	8 03 p m	3 28 a m
" Salisbury	9 30 p m	5 31 a m
" Greensboro	11 20 p m	7 47 a m
Arrive Danville	1 03 a m	9 53 a m
Lve Danville	1 23 a m	10 23 a m
" Lynchburg	3 50 a m	1 50 p m
" Charlottesville	5 55 a m	4 35 p m
Arr Washington	10 20 a m	9 20 p m
Lve Washington	10 40 a m	9 50 p m
Arr Baltimore	12 05 p m	11 25 p m
" Philadelphia	2 37 p m	3 00 a m
" New York	5 25 p m	6 25 a m
" Boston		4 40 p m
Lve Danville	1 35 a m	10 08 a m
" Burkville	5 26 a m	1 44 p m
Arr Richmond	7 41 a m	4 08 p m

GAINESVILLE ACCOMMODATION—DAILY.

Leave Atlanta	5 38 p m
Arrive Gainesville	7 50 p m
RETURNING.	
Leave Gainesville	7 08 a m
Arrive Atlanta	9 05 a m

TWO DAILY TRAINS FOR ATHENS, GA. EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ONLY 32 HOURS & 40 MINUTES TRANSIT

ATLANTA TO NEW YORK.

Two Fast Through Trains Daily, Pullman Palace Buffet Sleeping Cars, Atlanta to New York without change, via

VIRGINIA MIDLAND.

Berths secured and numbers given ten days in advance.

L. Y. SAGE, Superintendent, Atlanta, Ga. M. SLAUGHTER, Gen. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va
C. W. CHEARS, Southwestern Agt. Atlanta, Georgia. C. E. SERGEANT, City Passenger Agt. Atlanta, Ga

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TELESCOPES, FIELD GLASSES, MAGIC LANTERNS, BAROMETERS, THERMOMETERS, DRAWING INSTRUMENTS, PHILOSOPHICAL AND CHEMICAL APPARATUS

Send for list and description of our ten Catalogues.

QUEEN & CO., Opticians, PHILADELPHIA

John T. Williams. B. S. Clark. John H. Inman. (SPECIAL.)

AMERICUS BRAND — UNIVERSAL

WILLIAMS, CLARK & CO.

Manufacturers of

High Grade Bone Fertilizers.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 101 PEARL ST., N. Y.

Southern Department 7½ Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

SAMUEL MARTIN, MANAGER.

We use the VERY best materials in the Manufacture of these Fertilizers, and they will be furnished at the LOWEST PRICES, consistent with the Highest Standard.

N. B.—FERTILIZERS COMPOUNDED TO ORDER ON SPECIAL CONTRACT.

The Georgia Railroad.

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GENERAL MANAGER,
AUGUSTA, GA., November 17, 1883.

Commencing Sunday, 18th instant, the following Passenger Schedule will be operated:

Trains run by 90th meridian time, 22 minutes slower than Atlanta time.

FAST LINE.

NO. 27 WEST-DAILY.

L've Augusta	7 40 am
L've Athens	8 05 pm
Ar. Atlanta	1 00 pm

NO. 28 EAST-DAILY.

Leave Atlanta	2 45 pm
Arrive Athens	7 15 pm
Arrive Augusta	8 10 pm

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

NO. 2 EAST-DAILY.		NO. 1 WEST-DAILY.	
L've Atlanta	8 25 am	L've Augusta	10 30 am
Ar. Athens	5 05 pm	Macon	7 10 am
" Washington	2 55 pm	" Milledg'e	9 10 am
" Milledg'v'e	4 49 pm	" Wash'g'n	11 20 am
Ar. Macon	6 45 pm	" Athens	9 05 am
" Augusta	3 55 pm	Ar. Atlanta	5 45 pm

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

NO. 4—EAST DAILY.		NO. 3—WEST DAILY.	
Lv. Atlanta	8 50 pm	Lv Augusta	9 00 pm
Ar Augusta	6 20 am	Ar Atlanta	6 40 am

COVINGTON ACCOMMODATION.

L've Atlanta	6 10 pm	L've Covington	5 20 am
Ar Decatur	6 46 pm	Lve Decatur	7 10 am
Ar. Covington	8 30 pm	Ar. Atlanta	7 40 am

DECATUR TRAIN.
(Daily, except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta	3 50 pm	Lr. Decatur	4 20 pm
Ar. Decatur	4 20 pm	Ave Atlanta	5 00 pm

CLARKSTON TRAIN.

Lv Atlanta	11 40 am	Lv Clarkston	12 37 pm
Lv Decatur	12 20 pm	Lv Decatur	12 53 pm
Ar Clarkston	12 25 pm	Ar Atlanta	1 25 pm

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will if signaled stop at any regular scheduled Flag Station.

Train No. 27 will stop at and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Belair, Berzelia, Harlem, Thomson, Camak, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Stone Mountain and Decatur. These trains make close connection for all points East, Southeast, West, Southwest, North and Northwest, and carry Through Sleepers between Atlanta and Charleston.

Train No. 28 will stop at and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Berzelia, Harlem Thompson, Camak, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison Rutledge, Social Circle Covington, Conyers, Stone Mountain, and Decatur.

Connects at Augusta for all points East and Southeast.

JOHN W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager. E. R. DORSEY, Gen. Pass. Agent.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS FOR ALL!

To meet the demands of this

JOYOUS SEASON

I bought one of the largest and most beautiful selections of

FANCY GOODS

Ever offered in Atlanta, both

USEFUL AND ELABORATELY ORNAMENTAL.

Among these magnificent goods are Plush Covered COMBINATION WRITING DESK AND TOILETTE

Leather, Crimson Satin Lined DRESSING CASE, with PEARL INLAID OUTFIT.

Heavy French Glass Toilette Mirrors,
Superb Cut Glass Cologne Stands,
Figured Plush Work Box and Toilette combined.
Rich Plush Covered Infant's Dressing Case.
Carved Ivory Outfit. BEAUTIFUL.

EXQUISITE

THICK FRENCH GLASS TOILETTE MIRRORS, Pure Ivory Backs, with Combs and Brush to match, in Leather Satin Lined Case.

—ALSO,—

Same Style with Carved Ebony Outfit,
Gentlemen's Dressing Cases,
Ivory Outfit. Splendid.
Padded Calf Skin Dressing Cases
Heavy French Glass Mirrors,
Revolving Drawers and Shelf combined

All at such low prices as to enable everybody to make a

NEW YEAR'S GIFT

—TO—

EVERYBODY

J. BRADFIELD, Druggist,

Corner Decatur and Pryor Streets.

FOR SALE

THE ONE-THIRD LEAGUE

KNOWN AS THE

ALFRED BYNUM SURVEY.

LOCATED ON BUCK CREEK, IN THE NORTH east corner of Erath county, Texas, 30 miles southwest of Weatherford and about 12 miles south of the T. & P. R. R. It contains about 500 acres of rich valley land, of which 50 acres are enclosed and in cultivation, and has on it a double log dwelling, well of good water and spring. It is in a good neighborhood, and well adapted to both farming and stockraising. It consists of woodland and prairie in nearly equal proportions. Titles perfect. Price $3 50 per acre, one-half cash and balance in five equal annual installments, with 12 per cent interest.

For further information, address the undersigned at Atlanta, Ga. W. P. PATILLO.

e tu&owewk

Established in 1857.

AT 95 WHITEHALL STREET,

Atlanta, Georgia,

PETER LYNCH

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS, WINES, LIQUORS, CIDER,

Bottled Ale and Porter, Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Hollow-ware, Hard-ware, Crockery, Glass-ware Boots, Shoes, Leather, Saddlery, Harness, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, Field and Garden Seeds in their proper seasons, etc. A perfect

VARIETY STORE,

Dealing in nearly everything. Large Stocks, Good Goods and Small Profits is my Motto. Just received a large lot of New Turnipseeds of all kinds. Also, Mason's Metal and Glass-top and Millville Fruit Jars. Terms Cash. All orders from the city and country accompanied with the cash will be promptly and faithfully filled as low as the lowest.

Atlanta, August 11, 1883. PETER LYNCH.

USEFUL CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

OFFERED BY

JOHNSON, COLEMAN & CO.,

No. 3 Whitehall Street.

FOR YOUR HUSBANDS AND SONS

A nice pair hand made Shoes,
A nice pair hand made Boots,
A nice pair hand made Slippers,
A nice pair Artic Overshoes,
A nice pair Over-gaiters,
A nice pair Gloves,
A fashionable Silk Hat,
A fashionable Cassimer Hat,
A fashionable Derby Hat,
A fashionable Stetson Hat,
A fashionable Soft Hat,
A good Silk Umbrella,
A good Alpaca Umbrella,
A stylish Fancy Neck Scarf,
A stylish Black Neck Scarf,
A stylish Silk Neck Tie,
A dozen Undershirts & Drawers
A dozen Linen Handkerchiefs,
A dozen Collars and Cuffs,
A dozen pair Socks,
A dozes or so Shirts,
A useful Silk Handkerchief,
&c., &c., &c., &c.

FOR YOUR WIVES & DAUGHTERS

A pair Zeigler's Shoes,
A pair Wright's Shoes,
A pair Reynold's Shoes,
A pair Bernhardt Shoes,
A pair Zeigler Slippers,
A pair Kid Slippers,
A pair White Kid Slippers,
A pair Common Sense Shoes,
A pair Princess Overshoes,
A pair Olivette Overshoes,
A pair Bernhardt Overshoes,
A pair Rubber Overshoes,
A pair each for the Children,
A nice Silk Umbrella,
A nice Alpaca Umbrella,
A nice Ginghams Umbrella,
A nice Silk Handkerchief,
&c., &c., &c., &c.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

White Silk Mufflers, Silk Hosiery, Silk Suspenders, French Kid Gloves, Neck Wear, English and American Style, English Umbrellas and Walking Sticks, Wedding and Party Outfits.

TYLER & McGOODWIN,

THE HABERDASHERS, NO. 6 WHITEHALL.

J. C. KIRKPATRICK,

(late of the firm of Thos. M. Clarke & Co.)

MANUFACTURERS' AGENT, BROKER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

HEAVY HARDWARE, RAILROAD SUPPLIES, ETC.

Sole agent for Knoxville Iron Co., manufacturers of merchant bar iron, nails, nuts, washers, railroad spikes, etc.; full stock on hand. Shipments made from stock or direct from mill. Every keg warranted. Agent for the Webster Wagon Co.; one and two-horse wagons. Taylor Manufacturing Co.; stationary and portable engines, boilers, etc. R. D. Cole & Co.; portable corn mill. Write for prices. Corner Bartow Street and Western and Atlantic Railroad, ATLANTA GA.

NEAT HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

Magneso-Calcite, Bond, Note and Jewelry Cases.

ABSOLUTELY FIRE-PROOF.

These Goods are USEFUL and ORNAMENTAL, being absolutely Fire-Proof and Beautifully Decorated. The public, and especially the ladies, are cordially invited to call and inspect them.

Fire and Burglar-Proof Safes and Vaults.

CLARKE, HERBERT & CO., No. 20 Loyd Street, Atlanta, Ga.

A. B. FARQUHAR & CO.,

MACON, - - - GEORGIA.

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS

SAW MILLS, GRIST MILLS, CANE MILLS,

COTTON PRESSES, BELTING, OILS, MACHINISTS' SUPPLIES,

GENERAL AGENCY OF THE

BROWN COTTON GIN,

AND PROPRIETORS OF THE

CENTRAL CITY IRON WORKS!

SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

"THE STANDARD JAVA."

OUR RIO AND OTHER COFFEE TAKING THE LEAD.

THE BEST YET!

AN ELEGANT DECORATED CAN GIVEN AWAY FREE.

During the holidays every dealer ordering 50 pounds of "STANDARD JAVA" will receive the same packed in our new Decorated Can. These are beautifully colored in Gilt, and will prove an ornament in every store. ATTRACTIVE, PRACTICABLE, SERVICEABLE. No Combination Price on our coffees. No adulterations to make the bean look bright. Pure Straight Bean. Send for price list and order our "RIO AND STANDARD JAVA." Remember coffee in paper soon becomes stale. It won't do when you can buy it in an air-tight tin can, screw top. Orders from other cities shipped direct.

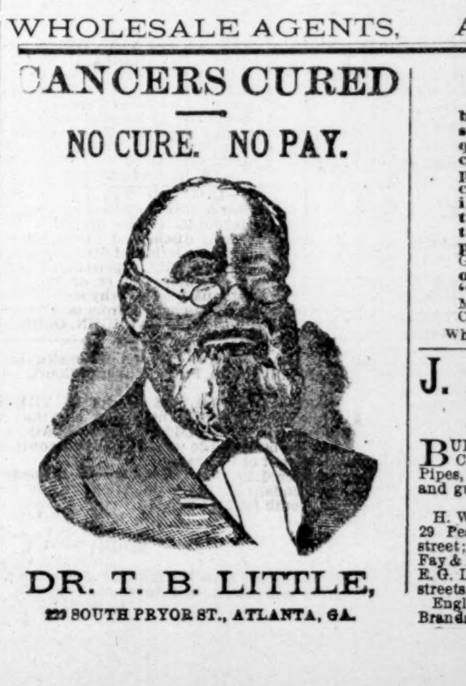
Now is the time to buy the Best Coffee in the World!

GEO. M. STOVALL & CO.,

WHOLESALE AGENTS, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CANCERS CURED

NO CURE. NO PAY.



DR. T. B. LITTLE,

229 SOUTH PRYOR ST., ATLANTA, GA.

$100 REWARD,

"G" is Popular

because those who have used it speak so highly of its curative qualities. There are no complications in its use, it contains no poison or hurtful drug and can be taken inwardly with no ill result. It cannot cause stricture. So positive are we of Injection "G" curing any uncomplicated case of GONORRHEA or GLEET that the above reward is offered for any such case which "G" will not cure.

Manufactured only by J. S. Evans & Co. Cincinnati, Ohio. Sold by druggists.

Wholesale Agents—Lamar, Rankin & Lamar.

J. EDWARD KIRBY.

(Late of Baltimore, Md.)

Office 7½ North Broad street, up stairs.

BUILDER OF BRICK AND STONE SEWERS, Cement Pavement, Cellar Floors and Drain Pipes, a specialty. All work done at short notice and guaranteed.

REFERENCES:

H. W. Grady, Atlanta Constitution; Rhode Hill, 29 Peachtree street; R. C. Clarke, 27 Peachtree street; Dr. A. W. Calhoun, 38 South Broad street; Fay & Eichberg, architects, 19½ South Broad street; E. G. Lind, architect, corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.

English Portland Cement for sale in lots to suit. Brands: White Bros, and K. B. & S.

CHRIST THE KING.

WORSHIPERS KNEELING AROUND THE CRIB OF BETHLEHEM.

The Solemn Midnight Sacrifice to Greet the Child for Whom the Ages Prayed—Ceremonies in the Churches of the Immaculate Conception and of SS. Peter and Paul.

As night drew her mantle of darkness around the city, it was accompanied by a slow, drizzling rain, which rendered it about as unpleasant overhead as it had been all day under foot. Nevertheless the sidewalks were thronged with good-natured throngs of the trusted agents of St. Nicholas, who constantly passed and repassed each other, every time showing the addition of some odd-looking bundle, whose contents were to be stored away in the thousands of waiting stockings in every house in the city. The shop-windows displayed every color of light, which shed effulgence upon the myriad designs which a year's ingenuity had devised for this eventful night. Inside the scenes were typical of festival occasions in the great eastern bazaars, where for the occasion age assumed the taste of youth, and the wrinkle of sixty years across a face of smiles, looked as pleasant as the dimple on baby's downy chin. As night wore on the crowds decreased, when the occasional pop of an explosive, notwithstanding police prohibition, told that young America would not be suppressed entirely, and that he chafed under the restraint. As the crowd on the streets diminished, and one by one the brilliant lights of inviting fronts gave way to the Cimerean darkness, it is easy for imagination to picture the good Santa Claus entering the various homes, sorting out his gifts, and retiring before the morning light to witness the pleasure depicted on opening eyes, as they catch the first streak of Christmas dawn and look anxiously to see how they have been remembered by the great heart whose joy it is to please little children.

The Gathering at the Churches.

No sooner were the figures moving homeward well out of sight than were seen coming from all sides the worshipers of the church of the Immaculate Conception, who were assembling to greet with the first moment of the coming day the Royal Babe for whom ages had groaned and prophets prayed. Silently, but with reverent face and bowed head, they passed in the great door and up the aisles in the dim light, until at last the church was full. As the worshipper stood for a moment at the main entrance and looked up toward the sanctuary a striking sight met his eyes. The great altar, pure and chaste in its marble whiteness, typical of the resting place afforded the crucified Redeemer by Joseph of Arimethea, was wreathed in the choicest fern and shrub and flower, interspersed with innumerable wax tapers, which gave the whole a wealth of light and fragrance.

GLORIA IN EXCELSIS.

As priest and acolite, arrayed in the rich vestments indicative of the joyous season of the church entered the choir rendered the processional hymn, "Adeste Fideles" with feeling, the grand music echoing and re-echoing through the magnificent building with wonderful harmony. Rev. Father Hennessey was the celebrant of the mass, in "G" by Millard, whose compositions have become so popular in the American churches. "The Kyrie Eleison" by the choir and the orchestra, a swelling supplication for mercy, was a charming combination of voice and instrument, and a fitting appeal from sinners to precede the great hymn which was to follow, and in which the story of the night was told—"Gloria in Excelsis"—and whose sounds raised in Christian hearts the spirit of hope and triumph. "Qui Tollis," solo by Mrs. Dyckman, whose sweet soprano voice followed so soothingly upon the preceding hymn, was followed by the "Veni Creator Spiritus" rendered by the choir and orchestra, Miss DeGive, Mr. Stephen Ryan and Dr. Van Goidtsnoven. The Credo, the grand "I believe" of the Catholic church, was given by the choir and orchestra. Miss Cuckler's well trained and expressive rendition of "Et Incarnatus" met the highest expectations of musical critics. In the "Ave Maria," immediately following, an offertory piece adapted from Kreb by Professor E. Schneider, also afforded Miss Cuckler another triumph.

SANCTUS, SANCTUS, SANCTUS.

The most impressive scene of the night was the "Sanctus" which begins the communion service of the church. With the first sound of the sanctuary bell, the entire congregation, with faces bowed to the floor, listened to the great "hosanna" swelling up from human hearts and lips, whose refrain, caught up by angels, is a grand act of worship to the Creator. The "Benedictus," by Mozart, was rendered by the choir, as also the "Agnus Dei," and the "Adeste Fideles," in which the orchestra joined. The whole concluded with the "Marche Religeuse," by Gluck, rendered by the orchestra and organ, the latter under the admirable touch of Professor E. Schneider, to whom, as director of the musical programme, great credit is due.

THE MUSIC.

His work shows him to be an artiste of undoubted genius. The intonateing of the mass by Father Hennessey—his modesty must excuse the reference—surpassed any voice on a similar previous occasion in Atlanta. It is of surprising volume and melody, and coming from the heart, as it did, was solemnly, impressive. The full list of the choir and orchestra was as follows:

Violins—Mr A Wurm, Mr P DeGive, Miss Estora Stephens.
Flute—Mr Henry DeGive.
Clarionet—Mr Wedermeyer.
Cornet—Mr A Abbot.
Violoncello—Mr Bischoff.
Contra bass—Mr Wurm.

The choir is composed as follows:

Soprano—Miss Cuckler, Mrs Dyckman, Miss Luddy, Miss DeGive, Miss Connolly, Miss M Mahoney, Miss Eva Prather, Miss Ora Prather.

Altos—Mrs Beauman, Miss H Sheehan, Miss Constantine, Miss Fannie Johnson, Miss Sallie Johnson, Miss Fannie Whitaker.

Tenors—Dr E Van Goidtsnoven, Mr Charles Gailmard, Mr Herter, Mr Connolly, Mr James.

Basses—Mr Steve Ryan, Mr Henry Kuhrt, Mr Emile Gailmard, Mr P Lynch, Mr James Lynch, Mr E Horne, Mr P Clark.

THE SERMON BY REV. FATHER CLEARY.

Rev. Father Cleary took for his text the angelic salutation, "Glory to God in the highest, and on earth peace to men of good will." Never, said the speaker, can these words be more appropriately used than on the recurrence of this happy Christmas time. The first duty and conscience-guided prompting of man is to acknowledge a power above himself. This power, call it what you may, the supreme architect, ruler, creator, being, is God, and it is to God that all homage and glory and adoration must of necessity be paid by man the highest in order of the Heavenly Father's creation. Every creature is justly bound in duty to honor and serve its creator. From Him they receive their existence, their being, their entity. On Him they depend for their consolation. It is but the gratitude due of the child to the father and mother that cared for its infant wants. The thankfulness, not only of the man saved from death, but of the man who from a non-existing state has been called into the reality of belief. Hence, the seasons obediently revolve in their order, glorifying God who set the laws that govern them. The mineral world forms and changes and reforms its many elements, obediently to the laws set to govern it. The vegetable kingdom, and the kingdom of flowers glorify God with every opening bud and fragrant flower.

The birds sing carols of praises from sunrise to sunset in praise of their maker's name. The lower animal would mutely obey man as the master, the one appointed over them by God. So all creation owes its debt of gratitude to the creator. But to-day we celebrate a still higher praise and glory and obedience offered to God from this lowly sin-deformed earth. It is an infinite praise, an infinite obedience that is offered up in expiation of men's sins by the most high son of God to his eternal father. Let us rejoice that that praise has been offered, that that obedience has been given. It has been the price of our ransom from the slavery and subjection of our enemy the devil, and its fruits, my brethren, where are they? And "on earth peace to men of good will." Here is the fruit, my brethren, a peace that the sons of men had not known since the disobedience and fall of their first father, a peace dreamed of and looked for by ages of men, by grey-bearded patriarchs, and faithful peoples, a peace that nothing on earth could give, the peace of our Lord Jesus Christ which St. Paul says surpasses all understanding, and that peace includes all other gifts, pardoned grace, restoration to divine mercy and happiness, the right to claim heaven as our own as the reward of our struggling against sin and human misery.

The preacher concluded his sermon by analyzing this peace of the true Christian in all its phases, and described the men who enjoyed it—men of good will—and told what characteristics were required to be a man of good will. He congratulated his audience on living under the reign of such a King as Christ, the King of Peace.

"DOMINI NON SUM DIGNUM EST."

After the regular sacrifice of the mass had been completed, the devout members of the church remained to the special service of the holy eucharist. As the sanctuary rail was lined time and again with penitents who, having resolved to throw off the chains of sin and greet the Babe of Bethlehem with clean hearts, bowing their heads and stroking their breasts as they repeated the words suggested by the centurion: "Lord, I am not worthy that thou shouldst enter my roof, speak but the word and my soul shall be healed," the scene was one to be remembered. It proved that in an age of much skepticism there is also much faith. Masses will be celebrated again at nine and at ten o'clock this morning

At the Church of SS. Peter and Paul.

During all this time a no less devout congregation, with ceremonies equally as impressive, was assembled in the new Catholic church of SS. Peter and Paul, a congregation which has been built up by the tireless energy of Rev. P. H. McMahon. The church was tastefully decorated, the altar being especially beautiful. The choir was composed of Mrs. J. Daly, organist; sopranos, Miss Mary Fleck, Miss Emma Walters, Miss Lizzie Pinkney and Miss Mary Lambert; alto, Miss Maggie Savage; contralto, Mrs. J. Daly; tenor, Mr. J. Daly and Mrs. Robert J. McCrystal. The mass was rendered in a manner artistic and impressive. The members of the choir were in fine voice. Mrs. Daly at the organ made it swell with harmony; Miss Fleck's voice was noticeable for its richness and power; Miss Savage, and in fact each one of the ladies did well and elicited praise. The sermon by Father McMahon went to show that the advancement in science, art and government was but the reflex of Christianity; that even those modern philosophers who proclaim rebellion against dogmatic truth are yet acting under its traditions, and that as Christianity disappears anarchy grows apace.

St. Luke's Cathedral.

The usual Christmas services will be held at St. Luke's cathedral this morning at eleven o'clock, and will be conducted by Bishop Beckwith, assisted by Rev. W. C. Williams and Rev. C. M. Beckwith.

Bishop Beckwith will deliver one of his characteristic sermons for which he is so much admired, and will immediately afterwards administer the rite of confirmation.

There will probably be a large attendance, and the curators will be present to welcome all who come. A handsome little pamphlet of sixteen pages, containing the order of services for Christmas day has been printed for destribution. St. Luke's has been beautifully decorated for the occasion.

St. Philip's.

At St. Philip's Episcopal church this morning, at eleven o'clock, there will be a full service, and the selections of music to be rendered by the excellent choir will be very fine.

The programme of music is as follows:

Processional—And they were Shepherds, Williams; Venite, key of A, Dudley Buck; Gloria Patria, No. 1, Mosenthal; Gloria Patria, No. 2, Mercadante; Gloria Patria, No. 3, Mozart; Te Deum Laudamus, Wood; Jubilate Deo, Lloyd; 1st hymn, hymnal, Y—; responses to the commandments, Nares; Gloria Tibi, Beethoveu; 2d hymn, hymnal; Christmas anthem, Bethlehem; Bethlehem, Patterson; Trisagion, Taylor; communion hymn, hymnal; Gloria in Excelsis, old chant. The decorations of the church are elaborate and beautiful.

At Trinity Church.

The Christmas tree at Trinity church last night was a most enjoyable affair. The tree was planted in the basement and was exceedingly handsome as it bore its numerous gifts. A number of articles were sent to the church to be taken to the Orphan's home at Decatur to-day.

A Delightful Christmas Occasion.

Last night a most delightful meeting occurred at the Third Presbyterian church on Baker street. The church was filled to overflowing with bright eyed children and equally pleased children of older growths. Rev. N. Keff Smith opened the services and delivered an appropriate and beautiful address. After him followed Professor W. W. Lumpkin, who delighted everybody with one of his admirable and characteristic speeches. Captain R. L. Barry delivered the prizes in a most appropriate and well timed address. Captain Barry is well known as a most energetic, vigorous and successful Sunday-school man. A most pleasing feature of the occasion was the very pretty singing with which the exercises were interspersed. It is a matter worthy of note that in this Sunday-school more than thirty scholars have won and were awarded prizes for punctuality and good recitations, many of them having passed the entire year without missing a single Sunday at school. After the formal exercises a most bountiful repast was enjoyed by everybody.

Mission of the Redeemer.

There will be a very neat celebration of the nativity of Christ by the Little Mission Sunday school, at the corner of Walker and West Fair streets, on Wednesday night. The friends of the mission are invited to be present. The following is the programme:

1. Regular opening exercise.
2. Song—Carol Brothers, Carol.
3. A Christmas Sketch, from Charles Dickens, read by Miss Mamie White.
4. Carol—It came upon the midnight clear.
5. Address of welcome to the visitors and friends, by Superintendent Oldfield.
6. Carol—Oh, little town of Bethlehem.
7. Recitation by little Julia Oldfield, introducing Santa Claus.
8. Presentation of gifts, by Santa Claus.
9. Carol—Why shepherds watched their flocks by night.

Christmas Tree at the First Baptist.

A throng of happy children, and equally happy parents and friends, filled the basement of the First Baptist church last evening. The occasion was a Sabbath-school festival, in which a Christmas tree bore a prominent part. The exercises consisted of the distribution of Christmas cards to the children, singing and recitations. The entertainment was greatly enjoyed by all who had the good fortune to be present.

Bethany Mission Sabbath-School.

The Bethany Mission Sabbath-school at the Exposition cotton mills will have a Christmas tree and a concert. The entertainment will begin this afternoon at 2:30. The public invited.

THROUGH THE CITY.

A GLIMPSE OF CURRENT EVENTS IN ATLANTA.

The Day's Doings in Public Offices—The Record of the Courts, the Railroads and the Hotels—Real Estate Operations—Gossip of All Kinds—Items of General Interest, Etc.

A week hence, and then—1884.

Public offices of all sorts and sizes will be closed to-day.

The supreme court has adjourned until January 7th.

Yesterday Atlanta was visited by the most soaking rain of the season.

Some of the tin horns this season have voices of diabolical strength and vigor.

Amos Raymond was given a cell in the city prison yesterday upon the charge of larceny.

The electric light was turned on by the new company last night and attracted much attention.

There is much complaint on account of the lack of crossings where Belgian blocks have been put down on the streets.

Yesterday afternoon the thieves were out in full force and the toy and confectionery stores lost considerably. No heavy loss was reported.

The annual report of State-Treasurer Speer has been issued from the press. A summary of its contents has already been given by THE CONSTITUTION.

It is understood that Senator Brown has recently ordered for a new mine just opened a complete outfit of machinery from the Rand drill company.

The anniversary exercises of the W. C. T. U. at the first Methodist church last Sunday night, were well attended, and much interest was manifested in the occasion.

The money order business at the Atlanta postoffice, since Inspector Camp took charge, August 27th, aggregates, to December 22d, $1,031,964.18. Quite a snug sum.

O. P. Cornet, the mute murderer, and Mitchell, the Good Samaritan defaulting secretary, will be taken to the Marietta and North Georgia convict camps to-day.

Rev. N. Keff Smith, pastor of the third Presbyterian church, has received a call to do evangelistic work in the Augusta presbytery. He has not decided yet what he will do in reference to the matter.

Mr. John W. Ryckman, of the Industrial Review, is to locate in Atlanta and edit his paper from this point. He will also write a number of letters on the manufacturing interests and resources of the south.

Nathan Burke was given a preliminary trial before Judge Tanner. The warrant charged Burke with larceny, and the evidence was sufficient to warrant his confinement in the county jail in default of a $250 bond.

Hattie White was yesterday arrested upon a warrant charging her with the larceny of a pair of shoes from Harris's store on Pine street. In default of bond she was committed to jail to await the action of the grand jury.

Captain Virgil Boyd, the popular conductor on the Georgia road accommodation train, was yesterday presented with a handsome lantern by the passengers who have received his corteous treatment for some time past.

Yesterday the city paid to State Treasurer Speer $55,625, that amount being the appraised value of the old capitol buildings of the state at Milledgeville, for which the city agreed to pay as one of the considerations for the location of the capitol here.

Mr. Paul Jones was yesterday presented with a handsome double case gold watch. It was a gift from his nephews. Messrs. Warner, Sanders and Lawrence Jones, and cost $1,200. The inscription was appropriate. The watch strikes the hour, quarter, minute and second.

The following hours will be observed at the postoffice to-day. The delivery window will be open from 8 to 10 a.m. Registry department will be open from 9 to 10 a.m. The money order department will not be open at all. The stamp window will be open from 8 to 10 a.m.

Mr. P. Faulkner, a Hall county planter, was in the city yesterday searching for two mules which were stolen from his plantation near Polkville, on the night of the 22d instant. The mules were traced to Atlanta and a description of them have been left at police eadquarters.

Sunday night a thief entered Mr. J. O. Parish's residence, on Thompson street, and stole a trunk containing a quantity of clothing. The theft was discovered immediately after it was perpetrated and Policemen Bedford and Abbott soon succeeded in recovering the trunk but could not capture the thief.

Emma Maddox was yesterday seriously hurt by the explosion of a coal oil lamp. The woman lives on Fort street, and was trying to fill the lamp with oil while it was burning. The oil caught fire and before it could be extinguished the woman paid the penalty of her foolish act. Her arms, face and breast, were badly burned.

Mrs. Henry Baskett, a South Carolina lady, was robbed yesterday at the union passenger depot of a purse containing nearly $100. Mrs. Baskett came in on the Georgia road and went on the Western and Atlantic. The robbery was perpetrated while she was changing cars. Mrs. Baskett happily had only a part of her wealth in her purse.

Yesterday evening Henry Franks, a small negro boy, had his left eye destroyed by the discharge of a blank cartridge from a toy pistol. There was quite a crowd about the corner of Forsyth and Mitchell streets. A white boy, whose name could not be ascertained, was firing the pistol. The little negro came up in time to receive the discharge in his eye. The ball was broken. The white boy skipped as soon as he saw what harm he had done.

A CHRISTMAS GIFT.

Mayor Goodwin Orders the Release of the Minor Offenders in the City Stockade.

Ten years past it has been customary in Atlanta for the mayor to issue on Christmas Eve, a sweeping order releasing the prisoners confined in the city stockade so that they might enjoy that day. Yesterday evening Mayor Goodwin sent an official communication to Chief Connolly directing him to release all of the prisoners except five against whom there are now grave charges. The order granting the release was issued by Chief Connolly yesterday afternoon, and when the hour for suspending work arrived yesterday evening, the following persons were discharged: Emma Jones, who was sent up October 11, for ninety days, Sidney Freeman, December 10, twenty days; Laura Blake, December 14, twenty days; Lucy Matthews and A. J. Nichols, December 15, thirty days; Wm. Payne, December 17, eleven days; Alf. Jackson, December 19, twenty days; Jane Carter, December 18, thirty days; Savannah Georgia, December 18, twenty-one days; Maggie Lamar, December 17, twenty-one days; James Camp, December 20, twenty days; Charles Cooper, colored, November 29, forty days; Lucy Daniel and Jordan Jones, November 30, sixty days, and Marion Davis, December 15, twenty-one days.

Moser's Hill.

There is a movement on foot to place Mr. Moser's painting of Senator Hill in the Fulton county courtroom. The picture and $200 frame has been offered to the commissioners for one half of what the state paid for the successful picture in the recent competition. The picture would take away from the barrenness of the white walls and add greatly to the looks of the room, to say nothing of the well deserved compliment, the county would thus pay her greatest statesman and one of her rising artists.

Neuralgine is the only known specific for Neuralgia and Headache. Recommended only for these troubles. It always does all that is claimed for it, viz: cures Neuralgia and Headache. Sold by Hutchinson & Bro., 14 Whitehall street.

Those expecting to remove to Texas should see the advertisement in another column of W. P. Patillo, who advertises valuable land for sale at a bargain. tu

STILSON, JEWELER,
RELIABLE GOODS, FAIR DEALING AND BOTTOM PRICES,
58 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

M. RICH & BRO.
DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.
MATTINGS, RUGS AND OIL CLOTHS.
SHADES AND CURTAIN GOODS.
LEADERS IN NEW DESIGNS.
FRESH STOCK AND LOW PRICES.
Special attention paid to orders from abroad. All goods marked in plain selling figures We have but one price.
54 AND 56 WHITEHALL STREET..... ATLANTA, GA.

CHICAGO BEEF
On Saturday and Monday our display of Chicago
BEEF, MUTTON AND PORK
Will be a sight worth seeing at
135 WHITEHALL AND 69 1-2 PEACHTREE STREETS.
A. HAAS & BRO.

FIRE CRACKERS
At Wholesale at Frank E. Block's.
Open until 12 o clock to-day.

Interesting Occasion To-Night at the First Methodist Church.

There will be a most interesting Bible temperance service to-night at the First Methodist church. The pastor, Rev. Mr. Glenn, will preside; a history of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be given and an address will be delivered by Rev. W. A. Dodge. Appropriate music by the choir. All persons cordially invited.

Virginia, Tennessee & Georgia Railroad, office of Western Agent, Atlanta, Ga., July 18, 1883.—Messrs. Westmoreland Bros., Greenville, S. C.—Gentlemen: My father, who is in the eighty-second year of his age, has been materially strengthened and relieved from suffering by the use of one bottle of your Calisaya Tonic. Please forward to his address (Jonathan Welch, High Point, N. C.,) six bottles of the same and send bill for the amount to me.
Very respectfully, M. M. WELCH, West. Agt.
For sale by L. H. Bradfield and Walter Taylor. Trade supplid at wholesale by Howard & Candler.

Cured His Baby.

MINDEN, Rusk Co., Texas.

December 16, 1883.—My baby, six months old, broke out with some kind of blood humor or taint, and my family physician attended him until he was eleven months old, and gave up the case as incurable. I called in other doctors, but they would do nothing, as they said my child was certain to die. He was a mass of sores all over, and could not be touched. Everyone thought that the case was incurable and that it was only a question of time when death would end the little creature's suffering. My druggist advised me to use Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) as a last resort, and I did so. The result was almost a miracle.
The disease has all gone; his skin is clear and fresh, and he is as fat as a pig. He is now two years old; is well and strong, and eats all we will let him. Yours truly,
J. J. KIRKLAND.

To Druggists and Physicians.

In order to correct a possible misapprehension and prevent disaster and disappointment, we deem it necessary to caution druggists, physicians and the general public in regard to the various substitutes, imitations, non-secret nostrums, "succus alterans," etc., etc., with which the country is now being flooded. Many of them claiming similarity to Swift's Specific, and expecting to be sold and used for that reason. None of these things contain a single article of which Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) is made. Since it has been demonstrated beyond the shadow of a doubt, that Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) does permanently cure blood taint, blood poison, and all skin humors, it is quite in kekping with human nature, that these things should spring up, of course with the hope that a few dollars will thereby be put in the pockets of the proprietors. We desire to say that there is only one Swift's Specific (S. S. S.), and that there is nothing else in the world anything like it or that contains any of its curative powers. Send for copy of Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases, free. The Swift Specific Company, drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

Get your Oysters and Celery this morning at Emery's market.

FIRE CRACKERS
At wholesale at Frank E. Block's.
Open until 12 o'clock to-day.

A Noble Charity.

While partaking of the Christmas dinner let us seek to relieve the misery of earth's unfortunate ones. No better form to do this can be found than to support the world-famed Charity Hospital at New Orleans, La., and invest $5 or $1 in the 164th Grand Monthly Distribution of the Louisiana State Lottery, on the 15th of January, 1884, under the sole care and supervision of Generals G. T. Beauregard, of Louisiana, and Jubal A. Early, of Virginia, when over $265,000 will be scattered broadcast in sums of $75,000 down to $25. The full details of which can be had from M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La.

FIRE CRACKERS
At wholesale at Frank E. Block's.
Open until 12 o'clock to-day.

DRESSED HOGS
At Bottom Prices.
FINEST BEEF—Extra Fine for the Holidays.
FINEST MUTTON—
FINEST TURKEYS—Dressed.
ALL PORK SAUSAGES—
Backbones, Spareribs, &c., &c., at
CLEMMONS & KENNY'S.
108 Whitehall.

SHORT-HAND SCHOOL.
Commencing Thursday, January 3rd, 1884, I will open a night school for instruction in SHORT HAND WRITING. The school will be open on Monday and Thursday evenings of each week, from 7 p. m. to 10 p. m.
In addition thereto I will organize a day class for ladies on Monday, January 7th, 1884. Instruction given by mail also. For terms, etc., address A. C. BRISCOE,
12½ E. Alabama st., Atlanta, Ga.

ENGLISH
TRAINING SCHOOL.
THIS DEPARTMENT OF MOORE'S BUSINESS University, in charge of Prof. W. O. Sanders, will be open for the admission of students on Tuesday, January 1, 1884. Special and systematic training in the English branches only. Under our plan, students can accomplish more than it is possible for them to do in other schools of learning. The instruction in Penmanship which is given to all students without extra charge, will, of itself, be worth the cost of tuition. For terms, etc., apply at the University Building, Nos. 26 and 28 E. Alabama st., 3d floor. B. F. MOORE, President.

NOTICE TO DEBTORS AND CREDITORS—ALL creditors of the estate of Edwards Hicks, late of Fulton county, deceased, are hereby notified to render in their demands to the undersigned according to law, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immdiate payment.
December 19th, 1883. J. M. McGUIRK, Administrator.

ELEGANT BOOKS
AND
FANCY GOODS

Evangeline	by Darley
Scarlet Letter	by Darley
Poe's Raven	by Dore
Ancient Mariner	by Dore
Dante's Inferno	by Dore
Dante's Purgatory	by Dore
The Princess	by Tennyson
Lady of the Lake	by Scott
Sacred Allegories	by Adams
Herrick's Poems	by Abbey
Bryant's Poetry and Song.	
Harper's British and American Poetry.	
Longfellow's Poems	$2 00 to $5 00
Lucille, by Meredith	1 00 to 6 00
Dickens, 15 vols., in sets	very cheap
Scott, 12 vols, in sets	very cheap
Thackeray, 10 vols, in sets	very cheap
Knight's England, 8 vols	very cheap
Macauley's England, 6 vols	very cheap
Hume's England, 6 vols	very cheap
Gibbon's Rome, 6 vols	very cheap
Hallam's Works, 6 vols	very cheap
Moliere's Works, 3 vols	very cheap
Shakspeare, 6 vols	very cheap
Irving's Works, 4 vols	very cheap
Conquest of Peru, 2 vols	very cheap
Ferdinand and Isabella, 3 vols	very cheap
Bancroft's History U. S., 6 vols	very cheap

Miss Alcott's Works,
Christmas Cards in New Styles,
Prayer and Hymnal Sets,
Catholic Prayer Books.
Children's Books in great variety
And many other valuable and desirable Books.
Golden Floral Fringed and Illustrated Poems, Very handsome.
—ALSO,—
Photograph, Autograph and Scrap Albums, Writing Desks, Plush and Fancy Frames, Fancy, Plush and Leather Goods, Fancy Writing Paper, Corresponding Cards and Wedding Stock, Gold Pens and Pencils.
—ALSO,—
Chessmen, Dominoes, Games of Old Maid, and Popular Authors, A, B, C, Blocks, Cob House Blocks, Cris Cross, Chopped up Animals, Birds and Niggers,
All new and fresh, not picked over stock, but just in to day, and is offered at
ROCK BOTTOM PRICES
—BY—
THE ATLANTA BOOK STORE,
43 WHITEHALL ST.

ATTEND THE Commercial College
Of Kentucky University, LEXINGTON, KY.
TIME to complete the Full Diploma Business Course about 10 weeks. Total Cost, including Tuition, Books, Stationery, Board, &c., about $85. Telegraphy taught. Literary Course for one year, if desired, free. Nearly 600 students from 21 States last year. 5,000 successful graduates. Ten teachers employed. Students can begin at any time; no vacation. Next Session begins Jan. 8th, 1884. For full particulars, address
WILBUR R. SMITH, Lexington, Ky.

McCrenshaw,
DENTIST. 24½ WHITEHALL ST. ATLANTA, GA.
I devote myself to the finest possible operations on the teeth

PRINTING.
BEST WORK, QUICKEST TIME
LOWEST PRICES.
ESTIMATES FURNISHED
ON REQUEST.
THE
CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING CO.,
ATLANTA.

--OUR - PATRONS--
KNOW
But we desire all to understand that we
WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD
BY ANY CLOTHING HOUSE.
OUR RULE:
ONE PRICE,
AND THAT THE VERY LOWEST
—:o:—
SATISFACTION---
----GUARANTEED
OR MONEY REFUNDED.
When in the store ask the salesman to show you our suits. We are proud of our stock this season. Ask him to show you the lots we have reduced in price.
$25 SUITS REDUCED TO $20;——
——$20 TO $15; $12 TO $9.
OVERCOATS
—FOR—
MEN AND BOYS
OVERCOATS - REDUCED.
$30 TO $25, $25 TO $20, $20 TO $15.
Clothing sent out of the city on approval, and return express paid if not suited.
JAMES A. ANDERSON & Co.
41 WHITEHALL ST.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS
TAYLOR'S
DRUG STORE,
Cor. Marietta and Peachtree Sts.

IF YOU WANT
—A NICE—
CHRISTMAS
PRESENT
FOR YOUR WIFE, MOTHER,
HUSBAND or SWEETHEART
COME TO
MARK BERRY'S
And Get a Handsome Pair of
SLIPPERS
SHOES
—OR—
BOOTS!
NOTHING MORE APPROPRIATE,
NOTHING MORE USEFUL.
THE FINEST STOCK
—AND BEST—
PRICES
All the Latest Novelties in Fine Shoes for Ladies and Gentlemen.
MARK BERRY,
NO. 12 MARIETTA ST.



WE HAVE STILL A VERY LARGE STOCK
—OF—
CLOTHING
In all SIZES AND STYLES, and in order to reduce stock, have
MARKED DOWN PRICES
To suit the times. All those in want of an OVERCOAT, SUIT FOR MEN OR BOYS will do well to examine our stock and prices. A full line of
UNDERWEAR
at Low Figures. A call is respectfully solicited by
A. & S. ROSENFELD,
24 Whitehall, corner Alabama.

—AT—

M'BRIDE'S CHINA PALACE

HAMMERED BRASS LAMPS, ELEGANT CHINA, CUTLERY, CROCKERY, LAMPS, MIRRORS, CHANDELIERS, SPOONS, FORKS CASTORS, STATUARY, HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS, SETH THOMAS CLOCKS, SHOW CASES. LARGEST STOCK, FINEST GOODS, LOWEST PRICES IN THE SOUTH,

—AT—

M'BRIDE'S CHINA PALACE

SAVE MONEY

BY BUYING YOUR

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY

—OF—

A. F. PICKERT

No. 5 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.

The largest stock of the Finest Silver-plated Ware will be found at No. 5 Whitehall street. There all of the celebrated Meriden Britannia Company's make and guaranteed to give satisfaction for twenty years' wear. Do not fail to see these goods before buying. Remember the place.

A. F. PICKERT,
No. 5 Whitehall Street.

HAVILAND CO.,

—WHITE AND DECORATED—

--CHINA--

for the Holidays at New York Wholesale Prices, by

HENRY SELTZER.

Strictly Cash on Delivery.

COTTON AND WEATHER.

COTTON—Middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday at 5 13-16; New York at 10¾; in Atlanta at 9 11-16.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS U. S. A.
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, December 24, 10:30P.M.

All observations taken at the same moment of time at each place named.

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	WIND. Direction	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
Atlanta	30.06	56	55	S. W	Fresh	.32	Lt. rain.
Augusta	30.04	60	...	S.	.....	.30	Cloudy.
Galveston	30.03	65	60	N.	Fresh	.34	Cloudy.
Indianola	30.10	64	62	N.	Brisk	.00	Cloudy.
Key West	00-00	00	...	.....	.....	.00	.....
Mobile	30.03	64	62	S. E.	Light	.00	Cloudy.
Montgomery	30.00	62	61	S. E.	Light	.74	Lt. rain
New Orleans	30.03	68	61	N	Fresh	.01	Cloudy.
Pensacola	30.02	67	66	S. W.	Light	.00	Cloudy.
Palestine	30.14	50	38	N. W.	Light	.00	Clear.
Savannah	30.04	66	...	S. W.	Light	.00	Clear.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

Time of observation.							
7:31 a.m.	30.12	43	43	S E.	Fresh	.01	Lt. rain.
10:31 a.m.	30.11	53	53	S.	Fresh	.00	Lt. rain.
6:31 p.m.	30.37	57	57	N.	Fresh	.34	Lt rain.
10:31 p.m.	30.10	58	56	S. W.	Light	.00	Cloudy.
2:31 p.m.	30.06	56	55	S. W.	Fresh	.02	Lt. rain.

Mean daily bar.	30.067	Maximum ther.	64.0
" " ther.	52.0	Minimum "	39.0
" " hu'y	98.7	Total rainfall	.37.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS

PAINTED TO ORDER AT

LYCETT'S ART SCHOOL,

67 1-2 Whitehall Street.

Also ladies Taught to paint their own presents. Lessons in Oil, Water Color and China Painting. China fired and gilded for amateur.

WATCHES.

FOR HOLIDAY

PRESENTS

The most complete stock in the city.

J. P. STEVENS WATCH CO.,

34 WHITEHALL ST.

PERSONAL.

Mr. George C. Spann, of New York city, will spend the winter in Atlanta.

Dr. J. P. Huntly, dentist, 61 Wheat street.

Colonel Miller, auditor of West Virginia, passed through the city yesterday en route to Florida.

Mr. J. W. Bruce, of the Augusta Chronicle and Constitutionalist, is in the city.

At a regular convocation of Mount Zion Chapter No. 16 R. A. M., the following officers were elected for the ensuing Masonic year:

Dr. Charles J Wilson, M E High Priest; James A Gray, Ex King; M M Gardner, Ex Scribe; Ed L Voorhis, C H; A P Woodward, P S; J M Stevens, R C; J S A Allen, M 3d V; Joseph Frank, M 2d V; Zach Castleberry, M 1st V; J M Boring, Treasurer; Otto Spahr, Secretary; Jacob Morris, Sentinel.

After the election all companions present, by invitation of the officers, adjourned to Saul's for refreshments. OTTO SPAHR, Sec'y.

ATLANTA, December 24, '83.

Cased.

As the whistle of the Globe Planter manufacturing company on yesterday announced the close of the works for Christmas, Mr. W. H. Hackett, the efficient and gentlemanly superintendent, was suddenly called into the office and forced to listen to the following, from Mr. L. McMulland: Mr. Hackett—I have the pleasure of tendering to you, in the name of the men in your employ their compliments, and of presenting to you, as a Christmas present from them, this ebony gold-headed cane, which they trust you will accept as a token of their high esteem for you as a gentleman, and of their appreciation of you as superintendent of the Globe Planter works.

Feeling assured, sir, that I have spoken the sentiment of every man present, as well as those who are not present, I now present you this cane

As soon as Mr. Hackett could pick himself up and steady his shattered nerves a little, he said:

Mr. McMulland and Gentlemen: I thank you sincerely for this evidence of your kindly feeling for me personally, and I assure you that I shall strive even harder to merit your appreciation in the future. Let us all pull together in the promotion of the company we now represent, and victory is ours.

After this Mr. Hackett shouldered his cane and went in search of additional Christmas.

A Young Consul.

Mr. George B. Clark, who has been appointed consul at San Luis Potosi, Mexico, is a brother of Mr. Andrew Clark, of this city. He is a young man of talent, dash and energy and has made a good record in Mexico, where he has been for awhile. He will make a good officer. The Cincinnati Enquirer says:

"George B. Clark, who has been appointed consul at San Luis Potosi, Mexico, by the president, is a native of Kentucky. He was born at Falmouth, and educated at the university of Danville. He is twenty-three years old, and probably the youngest man who has been honored with a foreign appointment. He has many friends here, all of whom speak of him as an educated gentleman, and thoroughly capable of filling the position with credit to the government.

BLACK SILKS, COLORED SILKS, BLANKETS, TABLE LINENS, CLOAKS.

Remember, we have marked these goods at prices never before seen in Atlanta. We will continue the sale till first of January.

They are selling rapidly. Call and secure the benefit of this rare opportunity.

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.

CHRISTMAS GOODS.

DOBBS & BROTHER

—HAVE JUST RECEIVED THEIR FULL LINE OF—

CHRISTMAS AND HOLIDAY GOODS

That they are offering at very low prices. Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Chamber Sets, Silver Plated and Bronze goods. Childrens' Toy Sets, Vases, Lamps, Dog Elephants, and a thousand other things, including Majolica ware in endless variety and shapes. Call and see for yourselves.

DOBBS & BROTHER,

53 PEACHTREE STREET.

PRESENTS

—AT—

THE ART STORE.

28

WHITEHALL STREET.

The finest and cheapest line of Juvenile an

CHRISTMAS

cards in the city at

LYNCH & LESTER'S.

FINEST CHRISTMAS PRESENT

To your wife or children is a

PIANO.

CHICKERING & SONS, for KRANICH & BACH, Upright or Square, or R. M. BENT & CO., or GUILD, Upright or Square,

ORGAN.

WILCOX & WHITE, SMITH AMERICAN, or STERLING & CO. BEST IN THE WORLD.

Don't fail to secure a bargain and best in the market, cash or time, from

F. L. FREYER,

27 WHITEHALL ST.

DOHME AND DUFFY

have just received the following goods: 2 boxes leghorn citron, 25 boxes lemon peel, 25 boxes orange peel, 75 boxes seedless raisins, 50 boxes valencia raisins, 100 boxes london layers, 300 quarter boxes london layers, 25 boxes of dehesa raisins, 25 barrels prunes, 10 mats dates, 50 boxes layer figs, 1000 cocoanuts, 50 boxes sweet oranges, 35 boxes lemons, 100 five pound buckets apple butter, 200 buckets fruit butter, 200 buckets all kinds of Jellies, preserves, and jams, 25 barrels of apples, 25 barrels of almonds, english walnuts, brazil nuts, and filberts, 15 barrels ol cranberries, fresh Norfolk plant oysters received daily, 50 dozen celery, 300 boxes plum pudding, 100 pine apple, cheese, 150 edam cheese, neufchatelle cheese, swiss cheese, sapsago cheese, parmisan cheese, French cream cheese, young America cheese and New York state cheese—500 jars preserved ginger, 100 boxes sugar cured dried ginger, 75 buckets of pickles, chowchow, mixed and plain pickles, 100 kinds of cakes and crackers, 10 barrels English currants, 25 barrels Malaga grapes, 500 cans asparagus, 10,000 cans peaches, tomatoes, corn, peas, Lima beans, succatosh, rhubarb, pumpkins, okra and tomatoes, pears, quinces, egg plants, green guages, okra gooseberries, huckleberry, raspberries, strawberries, grapes, cherries, pine apples, findon haddis, blue fish, salmon, lobsters, mackerel, clams, clam chowder, Lea & Perrin's sauce, Prince Albert sauce, salad dressing, mushroom catsup, walnut catsup, tomato sauce, spiced olive oil, Cross & & ce Blackwell's pickles and celery sauce, 25 cans Yarmouth bloaters, potluck mackerel, brook trout, boneless sardines, fresh broiled mackerel, 15 barrels of buckwheat, 25 boxes of self-raising buckwheat and flour, 10 barrels oat meal, 25 cases steam cooked oat meal and crushed wheat, farina and barley in great variety, 100 bushels Jersey yam sweet potatoes, 50 barrels early rose potatoes, 25 cases French mushrooms, peas, beans and macadones, 15 cases imperial granium sea moss farina, manioca, health food and Senegal coffee, 10 barrels Saratoga chips, 20 cases mock turtle soup, green turtle soup, chicken, beef and vegetable soup, and dried vegetables for soups, 20 cases of pure and unadulterated honey bought from Judge Cunningham, 25 cases of devilled crab, tamarinds, Russian cavia. Our goods are all new and fresh and we most respectfully request the people of Atlanta to give us a call if you want fine goods. We likewise call your attention to our extra fine flour, of which we have sold 100 barrels in the last two weeks and we will have another car in, in a few days.

DOHME & DUFFY,
88 Whitehall street.

The J. M. Brunswick and Balk Company.

In a recent issue of THE CONSTITUTION a notice was made of the branch lately established in Atlanta by the J. M. Brunswick and Balk company, in which the name of the general manager, Mr. Henry Bleidorn, was misspelled. The action of the company in placing an agency in this city, was a stroke of enterprise which shows how Atlanta is appreciated abroad, and under the management of Mr. Bleidorn, the business is being pushed ahead in a rapid manner. Already orders are coming in from all parts of the state for billiard table parts, and the company is doing a large amount of repairing. They have one of their fine tables erected in the warerooms at 22 Decatur street.

The Kimball House Fence.

The fence enclosing the new Kimball house is now completed, and the work of placing the cards of prominent business houses of the city is in progress. Messrs. R. C. Bosche & Co., the well known sign writers, have the matter in hand, and will make it one of the most attractive features of the year. A large amount of space has been taken, and orders are coming in rapidly. Those who want to be represented should not longer delay sending in their orders.

10,000 Beautiful Silk Handkerchiefs just opened, at JOHN KEELY'S.

300 Beautiful Hats and Caps for Children just opened, at JOHN KEELY'S.

100 Silk Cloaks---extra fine---half price, at JOHN KEELY'S.

Thousands of new Fancy Goods just opened, at JOHN KEELY'S.

HIRSCH BROS

OUR STOCK IS NOW FULL AND COMPLETE

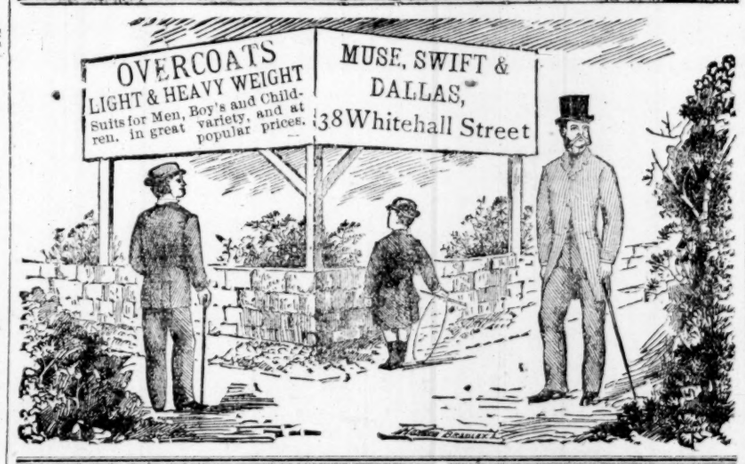
BUSINESS AND DRESS SUITS AND OVERCOATS

EQUAL TO CUSTOM-MADE GOODS AND AT

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES

HIRSCH BROS.

42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA



EAST TENNESSEE, VIRGINIA & GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GEORGIA DIVISION.

THE NEW SHORT LINE.

CHATTANOOGA TO ATLANTA, ATLANTA TO MACON, ROME TO ATLANTA,

—AND—

THE SHORTEST OF ALL ROUTES

CHATTANOOGA AND THE WEST TO FLORIDA AND THE SOUTHEAST.

ONLY LINE RUNNING PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS DAILY

BETWEEN ATLANTA AND FLORIDA,

The Year Round Without Change and Without Delay.

The only line Running Through Passenger Coaches between

CHATTANOOGA AND JACKSONVILLE, FLA. WITHOUT CHANGE AND WITHOUT EXTRA FARES.

Condensed Local Passenger Schedule (on basis Central Division time, by which all trains are run.) In effect November 18, 1883.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	Train No. 53	Train No. 51
Leave Cleveland	8 00 am	2 35 pm
Leave CHATTANOOGA	8:20 am	.....
" Ooltewah	8:53 am	.....
" Cohutta	9 25 am	3 15 pm
Arrive DALTON	9 55 am	3 55 pm
Leave	9 55 am	.....
Arrive East Rome	.....	.....
" Rome	11 17 am	6 00 pm
Leave East Rome	11 25 am	6 10 pm
" Rockmart	12 19 pm	7 13 pm
" Dallas	1 02 pm	8 15 pm
Arrive ATLANTA	2 30 pm	9 45 pm
Leave ATLANTA	3 15 pm	1:35 am
" McDonough	4 45 pm	3:45 am
" Jackson	5 28 pm	4:50 am
" Indian Springs	5 42 pm	5 15 am
Arrive MACON	7 21 pm	8 00 am
Leave	7 55 pm	9 05 am
" Cochran	9 35 pm	11 05 am
" Eastman	10 25 pm	12 20 pm
Arrive JESUP	2 30 am	5 20 pm
Leave	3 30 am	.....
" Sterling	5 00 am	.....
" BRUNSWICK	5 45 am	.....

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	Train No 54	Train No 52
Leave BRUNSWICK	8:20 pm	.....
" Sterling	9:10 pm	.....
Arrive JESUP	11:00 pm	.....
Leave	11 45 pm	6:55 am
" Eastman	4:10 am	12:20 pm
" Cochran	5:05 am	1:20 pm
Arrive MACON	7:00 am	3:30 pm
Leave	8:15 am	4:40 pm
" Indian Spring	9:55 am	7:33 pm
" Jackson	10:08 am	7:53 pm
" McDonough	10:53 am	9 05 pm
Arrive ATLANTA	12:30 pm	11:30 pm
Leave ATLANTA	1:55 pm	12 30 am
" Dallas	3:19 pm	3 35 am
" Rockmart	4:08 pm	5 25 am
Arrive East Rome	5:10 pm	7 30 am
Leave Rome	5:20 pm	8:35 am
Arrive Dalton	6:34 pm	11:20 am
Cohutta	7:23 pm	12:20 pm
" Ooltewah	8 10 pm	.....
Arriv CHATTANOOGA	8 50 pm	.....
Arrive Cleveland	8:10 pm	1:10 pm

Connections—Trains Nos 53 and 54 connect at Chattanooga with Memphis and Charleston Division, E T & G R R.

Trains Nos 51 and 52 connect at Cohutta and Cleveland with main line East Tenn, Va & Ga R R; and connect at Rome with Alabama Division E T V & Ga R R.

Trains Nos 51, 52, 53 and 54 connect at Atlanta and Macon with all diverging roads, and connect at Jesup with S. F & W Ry for Florida.

All trains run daily.

Trains to and from Hawkinsville connect at Cochran. J E MALLORY.

Superintendent Brunswick Division, Macon.

J W FRY,
Superintendent Atlanta Division, Atlanta, Ga.

J J GRIFFIN, A G P A, Atlanta. A POPE, Gen'l Pass Agent.

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY

THE SPOT CASH HOUSE,

THE RUN CONTINUES ON

BLANKETS AND

We are determined TO KEEP PRICES DOWN until this Stock is closed out.

The Biggest Drive in a Man's Undershirt.

Ever shown in this country is to be seen on our counters.

JOHN KEELY'S

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

A handsome Black Cashmere at 50 cents yard, worth 65c.

USEFUL PRESENTS.

A nice Black Silk Dress Pattern for $12.75.

SENSIBLE PRESENTS.

A beautiful Black Silk Dress Pattern for $15, worth $20 anywhere

ACCEPTABLE PRESENTS

One fine Black Silk Dress Pattern for $18.75, well worth $25.

DURABLE PRESENTS

Fine Cloaks Half Price!
Plush Cloaks Half Price!
Plush Jackets Half Price!
Silk Cloaks Half Price!

LISTEN TO REASON!

BLANKETS. BLANKETS.

BLANKETS

Reduced to STILL LOWER PRICES to close them out.

THESE ARE PRESENTS WHICH MEAN SOMETHING!

Lace Scarfs, Fischus and Ties.
Lace and Linen Handkerchiefs.
An immense line of Silk Handkerchiefs.

10.000

Silk Handkerchiefs

The Largest Variety in the South.

JUST OPENED.

Beautiful Hose and Gloves. Superb line of Gents' Neck Ties, at

JOHN KEELY'S

TO COMPARE OUR PRICES IS WHAT WE ASK

We are going to give the people the advantage of extreme low prices if they need goods. Our motto is to put the prices down while people want the goods.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS, BLACK CASHMERES, AND LADIES' AND MISSES' CLOAKS

We are offering special inducements in Ladies' Collars, and we are

THE SPOT CASH HOUSE,

DAVID H. DOUGHERTY



HOLIDAY GOODS

—AT—

A. O. M. GAY'S.

MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS'

BUSINESS SUITS,

DRESS SUITS, OVERCOATS, FUR HATS, SILK HATS, KID GLOVES, GLOVES OF ALL KINDS, PLAIN AND FANCY HALF HOSE, SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, FANCY BORDERED LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, SILK SCARFS, SILK TIES.

SHIRTS, COLLARS, CUFFS, ETC.

Among these will be found presents, both useful and ornamental. Just received an immense stock of beautiful

SCARFS AND TIES.

A. O. M. GAY

37 Peachtree Street.

WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF PURE COD LIVER OIL AND LIME.

To the Consumptive—Let those who languish under the fatal severity of our climate through any pulmonary complaint, or even those who are in decided Consumption, by no means despair. There is a safe and sure remedy at hand, and one easily tried. "Wilbor's Compound of Cod-Liver Oil and Lime," without possessing the very nauseating flavor of the Oil as heretofor used, is endowed by the Phosphate of Lime with a healing property which renders the Oil doubly efficacious. Remarkable testimonials of its efficacy can be shown. Sold by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston, and all druggists.

NEW GAZETTEER OF GEORGIA,

CONTAINING 1,300 PAGES. THE BEST WORK of the kind in the U. S. For sale by JUDSON & DUNLOP, 13 and 15 E. Hunter st.

we fri su